ACADEMIC REGULATIONS (R – 17) COURSE STRUCTURE AND DETAILED SYLLABI

FOR

B. Tech Regular Four Year Degree Courses

(For the Batches Admitted From 2017-2018)

&

B. Tech (Lateral Entry Scheme)

(For the Batches Admitted From 2018-2019)

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING



SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS)

(Affiliated to JNTUA, Ananthapuramu, Approved by AICTE, New Delhi) R.V.S. NAGAR, CHITTOOR- 517 127 (AP)

FOREWORD

The autonomy is conferred on Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and technology by JNT University, Anantapur based on its performance as well as future commitment and competency to impart quality education. It is a mark of its ability to function independently in accordance with the set norms of the monitoring bodies like UGC and AICTE. It reflects the confidence of the affiliating University in the autonomous institution to uphold and maintain standards it expects to deliver on its own behalf and thus awards degrees onbehalf of the college. Thus, an autonomous institution is given the freedom to have its own curriculum, examination system and monitoring mechanism, independent of the affiliating University but under its observance.

Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology is proud to win the confidence of all the above bodies monitoring the quality in education and has gladly accepted the responsibility of sustaining, the standards and ethics for which it has been striving for more than a decade in reaching its present standing in the arena of contemporary technical education. As a follow up, statutory bodies like Academic Council and Boards of Studies are constituted with the guidance of the Governing Body of the College and recommendations of the JNTUA, Anantapur to frame the regulations, course structure and syllabi under autonomous status.

The autonomous regulations, course structure and syllabi have been prepared after prolonged and detailed interaction with several expertise solicited from academics, industry and research, to produce quality engineering graduates to the society.

All the faculty, parents and students are requested to go through all the rules and regulations carefully. Any clarifications needed are to be sought at appropriate time and with principal of the college, without presumptions, to avoid unwanted subsequent inconveniences and embarrassments. The cooperation of all the stake holders is sought for the successful implementation of the autonomous system in the larger interests of the college and brighter prospects of engineering graduates.

Principal

Vision and Mission of the Institute

Vision

Carving the youth as dynamic, competent, valued and knowledgeable professionals who shall lead the Nation to a better future.

Mission

- Providing quality education, student-centered teaching-learning processes and state-of-art infrastructure for professional aspirants hailing from both rural and urban areas.
- Imparting technical and management education to encourage independent thinking, develop strong domain of knowledge, own contemporary skills and positive attitudes towards holistic growth of young minds.
- Evolving Institution into a Center of Excellence and Research.

Quality Policy

Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology strides towards excellence by adopting a system of qualitative policies and processes with continued improvements to enhance students' skills and talents for their exemplary contribution to the society, the nation and the world.

(Autonomous)

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(Affiliated to J.N.T. University Anantapur, Ananthapuramu).

ACADEMIC REGULATIONS

B.Tech. Regular Four Year Degree Program

(For the batches admitted from the academic year 2017-18)

and

B.Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme)

(For the batches admitted from the academic year 2018-19)

- Applicability : All the rules specified herein, approved by the Academic Council, will be in force and applicable to students admitted from the academic year 2017-2018 onwards. Any reference to "College" in these rules and regulations stands for Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology (Autonomous).
- 2. Extent : All the rules and regulations, specified herein after shall be read as a whole for the purpose of interpretation and as and when a doubt arises, the interpretation of the Chairman, Academic Council is final. As per the requirements of statutory bodies, Principal, Sri Venkateswara College of Engineering and Technology (A) shall be the Chairman of the Academic Council.
- 3. Admission

3.1 Admission in to first year of Four Year B.Tech., Degree Program of study in Engineering :

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- 3.1.1 Eligibility
- : A candidate seeking admission into the first year of four year B.Tech., Degree Program should have

Passed either Intermediate Public Examination conducted by the Board of Intermediate Education, Government of Andhra Pradesh with Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry as optional subjects (or any equivalent examination recognized by the Board of Intermediate Education and JNTU Anantapur) or Diploma in Engineering in the relevant branch conducted by the Board of Technical Education, Andhra Pradesh (or equivalent Diploma recognized by State Board of Technical Education, Government of Andhra Pradesh and JNTU Anantapur) for admission.

3.1.2 Admission Procedure : As per the existing stipulations of A.P State Council

of Higher Education (APSCHE), Government of Andhra Pradesh, admissions are made into the first year of four year B.Tech., Degree Program as follows:

Seats under various categories are filled as per the norms prescribed by the Government of Andhra Pradesh.

3.2 Admission into the second year of four Year B.Tech., Degree Program in Engineering:

3.2.1	Eligibility	: Candidates qualified in ECET (FDH) and / or
		admitted by the Convener, ECET (FDH).

In all such cases for admission, when needed, Permissions from the statutory bodies are to be obtained.

3.2.2	Admission Procedure	:	Lateral Entry seats are filled as per the norms
			prescribed by the Government of Andhra Pradesh
			from time to time.

4. Programs of study offered leading to the award of B.Tech degree

- 1. B.Tech (Civil Engineering)
- 2. B.Tech (Electrical and Electronics Engineering)
- 3. B.Tech (Mechanical Engineering)
- 4. B.Tech (Electronics and Communication Engineering)
- 5. B.Tech (Computer Science and Engineering)
- 6. B.Tech (Information Technology)
- 7. B.Tech (Automobile Engineering)
- 8. B.Tech (Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering)
- 9. B.Tech (Electronics Engineering)
- 10. B.Tech (Computer Science and Systems Engineering)

5. Choice Based Credit System

The Indian Higher Education Institutions (HEI"s) are changing from the conventional course structure to Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) along with introduction to semester system at first year itself. The semester system helps in accelerating the teaching-learning process and enables vertical and horizontal mobility in learning.

The credit based semester system provides flexibility in designing curriculum and assigning credits based on the course content and hours of teaching. The choice based credit system provides a "cafeteria" type approach in which the students can take courses of their choice, learn at their own pace, undergo additional courses and adopt an interdisciplinary approach to learning.

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) is a flexible system of learning and provides choice for students to select from the prescribed elective courses. A course defines learning objectives and learning outcomes and comprises of lectures / tutorials / laboratory work / field work / project work / comprehensive Examination / seminars / presentations / selfstudy etc. or a combination of some of these.

Under the CBCS, the requirement for awarding a degree is prescribed in terms of number of credits to be completed by the students.

The CBCS permits students to:

- 1. Choose electives from a wide range of elective courses offered by the departments.
- 2. Undergo additional courses of interest.
- 3. Adopt an interdisciplinary approach in learning.
- 4. Make the best use of expertise of the available faculty.

6. Medium of instruction

The medium of instruction shall be English for all courses, examinations, seminar presentations and project work. The curriculum will comprise courses of study as given in course structure, in accordance with the prescribed syllabi.

7. Types of Courses

Courses in a programme may be of six kinds: Foundation, Skill, Core, Elective, Audit and Mandatory.

7.1 Foundation / Skill Course:

Foundation courses are the courses based upon the content leads to enhancement of skill and knowledge as well as value based and are aimed at man making education. Skill subjects are those areas in which one needs to develop a set of skills to learn anything at all. They are fundamental to learning any subject.

7.2 Core Course:

There may be a core course in every semester. This is the course which is to be compulsorily studied by a student as a core requirement to complete the requirement of a programme in a said discipline of study.

7.3 Elective Course:

Electives provide breadth of experience in respective branch and applications areas. Elective course is a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses. It may be:

- Supportive to the discipline of study
- Providing an expanded scope
- Enabling an exposure to some other discipline / domain
- Nurturing student"s proficiency / skill.

An elective may be discipline centric (Professional Elective) focusing on those courses which add generic proficiency to the students or may be chosen from an interdisciplinary area called as "Open Elective".

There are four professional elective groups. Students can choose not more than one elective from each of the four groups. Also there are two open elective groups, students can choose not more than one elective from each of the two groups.

8. Academic Year

8.1 Course Duration

- 8.1.1 Course duration for B. Tech program of study is 4 years and the maximum duration to complete the program is 8 years excluding the gap year.
- 8.1.2 For lateral entry students the course duration is 3 years and the maximum duration to

complete the program is 6 years excluding the gap year.

- **8.2** Each academic year is divided into two semesters and each semester shall have a minimum of 90 working days.
- **8.3** Students admitted on transfer from JNTU affiliated institutes, Universities and other institutes in the subjects in which they are required to earn credits so as to be on par with regular students as prescribed by concerned "Board of Studies".

9. Unique course identification code

Every course of the B. Tech program will be placed in one of the eleven groups of courses as listed in the table 1. The various courses and their two-letter codes are given below.

S.No.	Branch	Code
1	Civil Engineering	CE
2	Electrical and Electronics Engineering	EE
3	Mechanical Engineering	ME

Table 1: Group of Courses

4	Electronics and Communication Engineering	EC
5	Computer Science and Engineering	CS
6	Information Technology	IT
7	Automobile Engineering	AT
8	Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering	ET
9	Electronics Engineering	EL
10	Computer Science and Systems Engineering	СТ
11	Humanities and Basic Sciences	HS
12	МВА	MB
13	MCA	MC

10. Curriculum and course structure

The curriculum shall comprise Foundation / Skill Courses, Core Courses, Elective Courses, Laboratory Courses, Audit Courses, Mandatory Courses, Comprehensive Examination, Mini Project, Internship and Project work. The list of elective courses may include subjects from allied disciplines also.

Contact Periods: Depending on the complexity and volume of the course, the number of contact hours per week will be assigned. Each Theory and Laboratory course carries credits based on the number of hours / week as follows.

- **Contact classes (Theory):** 1 credit per lecture hour per week.
- Laboratory Hours (Practical): 1 credit for 2 Practical hours, per week.
- **Project Work:** 1 credit for 2 hours of project work per week.
- Mini Project: 1 credit for 2 hours per week.

10.1 Course Structure

Every program of study shall be designed to have 38-42 theory courses and 20-26 laboratory courses. Every course of the B.Tech program will be placed in one of the eight categories with average credits as listed in the Table 2. In this, a student has to carry out a mini project, project work and comprehensive Examination also.

S.No.	Category	Subject Area and % of Credits	Average No. of Credits
1	Humanities and Social Sciences (HS), including Management.	HS (05% to 10%)	9
2	Basic Sciences (BS) including Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry.	BS (15% to 20%)	23
3	Engineering Sciences (ES),	ES (15% to 20%)	34

Table 2: Category-wise Distribution of Credits

	including Workshop, Drawing,		
	Basics of Electrical / Electronics /		
	Mechanical / Computer Engineering.		
	Professional Subjects-Core (PC),		
4	relevant to the chosen	PC (30% to 40%)	70
	specialization / branch.		
	Professional Subjects-Electives		
5	(PE), relevant to the chosen	PE (10% to 15%)	12
	specialization / branch.		
	Open Subjects-Electives (OE), from		
6	other technical and / or emerging	OE (05% to 10%)	6
	subject area.		
	Project Work or Full Semester		
7	Internship, Mini Project,	10% to 15%	22
	Comprehensive Examination.		
8	Mandatory Courses / Audit Courses.	MC / AC	-
	TOTAL		176

11. Evaluation Methodology

11.1 Theory course:

Each theory course will be evaluated for a total of 100 Marks, with 40 Marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 Marks for Semester End Examination (SEE).

11.2 Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA)

The distribution of marks for Continuous Internal Assessment is as follows:

Two Sessional Examinations : 25 Marks

2 Assignments	: 10 Marks
ZASSIGNMENTS	40 Marks

11.3 Question Paper Pattern for Sessional Examinations

11.3.1 Each sessional exam question paper consists of two parts, namely Part A and Part B. Part A is compulsory which carries 10 marks and consists of five short answer type questions with each carrying 2 marks. In Part B, 4 questions with each carrying 5 marks may be given and the student is expected to answer any three of the four questions. The questions may be set as per Bloom"s Taxonomy. Time duration for each sessional exam is 2 hours. Internal marks for sessional examinations shall be arrived at by considering the marks secured by the student in both the sessional examinations with 80% weightage to the better sessional exam and 20% to the other. However if any of the students is absent for both the sessional exams, he may be permitted to appear for one make up examination after second sessional examination with valid medical / emergency grounds. Internal marks for sessional examinations shall be arrived as per the Weightage given above.

- 11.3.2 Two Quiz examinations, along with sessional examinations for 20 minute duration and for 10 marks shall be conducted. Each Quiz exam consists of 20 multiple choice questions and are to be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of 4 choices. Marks for the Quiz exams shall be awarded by considering the average of the two Quiz exams conducted.
- 11.3.3 Two Assignments, each one for 5 marks shall be given to the students one before the first sessional exam and the other before the second sessional exam. Internal marks for the assignments shall be awarded by considering the average of the two assignments.

11.4 Semester End Examination (SEE)

The SEE is conducted for 60 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory course is divided into FIVE units. SEE Question Paper consists of two parts, Part A and Part B. Part A consists of 5 short answer type questions, each carries 2 marks for a total of 10 marks with no choice.

Part B Consists of 5 questions with one question from each of the 5 units with internal choice with 10 marks for each question.

The emphasis on the questions is broadly based on objective skill, analytical skill and application skill following the outcome based education.

11.5 Laboratory Course

Each Laboratory Course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40marks of CIA, continuous lab assessment (SEE) for day to day performance will be done for 20 marks, final internal lab examination carries 15 marks and Viva-Voce carries 5 marks. The semester end lab examination for 60 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being internal examiner (subject teacher) and the other being external examiner (other than the teacher handled) to be nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts as recommended by the Chairman, BOS. The scheme of valuation for the 60 Marks will be informed to the students in advance by the concerned Chairman, BOS and displayed in the laboratory during the beginning of the semester.

11.6. Drawing Courses:

All the **drawing** related courses are evaluated in line with laboratory courses. The distribution shall be 40 marks for internal evaluation (20 marks for day to day work and 20 marks for final internal test) and 60 marks for semester end examinations.

• Question paper pattern for drawing courses will be followed as mentioned in the syllabus.

The following courses are considered as theory subjects, but for all practical purposes examination will be conducted like practical.

- i. Computer Aided Engineering Drawing
- ii. Production Drawing Practice & Machine Drawing

11.7 Mandatory courses (Other than MOOCs)

Mandatory courses will not carry any credits; but, a pass in each such course after attaining required CIE and SEE requirements during the programme shall be necessary requirement for student to qualify for the award of Degree. Its result shall be declared with "satisfactory" (Pass) or Not Satisfactory (Fail) performance.

11.8 Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs):

The college in line with the developments in Learning Management Systems (LMS) intends to encourage the students to do online courses in MOOCs, offered internationally. The main intention to introduce MOOCs is to obtain enough exposure through online tutorials, self-learning at one"s own pace, attempt quizzes, discuss with professors from various universities and finally to obtain certificate of completion of the course from the MOOCs providers.

Regulations for MOOCs:

- 11.8.1 MOOC courses are offered as Mandatory courses. Each student has to do 3 MOOC Courses.
- 11.8.2 Institution intends to encourage the students to do one MOOC in each semester, from III year I Semester to IV year I Semester of the B.Tech. Programme
- 11.8.3 The respective departments shall give a list of standard MOOCs providers among edx, Udacity, Coursera, NPTEL or any other standard providers, whose credentials are endorsed by the HOD.
- 11.8.4 The HOD shall appoint Coordinators / Mentors and allot the students to them who shall be responsible to guide students in selecting online courses and provide guidance for the registration, progress and completion of the same.
- 11.8.5 A student shall choose an online course (relevant to his / her programme of study in the concerned semester) from the given list of MOOCs providers, as endorsed by the teacher concerned, with the approval of the HOD.

- 11.8.6 HOD & Coordinator must review the progress of the conduct of these courses once in a fortnight and advise the students accordingly.
- 11.8.7 In case a student fails to complete the MOOCs he / she shall re-register for the same with any of the providers from the list provided by the department.
- 11.8.8 In case any provider discontinues to offer the course, Institution shall allow the student to opt for any other provider from the list provided by the department, for completion of the MOOC course.
- 11.8.9 The details of MOOC(s) shall be displayed in Grade card of a student, provided he / she submits the proof of completion of it or them to the department concerned through the Coordinator / Mentor, before the end of the concerned semester.HOD has to forward the same to the Exam cell with his attestation.
- 11.8.10 The Provisional Degree Certificate and / or consolidated grade sheet shall be issued only to those students, who have submitted proof of completion of MOOC(S), for the courses they have registered with to the Examination cell through the HOD concerned.
- 11.8.11 The result of all the three MOOC courses will be reflected in the corresponding semester Grade Sheet.
- **11.9 EPIC Courses:** EPIC (Engineering Projects in Community Development) courses are introduced and offered as Mandatory courses, one in the II B. Tech I semester and another in the II B. Tech II semester.

Guidelines for awarding CIE & SEE marks for the EPIC courses:

CIE: For awarding CIE marks (maximum 40) there shall be two assessment with each Assessment carries 20 marks.

I Assessment: Report writing & Presentation-I which carries 20 marks conducted after completion of I & II units.

II Assessment: Report writing & Presentation-II which carries 20 marks conducted after completion of the last three units.

Marks obtained in the two assessments will be added to award CIE marks for 40.

However if any of the students is absent for both the assessments, he/she may be permitted to appear for one make up assessment conducted after second assessment on valid medical / emergency grounds.

SEE: For awarding SEE marks (maximum 60) student need to submit a detailed project and give a presentation on the date specified by the department. The work done, execution and presentation by the student will be evaluated for 60 marks by two examiners, one of them being internal examiner (subject teacher) and the other being

external examiner (other than the teacher concerned) to be nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts as recommended by the chairman BOS.

One who fails to secure minimum pass marks in CIE & SEE put together has to reappear for SEE examination as and when it is conducted and to get pass marks in CIE & SEE put together so as to qualify for the award of B.Tech degree.

Attendance is mandatory for these courses.

11.10 Audit Courses

Students to be able to register for courses outside the prescribed range of Credits for audit only, when interested to supplement their knowledge / skills; any student who wishes to pursue audit course can register for the same with the concerned teacher and attend to the classes regularly. No examination will be conducted, no grade will be given for the audit courses. However such of those students who have registered and got the requisite attendance of 75% in the audit course, it will be mentioned in their grade sheet.

11.11 Comprehensive Online Examination

There shall be two comprehensive online examinations, one at the end of the III year I sem and the other at the end of III year – II sem, with 50 objective questions for 100 marks on the subjects studied in the respective semesters. A student shall acquire half credit assigned to the comprehensive online examination only when he secures 40% or more marks. In case, if a student fails in comprehensive online examination, he shall reappear/re-register by following a similar procedure adopted for the lab examinations.

11.12 Comprehensive Viva-Voce

There shall be a Comprehensive Viva-Voce in IV year – II sem for 2 credits. The Comprehensive Viva-Voce will be conducted by the committee consisting of Head of the Department and two senior faculty members of the department nominated by the Principal as recommended by the chairman, BOS. The Comprehensive Viva – Voce is aimed to assess the students understanding in various subjects he studies during the B. Tech course of study. The Comprehensive Viva – Voce shall be evaluated for 100 marks by the committee. There are no internal marks for the Comprehensive Viva – Voce. A student shall acquire 2 credits assigned to the Comprehensive Viva – Voce only when he secures 40% or more marks. In case, if a student fails in Comprehensive Viva – voce, he shall reappear as and when IV/II supplementary examinations are conducted.

11.13 Mini Project

The Mini Project shall be carried out during IV year I semester with one credit along with other lab courses by having regular weekly slots. Students will take mini project batch wise and the batches will be divided as per the guidelines issued. The topic of mini project should be so selective that the students are enabled to complete the work in the stipulated time with the available resources in the respective laboratories. The scope of the mini project could be handling part of the consultancy work, maintenance of the existing equipment, development of new experiment setup or can be a prelude to the main project with a specific outcome. Mini project report will be evaluated for 100 marks in total, assessment will be done by the supervisor / guide for 40 marks based on the work and presentation / execution of the mini project. Subdivision for the remaining 60 marks is based on report, presentation, execution and viva-voce. Evaluation shall be done by a committee comprising the mini project supervisor, Head of the department and one senior faculty nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by chairman, BOS.

11.14 Project Work

There shall be a Project Work in the IV year second semester which carries 12 credits. Out of 100 marks allotted for the project work, 40 marks shall be for Internal Evaluation and 60 marks for the End Semester Examination (Viva – Voce). The Viva – Voce shall be conducted by a committee consisting of HOD, Project Supervisor and an External Examiner nominated by the Principal from the panel of examiners recommended by Chairman, BOS. The Evaluation of project work shall be conducted at the end of the IV year – II semester. The Internal Evaluation shall be made by the departmental committee, on the basis of two seminars given by each student on the topic of his project.

11.15 Internship

Students shall have an option to do internship for a minimum period of 6 weeks in an Industry during summer break after III year II semester examinations. In such cases the industry shall evaluate the students performance in terms of his attendance and marks scored out of 100 in the prescribed format supplied by the department, and return the same directly to the department after the end of the internship. A student who attains required attendance and minimum 40% marks shall be awarded 3 Credits and he shall be exempted from taking one Professional elective offered in the IV year II semester by the department for 3 credits.

11.16 Gap Year

Gap Year – concept of Student Entrepreneur in Residence shall be introduced and outstanding students who wish to pursue entrepreneurship are allowed to take a break of

one year at any time after II year to pursue entrepreneurship full time. This period may be

extended to two years at the most and these two years would not be counted for the time for the maximum time for graduation. The HOD of the respective department shall forward such proposals submitted by the students to the Principal. An evaluation committee shall be constituted by the Principal to evaluate the proposal submitted by the student and the committee shall decide whether or not to permit student (s) to avail the Gap Year.

12. Attendance Requirements and Detention Policy

- 12.1 A student shall be eligible to appear for Semester End examinations if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects in a semester.
- 12.2 Condonaion of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester may be granted on medical grounds by the College Academic Committee. A stipulated fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance to the College.
- 12.3 Shortage of Attendance below 65% in aggregate shall in no case be condoned and the candidate will be detained.
- 12.4 Detained students are not eligible to take their end examination of that class and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- 12.5 A student detained due to shortage of attendance, will have to repeat that semester when offered next.

13. Conduct of Semester End Examination and Evaluation

- 13.1 Semester end examination shall be conducted by the Controller of Examination (COE) by inviting 70% Question Papers from the External and 30% Question papers from the Internal Subject Experts. Principal will decide the External and Internal subject experts.
- 13.2 The answer papers of semester end examination should be evaluated externally / internally.
- 13.3 The marks for the internal evaluation components will be added to the external evaluation marks secured in the Semester End examinations, to arrive at total marks for any subject in that semester.
- 13.4 Performance in all the subjects is tabulated program-wise and will be scrutinized by the office of the Controller of Examinations. Total marks obtained in each subject are converted into letter grades. Finally subject-wise marks and grades details, subject-wise and branch-wise pass percentages are calculated through software.
- **13.5 Results Committee:**

Results Committee comprising of Director, Principal, Controller of Examinations, one Senior Professor nominated by the Principal and the

University Nominee will oversee the details of marks, grades and pass percentages of all the subjects and branch-wise pass percentages.

- 13.6 Office of the Controller of Examinations will generate student-wise result sheets and the same will be published through college website.
- 13.7 Student-wise Grade Sheets are generated and issued to the students.
- 14. Academic Requirements for Promotion / Completion of regular B.Tech programme of study

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied in addition to the attendance requirements for promotion/completion of regular B.Tech Program of study.

14.1 For students admitted in B.Tech (Regular) Program:

- i. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements for each theory, practical, design drawing subject or project, if he secures not less than 35% of marks in the Semester End examination and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the internal evaluation and Semester-End examination taken together.
- ii. A student shall be promoted from second year to third year only if he fulfills the academic requirement of securing 44 credits from:
 - a) Two regular and two supplementary examinations of I-year I semester.
 - **b)** Two regular and one supplementary examinations of I-year II semester.
 - c) One regular and one supplementary examination of second year I semester.
 - d) One regular examination of II- year II Semester.

Irrespective of whether the candidate appear for Semester-End examination or not as per the normal course of study.

- iii. A student shall be promoted from third year to fourth year Program of study only if he fulfills the academic requirements of securing 66 credits from:
 - a) Three regular and three supplementary examinations of I-year I semester.
 - b) Three regular and two supplementary examinations of I-year II Semester
 - c) Two regular and two supplementary examination of second year I semester.
 - d) Two regular and one supplementary examinations second year II semester.
 - e) One regular and one supplementary examination of third year I semester.
 - f) One Regular Examination of Third year II semester.

Irrespective of whether the candidate appears for the Semester-End examination or not as per the normal course of study and in case of getting detained for want of credits by sections 14.1(ii) and 14.1 (iii) above, the student may make up the credits through supplementary examinations before the date of commencement of class work for III year I semester or IV year I semester as the case may be.

- A student shall register for all the 176 credits and earn all the 176 credits.
 Marks obtained in all the 176 credits shall be considered for the award of the class based on CGPA.
- v. A student who fails to earn 176 credits as indicated in the course structure within eight academic years from the year of his admission shall forfeit his seat in B. Tech., Program and his admission stands cancelled.
- **14.2 For Lateral Entry Students**
 - i. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements for each theory, practical, design, drawing subject or project if he secures not less than 35% of marks in the Semester-End examination and a minimum of 40% of marks in the sum total of the internal evaluation and Semester-End examination taken together.
 - ii. A student shall be promoted from third year to fourth year only if he fulfills the academic requirements of securing 44 credits from the following examinations.
 - a) Two regular and two supplementary examinations of II year Isemester.
 - b) Two regular and one supplementary examination of II year IIsemester.
 - c) One regular and one supplementary examination of III year Isemester.
 - d) One Regular Examination of Third year II semester.

Irrespective of whether the candidate appear the Semester-End examination or not as per the normal Course of study and in case of getting detained for want of credits the student may make up the credits through supplementary exams of the above exams before the date of commencement of class work for IV year I semester.

- A student shall register for all 132 credits and earn all the 132 credits.
 Marks obtained in all 132 credits shall be considered for the award of the class based on CGPA.
- iv. A student who fails to earn 132 credits as indicated in the Course structure within six academic years from the year of his admission shall forfeit his seat in B.Tech., Program and his admission stands cancelled.
- **15. Letter Grades and Grade points**

15.1 Performances of students in each course are expressed in Letter Grades based on absolute grading system. The UGC recommends a 10-point grading system with the following letter grades as given in the Table 3.

Pange of Marks	Grade Point	Letter Grade
Range of Marks	Grade Polit	
90-100	10	S (Outstanding)
80-89	9	A+ (Excellent)
70-79	8	A (Very Good)
60-69	7	B+ (Good)
50-59	6	B (Above Average)
45-49	5	C (Average)
40-44	4	D (Pass)
Below 40	0	F (Fail)
Absent	0	N (Absent)

Table 3: Grade Points Scale (Absolute Grading)

- 15.2 A student obtaining Grade F shall be considered Failed and will be required to reappear in the examination.
- 15.3 For non credit courses, "P" for "Satisfactory" or "F" for "Not Satisfactory" is indicated and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA / CGPA.
- 15.4 At the end of each semester, the institute issues grade sheet indicating the SGPA and CGPA of the student. However, grade sheet will not be issued to the student if he has any outstanding dues.

16. Computation of SGPA and CGPA

The UGC recommends to compute the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA). The credit points earned by a student are used for calculating the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA), both of which are important performances indices of the student. SGPA is equal to the sum of all the total points earned by the student in a given semester divided by the number of credits registered by the student in that semester. CGPA gives the sum of all the total points earned in all the previous semesters and the current semester divided by the number of credits registered in all these semesters. Thus,

$$SGPA = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (C_i G_i) / \sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i$$

Where, C_i is the number of credits of the ith course and G_i in the grade point scored by the student in the ith course and n represent the number of courses in which a student is registered in the concerned semester.

$$CGPA = \sum_{j=1}^{m} (C_j S_j) / \sum_{j=1}^{m} C_j$$

Where, S_j is the SGPA of the jth semester and C_j is the total number of credits upto the semester and m represent the number of semesters completed in which a student registered upto the semester.

The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

16.1 In case of a specific query by students / employers regarding Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) / Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) into percentage, the following formulae will be adopted for notional conversion of SGPA / CGPA into percentage.

SGPA to Percentage = (SGPA-0.5) \times 10 CGPA to Percentage = (CGPA-0.5) \times 10

17. Grade Sheet

A grade sheet will be issued to each student indicating his performance in all subjects registered in that semester indicating the SGPA and CGPA. SGPA and CGPA will be rounded off to the second place of decimal.

18. Consolidated Grade Sheet

After successful completion of the entire Program of study, a Consolidated Grade Sheet containing performance of all academic years will be issued as a final record. Transcripts will also be issued, if required, after payment of requisite fee.

19. Award of Degree

The Degree will be conferred and awarded by Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Anantapur, Ananthapuramu on the recommendation of the Principal of SVCET (Autonomous), Chittoor

19.1 Eligibility:

A student shall be eligible for the award of B.Tech., Degree if he fulfills all the following conditions:

Registered and successfully completed all the components prescribed in the program of study for which he is admitted.

- Successfully acquired the minimum required credits as specified in the curriculum corresponding to the branch of study within the stipulated time.
- Obtained CGPA greater than or equal to 4.0 (Minimum requirement for declaring as passed.)

19.2. Award of Class

Cumulative Grade Point Average	Class
≥7.5	First Class with
≥6.5 and<7.5	First Class
≥5.5 and <6.5	Second Class
≥4.0 and<5.5	Pass Class

Declaration of Class is based on CGPA.

20. Personal verification / Revaluation / Final Valuation

20.1 Personal verification of answer scripts:

Candidates appear in a particular semester end examinations may appeal for verification of their answer script(s) for arithmetic correction in totaling of marks and any omission / deletion in evaluation within 7 days from the date of declaration of results at the office of the Controller of Examinations on the prescribed proforma and by paying the prescribed fee per answer script.

It is clarified that personal verification of answer script shall not tantamount to revaluation of answer script. This is only a process of reverification by the candidate. Any mistake / deficiency with regard to arithmetic correction in totaling of marks and any omission / deletion in evaluation if found, the institution will correct the same.

20.2 Recounting / Revaluation:

Students shall be permitted for request for recounting/revaluation of the Semester-End examination answer scripts within a stipulated period after payment of prescribed fee. After recounting or revaluation, records are updated with changes if any and the student will be issued a revised grade sheet. If there are no changes, the same will be intimated to the students.

20.3 Final Valuation:

Students shall be permitted for request for final valuation of the Semester – End Examination answer scripts within a stipulated period after the publication of the revaluation results by paying the necessary fee. The final valuation shall be carried out by an expert not

less than Associate Professor as per the scheme of valuation supplied by the examination branch in the presence of the student, Controller of Examinations and Principal. However students are not permitted to discuss / argue with the examiner. If the increase in marks after final valuation is equal to or more than 15% of the previous valuation marks, the marks obtained after final valuation shall be treated as final. If the variation of marks after final valuation is less than 15% of the previous valuation marks, then the earlier valuation marks shall be treated as the final marks.

21. Termination from the program

The admission of a student to the program may be terminated and the student is asked to leave the institute in the following circumstances:

- a. The student fails to satisfy the requirements of the program within the maximum period stipulated for the program.
- b. The student fails to satisfy the norms of discipline specified by the institute from time to time.

22. With-Holding of results

If the candidate has not paid any dues to the institute / if any case of indiscipline / malpractice is pending against him, the results of the candidate will be withheld. The issue of the degree is liable to be withheld in such cases.

23. Graduation Day

The institute shall have its own annual Graduation Day for the award of Provisional Certificates to students completing the prescribed academic requirements in each case, in consultation with the University and by following the provisions in the Statute. The college shall institute prizes and medals to meritorious students and award them annually at the Graduation Day. This will greatly encourage the students to strive for excellence in their academic work.

24. Discipline

Every student is required to observe discipline and decorum both inside and outside the institute and not to indulge in any activity which will tend to bring down the honor of the institute. If a student indulges in malpractice in any of the theory / practical examination, continuous assessment examinations he shall be liable for punitive action as prescribed by the Institute from time to time.

25. Grievance Redressal Committee

The institute shall form a Grievance Redressal Committee for each course in each department with the Course Teacher and the HOD as the members. This Committee shall solve all grievances related to the course under consideration.

26. Transitory Regulations

Students who got detained for want of attendance (or) who have not fulfilled academic requirements (or) who have failed after having undergone the course in earlier regulations (or) have discontinued and wish to continue the course are eligible for admission into the unfinished semester from the date of commencement of class work with the same (or) equivalent subjects as and when subjects are offered and they continue to be in the academic regulations of the batch they join later.

A regular student has to satisfy all the eligibility requirements within the maximum stipulated period of eight years, and a lateral entry student within six years, for the award of B.Tech Degree.

- i. The students joining under R-17 Regulations from previous Regulations in II B.Tech II semester need not complete the mandatory course EPIC I offered in the II B.Tech I semester for the award of B.Tech degree.
- ii. The students joining under R-17 Regulations from previous Regulations in III B.Tech I semester/III B.Tech II semester/ IV B.Tech I semester/ IV B.Tech II semester need not complete the mandatory EPIC course offered in the II B.Tech I semester and II B.Tech II semester for the award of B.Tech degree.

27. Revision of Regulations and Curriculum

The Institute from time to time may revise, amend or change the regulations, scheme of examinations and syllabi if found necessary and on approval by the Academic Council and the Governing Body shall come into force and shall be binding on the students, faculty, staff, all authorities of the Institute and others concerned.

28. General

Where the words "he", "him", "his", "himself" occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "herself".

FAILURE TO READ AND UNDERSTAND THE REGULATIONS IS NOT AN EXCUSE

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINNERING & TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS) (AFFILIATED TO JNTUA, ANANTAPUR) RULES FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR MALPRACTICE / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN **EXAMINATIONS**

Nature of Malpractices / Improper

Punishment

conduct

If the candidate

- 1. (a) Possesses or keeps accessible in examination Expulsion from the examination hall hall, any paper, note book, programmable and cancellation of the performance Cell calculators, phones, palm pager, computers or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)
 - (b) Gives assistance or quidance or receives it Expulsion from the examination hall from any other candidate orally or by any and cancellation of the performance body language other methods communicates through cell phones with any candidates involved. In case of an candidate or persons in or outside the exam outsider, he will be handed over to hall in respect of any matter.
 - 2. Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material in that subject and all other subjects relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is including practical examinations and appearing.

in that subject only.

or in that subject only of all the the police and a case is registered against him.

Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance the candidate has already appeared project work and shall not be permitted the to appear for remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year.

The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled.

3. Comes in a drunken condition to the Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance examination hall.

4. Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.

5. Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall. in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year.

Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be the permitted for remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred consecutive for two semesters from class work and all University examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.

Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all The University examinations. continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.

6. Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.

- 7. Impersonates any other candidate connection with the examination.
- Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits of seat.
- The candidate who has impersonated in shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The original performance of the candidate who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work University and all examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the impostor is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.

8. Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief In case of students of the college, Superintendent / Assistant – Superintendent / they any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates examination halls and cancellation of disturbance of any kind in and around the their performance in that subject examination hall or organizes a walk out or and instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in-charge or any person on duty in or appeared and shall not be permitted outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether examinations of the subjects of that by words, either spoken or written or by signs semester/year. The candidates also or by visible representation, assaults the are debarred and forfeit their seats. officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or In case of outsiders, they will be outside the examination hall or any of his handed over to the police and a relations, or indulges in any other act of police case is registered against misconduct or mischief which result in damage them. to or destruction or property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination. 9. If student of the college, who is not a Student of the colleges expulsion candidate for the particular examination or from the examination hall and any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper that subject and all other subjects

conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.

shall be expelled from all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appear for the remaining to

cancellation of the performance in the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.

Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.

- 10. Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive Cancellation of the performance in language in the answer paper or in letters to that subject. the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.
- 11. Copying detected on the basis of internal Cancellation of the performance in evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.

that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.

12. If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the Examination committee for further action to award suitable punishment.

Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

1. Punishments to the candidates as per the above quidelines.

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS)

Identification of Courses

B. Tech

Each course shall be uniquely identified by an alphanumeric code of width 7 characters as given below.

No. of Digits	Description
First two digits	Year of regulations Ex:17
Next one letter	Type of program: A: B. Tech
	B: M. Tech
	C: M.B.A
	D: M.C.A
Next two letters	Code of department: HS/CE/CS/EE/EC/IT/ME/MB/MC
Last two digits	Indicate serial numbers: ≥ 01

Ex:

17AHS01 17AHS02 17AHS03 17AHS04 17ACS01 17AEC01 17AEC01 17ACE01 17AME01 17AME01 17AMS05 17ACS02 17AME02 17AME02

DEPARTMENT MISSION & VISION

Vision and Mission of the Department under R17 Regulation

Department Vision:

To be recognized as a center for quality education in Mechanical Engineering and allied areas and to train young students to solve the problems of tomorrow.

Department Mission:

M1: Provide excellent foundation through Teaching-Learning and train the students based on research to help them progress for Higher education.

M2: Fostering student development with special focus on domain and soft skills for a prospective career placement.

M3: Developing students with skills in entrepreneurship contributing to job creationand societal development.

M4: Creating an ecosystem for continuous development of faculty and students byproviding relevant infrastructure and resources.

Program Educational Objectives (PEO's)

PEO1: Pursue higher education in the varied fields of mechanical engineering andmanagement.

PEO2: Secure a career placement in core and allied areas.

PEO3: Develop skills to undertake entrepreneurship and lifelong learning.

Program Specific Outcomes (PSO's)

PSO1: Apply the knowledge of manufacturing, thermal and industrial engineering to formulate, analyze and provide solutions to the problems related to mechanical systems.

PSO2: Apply the design concepts and modern engineering software tools to model mechanical systems in various fields such as machine elements, thermal, manufacturing, industrial and inter-disciplinary fields.



(AUTONOMOUS)

R.V.S. NAGAR, CHITTOOR-517 127, ANDHRA PRADESH

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Scheme of Instruction and Examination under R17 Regulations

I B.Tech., I Semester

Course	Course Name	Subject	Category	Hours per week			Cradits	Scheme of Examination Max. Marks		
Code	Course Maine	Area	Category	L	Т	Р	creats	CIA	SEE	Total
17AHS02	Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	BS	Foundation	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AHS04	Engineering chemistry	BS	Foundation	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17ACS01	Computer Programming in C	ES	Foundation	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17ACE02	Engineering Mechanics - I	ES	Foundation	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AME01	Basic Mechanical Engineering	ES	Foundation	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AEE03	Basic Electrical Engineering	ES	Foundation	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AHS06	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BS	Foundation	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
17AME03	Engineering Practice Lab	ES	Foundation	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
17ACS02	Computer Programming Lab	ES	Foundation	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
	TOTAL				4	8	22	360	540	900

I B.Tech., II Semester

Course	Course Name	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Category	Hours per week			Cradits	Scheme of Examination Max. Marks		
Code	Course Maine		SEE	Total						
17AHS01	English for Communication - I	BS	Foundation	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AHS09	Numerical and Transform Techniques	BS	Foundation	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AHS03	Engineering Physics	BS	Foundation	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17ACS03	Data Structures	ES	Foundation	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AHS05	Environmental Studies	HS	Foundation	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME02	Computer Aided Engineering Drawing	ES	Foundation	1	-	4	3	40	60	100
17AHS07	Communication Skills Lab	BS	Foundation	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
17AHS08	Engineering Physics Lab	BS	Foundation	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
17ACS05	Data Structures Lab	ES	Foundation	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
	***Audit Course - I	AC	Perspective	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL			16	2	12	22	360	540	900



(AUTONOMOUS)

R.V.S. NAGAR, CHITTOOR-517 127, ANDHRA PRADESH

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Scheme of Instruction and Examination under R17 Regulations

II B.Tech., I Semester

Course	Course Name	Name Subject Category		Hours per week		Cradits	Scheme of Examination Max. Marks			
Code	Course Ivallie	Area	Category	L	Т	Р	Creatts	CIA	SEE	Total
17AHS15	Probability & Statistics	BS	Foundation	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17ACE10	Engineering Mechanics - II	ES	Foundation	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17ACE11	Strength of Materials	ES	Foundation	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AEC06	Basic Electronics Engineering	ES	Foundation	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME04	Engineering Metallurgy	PC	Core	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME05	Thermodynamics	PC	Core	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AME06	Engineering Metallurgy Lab	PC	Core	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
17ACE15	Strength of Materials Lab	ES	Foundation	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
17AEE10	Electrical Engineering and Electronics Engineering Lab	ES	Foundation	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
17AME64	EPICS-I: Introduction to engineering projects	MC	Perspective					40	60	100
	***Audit Course - II	AC	Perspective	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL			18	4	8	22	400	600	1000	

II B.Tech., II Semester

Course	Course Name Subject Category Hours per w		week	Cradits	Scheme of Examination Max. Marks					
Code	Course Manie	Area	Category	L	Т	Р	Creans	CIA	SEE	Total
17AMB01	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis	HS	Foundation	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME07	Industrial Engineering & Management	PC	Core	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME08	Kinematics of Machinery	PC	Core	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AME09	Thermal Engineering- I	PC	Core	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17ACE09	Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machinery	ES	Foundation	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME10	Production Technology	PC	Core	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME11	Production Technology Lab	РС	Core	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
17AHS17	Technical Writing and Content Develop Lab	BS	Foundation	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
17ACE23	Fluid Mechanics, Hydraulic Machinery Lab	ES	Foundation	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
17AHS18	English for Communication - II	MC	Perspective	3	-	-	-	40	60	100
17AME65	<i>EPICS-II:</i> Engineering projects in community service	МС	Perspective	-	2	-	-	40	60	100
TOTAL			21	3	8	22	440	660	1100	



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R.V.S. NAGAR, CHITTOOR-517 127, ANDHRA PRADESH

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Scheme of Instruction and Examination under R17 Regulations

III B.Tech., I Semester

Course	Course Name	Subject	Catagory	Hour	s per v	week	Cradits	Schem N	e of Exan Max. Mar	nination ks
Code	Course Maine	Area	Category	L	Т	Р	creats	CIA	SEE	Total
17AAT03	03 Automobile Engineering		Core	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME12	12 Thermal Engineering - II		Core	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AME13	AE13 Dynamics of Machinery		Core	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AME14	Metrology	PC	Core	3		-	3	40	60	100
17AME15	Design of Machine Elements - I	PC	Core	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
	*Professional Elective – I	PE	Elective	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME24	Metrology Lab	PC	Core	-		3	1.5	40	60	100
17AME25	Dynamics of Machinery Lab	PC	Core	-		3	1.5	40	60	100
17AME26	Thermal Engineering Lab	PC	Core	-		3	1.5	40	60	100
17AME27	Comprehensive Online Examination	-	Skill	-	-	-	0.5	-	100	100
17AME76	MOOCS - I							-	-	-
	TOTAL			18	3	9	23	360	640	1000

III B.Tech., II Semester

Course	Course Nome	Subject	Subject Category Hours per week		Hours per week		Hours per week		Cradits	Schem N	e of Exan Max. Mar	nination ks
Code	Course Maine	Area	Category	L	Т	Р	Creats	CIA	SEE	Total		
17AME28	Machine Tools	PC	Core	3	1	-	3	40	60	100		
17AME30	Finite Element Methods	PC	Core	3	-	-	3	40	60	100		
17AME31	Instrumentation and Control Systems	PC	Core	3	1	-	3	40	60	100		
17AME32	Design of Machine Elements-II	PC	Core	3	1	-	3	40	60	100		
	*Professional Elective – II	PE	Elective	3	-	-	3	40	60	100		
	**Open Elective - I	OE	Elective	3	-	-	3	40	60	100		
17AME41	Production Drawing Practice & Machine Drawing Lab	PC	Core	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100		
17AME42	Instrumentation & Control Systems Lab	PC	Core	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100		
17AME29	Machine Tools Lab	PC	Core	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100		
17AME43	Comprehensive Online Examination	-	Skill	-	-	-	0.5	-	100	100		
17AME77	MOOCS - II							-	-	-		
	TOTAL			18	3	9	23	360	640	1000		



SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS) R.V.S. NAGAR, CHITTOOR-517 127, ANDHRA PRADESH DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Scheme of Instruction and Examination under R17 Regulations

IV B.Tech., I Semester

Course	Course Nome	Subject	Subject Contagory Hours per week Scheme of Exa Max. Ma Max. Ma				ie of Exan Max. Mar	nination ks		
Code	Course Name	Area	Category	L	Т	Р	Creuits	CIA	SEE	Total
17AME39	Operations Research	PC	Core	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AME44	CAD/CAM/CIM	PC	Core	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME45	Heat Transfer	PC	Core	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
	*Professional Elective –III	PE	Elective	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
	*Professional Elective – IV	PE	Elective	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
	**Open Elective - II	OE	Elective	3	-	-	3	40	60	100
17AME59	Heat Transfer Lab	PC	Core	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
17AME60	CAE/CIM Lab	PC	Core	-	-	3	1.5	40	60	100
17AME61	Mini Project	-	Skill	-	-	2	1	40	60	100
17AME78	MOOCS - III			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL			18	4	8	22	360	540	900

IV B.Tech., II Semester

Course	Course Nome	Subject Area	Category -	Hours per week			Credits	Scheme of Examination Max. Marks		
Code	Course Manie			L	Т	Р	Creats	CIA	SEE	Total
	Internship/*Professional Elective – V	PE	Perspective	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
	**Professional Elective – VI	PE	Perspective	3	1	-	3	40	60	100
17AME74	Comprehensive Viva-Voce	-	Skill	-	I	I	2	-	100	100
17AME75	Project Work	-	Skill	-	-	20	12	40	60	100
TOTAL				6	2	20	20	120	280	400

*Refer to Professional Elective Course list appended

** Refer to Open Elective Course list appended.

*** Refer to Audit Course list appended

		*Professional Elective - I							
S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department						
1.	17AME16	NDT Techniques	ME						
2.	17AME17	Product Design & Development	ME						
3.	17AME18	Total Quality Management & Reliability Engineering	ME						
4.	17AME19	Principles of Vibration Control	ME						
5.	17AME20	Manufacturing of Composite Materials	ME						
	*Professional Elective - II								
S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department						
1.	17AME33	Tool Design	ME						
2.	17AME34	Hydraulics & Pneumatics	ME						
3.	17AME35	Automation & Controls	ME						
4.	17AME36	Production Planning and Control	ME						
5.	17AME37	Renewable Energy Sources	ME						
		*Professional Elective - III							
S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department						
1.	17AME46	Automation and Robotics	ME						
2.	17AME47	Flexible Manufacturing Systems	ME						
3.	17AME48	Refrigeration & Air Conditioning	ME						
4.	17AME49	Gas Dynamics and Jet Propulsion	ME						
5.	17AME50	Additive manufacturing	ME						
		*Professional Elective – IV	L						
S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department						
1.	17AME51	Modern Manufacturing Methods	ME						
2.	17AME52	Power Plant Engineering	ME						
3.	17AME53	Geometric Modeling	ME						
4.	17AME54	Nanotechnology	ME						
5.	17AME55	Computational Fluid dynamics	ME						

*Professional Elective - V								
S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department					
1.	17AME62	Internship	ME					
2.	17AME56	Optimization Techniques	ME					
3.	17AME63	Welding Technology	ME					
4.	17AME66	Design of jigs, Fixtures and press tools	ME					
5.	17AME67	Foundry Technology	ME					
6.	17AME68	Maintenance Engineering	ME					

*Professional Elective - VI								
S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department					
1.	17AME69	Intellectual Property and Patent Rights	ME					
2.	17AME70	Un Conventional Machining Process	ME					
3.	17AME71	Energy Management	ME					
4.	17AME72	Tribology	ME					
5.	17AME73	Entrepreneurship Development	ME					

	**Open Elective - I								
S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department						
1.	17ACS23	Computer Graphics	CSE						
2.	17AEC43	MEMS and Microsystems	ECE						
3.	17AAT16	Sensors and Actuators	AT						
4.	17AMB03	Professional Ethics	MBA						
5.	17ACS07	Database Management systems	CSE						

****Open Elective - II**

S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department
1.	17ACE63	Disaster Management	CE
2.	17AAT26	Supply Chain Management	AT
3.	17AEC58	Mechatronics	ECE
4.	17ACS57	Introduction to IOT	CSE
5.	17ACS55	Artificial Intelligence	CSE

***Audit Course - I

S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department
1.	17AHS10	Quantitative Aptitude and Reasoning I	HAS
2.	17AHS11	Intellectual Property Rights	HAS
3.	17AHS12	Clinical Psychology	HAS
4.	17AHS13	German Language	HAS

***Audit Course - II

S.No.	Course Code	Course Name	Offering Department
1.	17AHS19	Quantitative Aptitude and Reasoning II	HAS
2.	17AHS20	Legal Sciences	HAS
3.	17AHS21	Gender Sensitivity	HAS
4.	17AHS22	French Language	HAS
LTPC

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to All Branches)

3 1 - 3 Code: 17AHS02 DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Classify and interpret the solutions of ordinary differential equations.
- 2. Explain concepts of maxima and minima of function of several variables.
- 3. Apply multiple integral techniques by evaluating areas bounded by regions.
- 4. Solving system of linear equations and determine the eigen values and eigen vectors.
- 5. Illustrate the physical interpretation of concepts of vector calculus.

UNIT-I

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS: Linear and Bernoulli's Equations – Non - homogenous Linear Differential equation of second and higher order with constant coefficients with R.H.S terms of the form e^{ax} , Sin ax, Cos ax, x^m , $e^{ax}V(x)$, $x^mV(x)$ and xV(x). Newton's law of cooling, L-R-C circuits, bending of beams.

UNIT-II

FUNCTIONS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES: Maxima and Minima for functions of two variables –Lagrange's method of multipliers of 3 variables only. Taylor's and Maclaurin's series expansion of functions of two variables.

Radius of Curvature: Cartesian and polar curves.

UNIT-III

APPLICATIONS OF INTEGRATION: Length of an arc and area using integral.

Multiple Integrals: Double and Triple integrals-Change of variables-Change of Order of Integration (Cartesian and polar forms). Surface area and Volume of solid of revolution.

UNIT-IV

MATRICES - I: Rank of a matrix-Echelon form, Normal form -solution of linear system of homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations -Gauss elimination method. Eigen values and Eigen vectors. Cayley-Hamilton theorem - Linear Transformations - Orthogonal transformations -Diagonalization of a matrix. Quadratic forms- Reduction of Quadratic form to Canonical form and their nature.

UNIT-V

VECTOR CALCULUS: Gradient, Divergence, Curl and their properties (without identities). **Vector Integration**: Line Integrals – Potential functions - Area, Surface and Volume integrals - Green's theorem- Stoke's theorem& Gauss Divergence theorems (without proof) – problems onGreen's, Stoke's and Gauss's Theorem.

Text Books:

- 1. Dr.B.S.Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics. Kanna Publications, 40th edition.
- 2. B.V.Ramana, A Text book of Engineering Mathematics-I, Tata Mc Grawhill.
- 3. T.K.V.Iyengar, B.Krishna Gandhi and others, A Text book of Engineering Mathematics –I, S.Chand and company.

- 1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics. John Wiley & Sons.2016
- 2. Thomson, A Text book of Engineering Mathematics, Book Collection
- 3. N.Bail, M.Goyal & C.Walking, A Text book of Advanced Engineering Mathematics-A computer Approach.
- 4. E.Rukmangadachari and Keshava Reddy, A Text book of Engineering Mathematics-I, Pearson Education.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to Civil Engineering, ME & AT) /

II Semester (Common to ECE, ETE, EE, EEE, CSE, IT, & CSSE)

L T P C

3 - - 3

Code: 17AHS04

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to: completion of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Explain the impact of hard water and removal of hardness of water by internal and external methods, desalination of Brackish water.
- 2. Select suitable engineering materials for specific applications.
- 3. Define Formation of corrosion, effect of corrosion and to design of corrosion resistant articles.
- 4. Select suitable fuels based on calorific value for a particular application, calculation of air requirements for combustion of fuel.
- 5. Construct the various types of batteries and applications of various electrochemical cells.

UNIT – I: WATER TECHNOLOGY

Sources of water, impurities in water, Hardness of Water and its unit of expression – Estimation of hardness in water by EDTA titration method – Numerical problems-Boiler troubles and prevention methods, Water softening methods by Internal conditioning and External conditioning methods–Chlorination Of Domestic Water Treatment - Desalination of Brackish Water – Reverse Osmosis and distillation methods.

UNIT – II: MATERIALS CHEMISTRY

High Polymers:

Polymers- Definition – Nomenclature of polymers- Types of polymerization reactions – addition, condensation and copolymerization with examples. Plastics: Thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics and differences between them –Preparation, Properties and Engineering applications of PE, PTFE, PVC, Nylon and Bakelite.

Rubbers: Natural Rubbers – Vulcanization – Synthetic Rubbers (Buna-S, Silicone Rubber, Neoprene)– Preparation, properties and applications. Lubricants: Functions of Lubricants – Classification of Lubricants –various properties of Lubricants.

Refractories: Important properties of refractories and their applications.

UNIT - III: CHEMISTRY OF CORROSION

Introduction on corrosion- causes and consequences of corrosion – Types of corrosion – Mechanism of corrosion – Factors influencing the corrosion – Control of corrosion – Cathodic protection by Sacrificial anodic and Impressed current cathodic protection- Electro Plating and Electroless plating (Copper and Nickel).

UNIT – IV: FUELS AND COMBUSTION

Fuels: Classification of Solid, Liquid and Gaseous fuels –Analysis of coal - Proximate and Ultimate analysis, Preparation of synthetic petrol – Bergius process - Calorific value – HCV, LCV - Numerical problems using Dulong-Petit's formula – Measurement of calorific value using Bomb calorimeter and Junkers gas calorimeter – Numerical problems.

Combustion: Calculation of air quantity requirement for Combustion -Numerical problems.

UNIT-V: ELECTRO CHEMICAL ENERGY SYSTEMS

Electrochemical Cells – Electrode potential - Standard electrode potential – Working principles and applications of different batteries – Dry cell, Lithium-ion cell, Lead-acid cell and Nickel-cadmium cell- with discharging and Recharging reactions, Working principles and applications of hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell, Methanol-oxygen fuel cell.

Text Books:

- Jain & Jain, A text book of Engineering Chemistry, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, 15th edition, New Delhi, 2008.
- Prof. K.N.Jayaveera, Dr.G.V.Subba Reddy and Dr.C. Ramachandraiah, Chemistry for Engineers, McGraw Hill Higher Education Hyd., 3rd edition, 2009.
- Dr. K. RaviKrishnan, A text book of Engineering Chemistry, Sri Krishna Publications, Secunderabad, Telengana, New edition. July, 2015.

- N.Krishnamurthy, P.Vallinayagam, D.Madhavan, Engineering Chemistry, (second edition), PHI Learning Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2008
- 2. Dr. K. B. Chandrasekhar, Dr. U.N. Dash, Dr. Sujatha Mishra, Engineering Chemistry, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Limited, Hyderabad, 2009.
- C.V. Agarwal, C. Parameswara Murthy and Andra Naidu, Chemistry of Engineering Materials, BS Publications, Hyderabad, 9th edition, 2006.
- 4. S.S. Dara and S.S.Umare, A text book of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand & Co. Ltd., 12th edition, 2010.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech- I Semester (Common to All Branches)

L T P C

3 - - 3

Code: 17ACS01

COMPUTER PROGRAMMING IN C

Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Apply the paradigms of structured programming to solve different problems.
- 2. List out the salient features and applications of C programming language.
- 3. Demonstrate the techniques for implementing applications using C programming.
- 4. Know how to use basic data structure like array in simple data processing applications.

UNIT – I

Introduction to Computers and Problem Solving:

What is computer, Block diagram of a Computer, Hardware Vs Software, Types of Programming Languages, The Problem Solving aspect, Top Down design.

C Fundamentals : The C character set, Variables, Identifiers and keywords, Data types, Constants, Input-Output statements, Structure of a C program, Simple C programs to exchange the values of two variables, Counting the number of factors of a given integer.

Algorithm, Flowchart: Fundamental algorithms- Factorial computation, Greatest Common Divisor computation, Sine function computation, Reversing the digits of an integer, Generating prime numbers.

UNIT – II

C Statements: Conditional and Unconditional Statements, Iterative Statements: Concept of a loop, Pre-test and Post-test loops, Event and Counter Controller loops, Operators- Classification of operators, Expressions- Precedence and Associativity, Evaluation of Expressions, Standard library functions.

Functions: Defining a function, Accessing a function, Function prototypes, Passing arguments to a function, Parameter passing mechanisms - Call-by-value, Call-by-reference, Recursion, Storage classes (auto, static, register, extern).

UNIT – III

Arrays: Declaration and Definition of an array, Processing an Array, Passing arrays to functions, Two-dimensional and Multi-dimensional arrays, Array techniques-Array order reversal, Removal of duplicates from an ordered array.

Strings: Defining and Initialization of Strings, NULL character, Reading and Writing a string, Processing the string, String handling functions.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Pointers: Fundamentals, Pointer declarations, Pointers and One-dimensional array, Dynamic memory allocation, Operations on pointers, Arrays of pointers, Pointers for Inter function communications.

Structures and Unions: Declaration, Definition and Initialization of structures, Accessing structures, User-defined data type (typedef), Enumerated Data types, Nested structures, Array of structures, Structures and pointers, Passing structures to functions, Unions.

UNIT – V

Files: Significance of files, Opening and Closing a data file, Reading and Writing a data file, Processing a data file, Concept of text files and binary files, File handling functions, Additional features – Command line parameters, Preprocessor directives.

Text Books:

- 1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg, —C Programming & Data Structuresl, India Edition, Course Technology, 2010.
- 2. R.G. Dromey, -How to Solve it by Computer, Low Price Edition, Pearson Education India, 2008.

- 1. Elliot B. Koffman , Jeri R. Hanly , Ashok Kamthane , A. Ananda Rao, —Programming in C and Data Structuresl, First Impression, Pearson Education India, 2009.
- 2. E Balagurusamy, —Programming In C And Data Structures", Fourth Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2014.
- 3. Yashavant P Kanetkar, —Let Us C, 12th Edition, BPB Publications, 2010.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to ME & AT)

L T P C

3 1 0 3

Code: 17ACE02

ENGINEERING MECHANICS - I

Outcome:

Student will be able to

- 1. Construct free body diagrams and develop appropriate equilibrium equations.
- 2. Define concepts of friction and to apply in real life problems.
- 3. Determine the centroid and Moment of Inertia for composite sections.

UNIT - I Basic Concepts of Engineering Mechanics

Basics: Fundamental Principles - Resolution and Composition of forces and equilibrium of

particles - Principle of transmissibility - Free body diagram - Equilibrium of rigid bodies.

Forces and Force Systems: Types of force systems – Resultant of coplanar, concurrent and nonconcurrent force systems – Concept of moment – Varignon's theorem.

Equilibrium of Systems of Forces: Equilibrium concept in mechanics - Free body diagram -

Equilibrium of coplanar force systems – Types of members and supports – Support reactions.

UNIT – II

Friction: Introduction to friction - Classification of friction - Laws of Friction – Limiting Friction – Cone of limiting friction – Angle of friction – Coefficient of friction - Motion of Bodies – Wedge, Screw-jack and differential Screw-jack.

UNIT-III

Power transmission by Belts and Ropes: Introduction – Types of belt drives – Velocity ratios – Length of belt drive – Power transmitted by belt drive – Advantages and disadvantages of belt drive- Rope drive – Stepped pulley drive.

UNIT - IV

Centroid and Centre of Gravity: Introduction to centre of gravity and centroid – Centroids of simple figures – Centroids of composite figures- Centre of gravity of solid bodies – Theorems of Pappus and Guldinus.

UNIT – V

Area and Mass moments of Inertia: Definition – Parallel axis and perpendicular theorems – Polar Moment of Inertia-Radius of gyration - Moments of Inertia of Basic Shapes, Composite Section and simple solids, Mass moment of inertia of composite bodies. (Simple problems only)

Text Books:

- 1. Engineering Mechanics, by Bhavikatti and Rajasekharappa, New Age Intl. Publications, New Delhi.
- 2. A text book of Engineering Mechanics, by R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
- 3. Engineering Mechanics (Statics and Dynamics)by A Nelson-Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, New Delhi.

- 1. Engineering Mechanics, Strength of Materials and Elements of Structural Analysis by C.Venkatramaiah & A.V.Narasimha Rao- CBS Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi.
- 2. Engineering Mechanics by Timoshenko & Young
- 3. A Text Book of Engineering Mechanics by R.S.Khurmi- S.Chand & Company Limited, New Delhi.
- 4. Engineering Mechanics by Irving H. Shames Prentice Hall, New Delhi.
- 5. Engineering Mechanics by Ferdinand L. Singer Published by Row Publishers, New York.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to ME & AT)

L T P C 3 1 0 3

Code: 17AME01 BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to: completion of the course, the student will be able to: 1. Analyze the principle of thermodynamics and can solve the problems related to various thermal

engineering systems.

2. Examine the various tooling requirements and constraints in manufacturing.

- 3. Determine the economic machining parameters to meet the desired productivity and quality requirement.
- 4. Describe the basic relationship between the elastic constants.
- 5. Identify the type of flow type, and select the suitable measurement.
- 6. Describe the function turbines and choose the appropriate criteria for application.

UNIT I

Fundamental of Thermodynamics: Working substances, thermodynamics system and surroundings, thermodynamic equilibrium, properties, state and process, laws of thermodynamics-Zeroth, first and Second Law.

Thermal Engineering: Working Principles of I.C Engine-two stroke, four stroke. Principle working of Boiler, Nozzle, diffuser, compressor, Evaporator and Condenser.

UNIT II

Manufacturing processes: Classification of manufacturing processes, Foundry - sand moldingsteps involved, foundry tools, patterns-single and split piece patterns.

Joining Processes: Types-temporary, permanent joints. welding- Gas Welding and Arc Welding, principles and working of lathe and drilling.

UNIT III

Forging : Smith's forging, Tools and Equipment-Swage block, hammers, tongs, chisels, punches, swages, flatters, fullers, blowers, advantages and limitations.

Sheet metal work: Metals used in sheet metal work, hand tools, sheet metal operations, sheet metal working machines, applications.

UNIT IV

Stresses and Strains: Concept of Stress & strain, types of stresses and strains, Hook's Law, shear stress and strain, modulus of elasticity, rigidity and bulk modulus, Concept of Poisson's ratio, thermal stresses and strains.

Power transmission devices: Clutches, gears, belt drives-principle of working, types.

UNIT- V

Fluid Mechanics: Fluid properties, types of fluids, Newton's law of viscosity, surface tension, capillary action-Simple problems. Fluid statics- Pascal's law of pressure-simple problems. Types of fluid flows-Laminar, transient & Turbulent flows.

Hydraulic Turbines: Hydraulic turbines and Pumps-Working principles-types.

Text Books:

1. Elements of Mechanical Engineering- S.B.Mathur and S.Domkundwar, Dhanpath Rai and Sons, New Delhi

2. Basic Mechanical Engineering – Pravin Kumar, PERASON Delhi.

References:

1. Basic Mechanical Engineering – D.S. Kumar, S. K. Kataria and sons.

2. Manufacturing Technology- P.N. Rao, Tata McGraw Hill.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 6	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to ME & AT) / II Semester (Common to CSE, IT & CSSE) L T P C

3 1 - 3

Code: 17AEE03 BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to: completion of this course the students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate knowledge on basics of electrical circuits, Construction and working principle of various electrical machines.
- 2. Analyze the behavior and performance of electrical circuits and machines.
- 3. Apply knowledge in various sources of electrical power generating methods.

UNIT - I: CIRCUITS AND ELECTROMAGENTISM

D. C. Circuits: Ohm's Law and Kirchhoff's Laws - Analysis of series, parallel and series-parallel circuits excited by independent voltage sources - Power and energy.

Electromagnetism: Faradays Laws, Lenz's Law, Fleming's Rules, Statically and dynamically induced EMF - Concepts of self inductance, mutual inductance and coefficient of coupling - Energy stored in magnetic fields.

UNIT - II: AC CIRCUITS

Generation of sinusoidal voltage - Definition of average value, root mean square value, form factor and peak factor of sinusoidal voltage and current and phasor representation of alternating quantities - Analysis with phasor diagrams of R, L, C, RL, RC and RLC circuits; Real power, reactive power, apparent power and power factor, Introduction to three phase circuits.

UNIT - III: DC MACHINES

Working principle of DC machine as a generator and a motor - Types and constructional features- EMF equation of generator - Back EMF and its significance - torque equation - Types of D.C. motors - characteristics and applications - Necessity of a starter for DC motor

UNIT - IV: TRANSFORMERS & INDUCTION MACHINE

Transformers: Principle of operation and construction of single phase transformers - EMF equation – losses - efficiency and voltage regulation.

Three Phase Induction Motors: Concept of rotating magnetic field - Principle of operation - types and constructional features - Slip and its significance - Applications of squirrel cage and slip ring motors - Principle of Operation of alternators.

UNIT - V: SOURCES OF ELECTRICAL POWER

Introduction to Wind, Solar, Hydroelectric, Thermal, Nuclear power plants - Concept of cogeneration and distributed generation.

Text Books:

- D.P.Kothari and I.J. Nagarath Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering^{II}, Mc.Grawhill publications, 1st Edition, 2014.
- 2. S.Hasan Saeed, D.K.Sharma, Non-Conventional Energy Resources, Katson Books, 3rd Edition, 2013

References:

- 1. V.K.Mehta & Rohit Mehta, Principles of Electrical Engineering, S.Chand publications, 2nd Edition, 2003.
- 2. H.Cotton, Electrical Technology, CBS Publishers & Distributors, 7th Edition, 2004.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	P08	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to Civil Engineering, ME & AT) /

II Semester (Common to ECE, ETE, EE, EEE, CSE, IT, & CSSE)

Т P C L 3 1.5 _

Code: 17AHS06 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to: completion of practicals, student will be able to

- 1. Use volumetric analysis for the estimation of metal ions, hardness of water, chlorides in water.
- 2. The importance of viscosity index, flash point and fire point of lubricants.
- 3. The use of pH meter, conductivity meter and potentiometer.

Any TEN of the following experiments

- 1. Estimation of Hardness of water by EDTA method.
- 2. Estimation of Chlorides in Water sample.
- 3. Determination of acid strength by using a pH meter.
- 4. Estimation of Copper by EDTA method.
- 5. Estimation of Ferrous Ion by Potassium Dichromate method.
- 6. Determination of viscosity of oils through Redwood viscometer No.1.
- 7. Estimation of Ferrous Ion by potentiometry using standard Potassium Dichromate.
- 8. Determination of rate of corrosion by weight loss method.
- 9. Acid- Base titration by Conductometric method.
- 10. Determination of Alkalinity of water sample.
- 11. Determination of Flash and Fire point by using Pensky Marten's apparatus.
- 12. Preparation of Phenol-Formaldehyde resin.
- 13. Determination of Acidity of water sample.

Text Books:

- 1. Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis, ELBS Edition, 1994.
- 2. Dr K. N. Jayaveera and K.B. Chandra Sekhar Chemistry Pre-lab manuall, S.M. Enterprizes Ltd., 2007
- 3. Helen Kavitha. P Chemistry Laboratory Manuall, Scitech Publications, 2008.

Equipment's Required:

- 1. Glassware: Burettes, Pipettes, Standard Flasks, Beakers, Measuring jars, BOD bottles and Reagent bottles.
- 2. Electrical Weighing balance
- 3. Reflux Condensers
- 4. Pensky Marten's apparatus
- 5. Redwood viscometer
- 6. Conductivity meter
- 7. Potentiometer
- 8. Gas cylinder
- 9. pH meter

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to Civil Engineering, ME & AT) /

II Semester (Common to ECE, ETE, EE, EEE, CSE, IT & CSSE)

L T P C

- - 2 1

Code: 17AME03 ENGINEERING PRACTICE LAB

Outcomes:

After completion of the study of this lab a student will be able to:

1. produce different prototypes in the carpentry trade such as Mortise and tenon joint, and Table stand using woodturning lathe.

2. Assess time in a Fitting trade such as Dove tail joint and Half Round joint.

3. Design basic prototypes in the trade of Tin smithy such as rectangular tray, and funnel.

4. Complete various basic House Wiring techniques such Stair case wiring (i.e. control of one lamp by two switches fixed at two different places), and wiring for tube light (Fluorescent Lamp)/Focus light.

5. Design different models in a foundry shop such as single- and two-pieces patterns.

6. Construct various basic prototypes in the trade of Welding such asT-Joint and H-Joint.

1. TRADES FOR EXERCISES:

a. Carpentry shop.

- 1. Prepare a Mortise and tenon joint from a given 300 x 40 x 25 mm soft wood stock.
- 2. Prepare a Table stand (desired shape) by using wood turning Lathe from a given 300 x 40 x 25 mm soft wood stock.

b. Fitting shop

- 1. Prepare a Dove tail joint from a given 100 x 50 x 5 mm M.S. stock.
- 2. Prepare a Half Round joint from a given100 x 50 x 5 mm M.S. stock.

c. Sheet metal shop

- 1. Prepare a Funnel from given G.I. sheet.
- 2. Prepare a Rectangular Tray from given G.I. sheet.

d. House-wiring

- 1. Stair case wiring (i.e. control of one lamp by two switches fixed at two different places).
- 2. Prepare a wiring for tube light(-Fluorescent Lamp)/Focus light

e. Foundry

- 1. Prepare a mould for a single piece pattern (Connecting rod)
- 2. Prepare a mould for a Double piece pattern (Stepped Pulley)

f. Welding

- 1. Prepare a T-Joint from given M.S Flat pates using Arc Welding.
- 2. Prepare a H-Joint from given M.S Flat pates using Arc Welding.

2. TRADES FOR DEMONSTRATION:

- a. Plumbing
- b. Machine Shop
- c. Metal Cutting

Apart from the above the shop rooms should display charts, layouts, figures, circuits, hand tools, hand machines, models of jobs, materials with names such as different woods, wood faults, Plastics, steels, meters, gauges, equipment, CD or DVD displays, First aid, shop safety etc. (though they may not be used for the exercises but they give valuable information to the student). In the class work or in the examination knowledge of all shop practices may be stressed upon rather than skill acquired in making the job.

- 1. Work shop Manual / P.Kannaiah/ K.L.Narayana/ SciTech Publishers.
- 2. Engineering Practices Lab Manual, Jeyapoovan, Saravana Pandian, 4/e Vikas
- 3. Dictionary of Mechanical Engineering, GHF Nayler, Jaico Publishing House.
- 4. Engineering Workshop by Vishnu Universal Learning.
- 5. Engineering Workshop by GRIE institute.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech - I Semester (Common to All Branches)

P C L Т 3 1.5

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Code: 17ACS02 **COMPUTER PROGRAMMING LAB**

Outcomes:

- After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
- 1. Confidently work n any C programming development environment.
- 2. Predict the behavior of variables using different types of storage classes.
- 3. Use files concept to read / write data in secondary storage area.
- 4. Develop programs by applying the derived data types such as structures, unions and pointers.

Week 1

- a) Write a C Program to exchange the values of two variables with a temporary variable and without using a temporary variable.
- b) Write a C program to generate the prime factors of a given positive integer.
- c) Write a C program to find the cosine value of a given integer by using mathematical function.

Week 2

- a) Sum of the individual digits means adding all the digits of a number. Ex: 123, sum of the digits is 1+2+3 =6. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.
- b) A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: the first and second terms of the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence.

Write a C program to generate first n terms of the sequence.

c) Prime number is a number in which is exactly divisible by one and itself only.

Ex: 2, 3, 5, 7,

Write a c program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.

Week 3

- a) Write a C program to convert the Celsius temperature into Fahrenheit temperature or vice versa by using a standard formula.
- b) Write a C program to construct a pyramid of numbers.
- c) Write a C program to generate Pascal's triangle.

Week 4

- a) Write a C program to calculate the following: $Sum = 1 x^2/2! + x^4/4! x^6/6! + x^8/8! x^{10}/10!$
- b) Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from user, performs the operation and then prints the result.(consider the operators +, -, *, /, % and use the **switch** Statement).

Week 5

- a) Write a C program that uses both recursive and non-recursive functions
 - i. To find the factorial of a given integer. Factorial of a number is nothing but the multiplication of numbers from a given number to 1.
 - ii. To find the GCD (Greatest Common Divisor) of two integers. GCD means Greatest Common Divisor.i.e. the highest number which divides the given numbers.
 - Ex: GCD (12,24) is 12.

Formula: GCD = product of numbers / LCM of numbers.

b) Towers of Hanoi problem means we have three towers here source, intermediate and destination. We have to transfer all the disks from source to destination towers. Here the restriction is not to place a big disk on the smaller one and for this we use the intermediate tower. Finally the arrangements in the destination tower must be same as the disks in the source tower at first.

Write a C program that use recursive function to solve the Towers of Hanoi problem.

Week 6

- a) Write a C Program to find the largest and smallest number in a list of integers using arrays.
- b) Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following using arrays:i) Addition of Two Matricesii) Multiplication of Two Matrices

Week 7

a) 2's Compliment of a number is obtained by scanning it from right to left and complimenting all the bits after the first appearance of a 1. Thus 2's Compliment of 11100 is 00100.

Write a C program to find 2's Compliment of a binary number.

b) In converting the Roman numeral to its equivalent decimal number, we have to take ROMAN value as input and this value is converted into its equivalent decimal number.

Write a C program to convert the given Roman numeral to its decimal equivalent.

Week 8

- a) Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:
 - i. To insert a substring into a given main string from a given position.
 - ii. To delete n characters from a given position in a given string.
- b) Write a C program to determine whether the given string is Palindrome or not.

Week 9

- a) Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or 1 if S doesn't contain T.
- b) Write a C program to count the lines, words and characters in a given text.

Week 10

Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:

- i) Reading a complex number ii) writing a complex number
- iii) Addition of two complex numbers iv) Multiplication of two complex numbers

(Note: Represent complex number using a structure)

Week 11

- a) Write a C program to display the contents of a file.
- b) Write a C program which copies the contents of one file to another.

Week 12

- a) Write a C program to reverse the first n characters in a file.
- b) Write a C program to merge two files into a third file (i.e., the contents of the first file.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	•	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to ECE, ETE, EE, EEE, CSE, IT & CSSE) /

II Semester (Common to Civil Engineering, ME & AT)

L T P C 3 - - 3

Code: 17AHS01

ENGLISH FOR COMMUNICATION - I

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Students will be able to communicate their ideas effectively to their target audience.
- 2. Students will be able to develop LSRW skills.
- 3. Students will be able to utilize technology in their communication.
- 4. The students will be able to develop the language to meet the demands of industry and corporate world.

In order to improve the skills in LSRW the following course content are prescribed and divided into five units.

UNIT-I

Environmental Consciousness: Climate Change- Green cover-Pollution

REMEDIAL GRAMMAR:

- 1. Articles
- 2. Prepositions
- 3. Tenses
- 4. Sentence Construction-Strategies (avoiding Repetition and ambiguity)

UNIT-II

Emerging Technologies: Solar Thermal Power-Cloud Computing-Nanotechnology

Remedial Grammar

- 1. Sentence Transformation (Degrees, Voice, Speech & synthesis)
- 2. Common Errors in English
- 3. Subject + Verb Agreement
- 4. Modal Verbs, Question Tags

UNIT-III

Energy: Renewable and Non-Renewable sources-Alternative sources-Conservation-

Nuclear Energy

Vocabulary:

- 1. Roots-Prefixes-Suffixes(RPS Method)
- 2. Synonyms
- 3. Antonyms

UNIT-IV

Engineering Ethics: Challenger Disaster-Biotechnology-Genetic Engineering-Protection From Natural Calamities

Vocabulary:

- 1. Phrasal Verbs
- 2. Idioms
- 3. One-word substitutes
- 4. Words often confused

UNIT-V

Travel and Tourism: Advantages and Disadvantages of Travel-Tourism- Atithi Devo Bhava-Tourism in India.

Writing Practice (Composition):

- 1. Paragraph-Writing(Descriptive &Narrative)
- 2. Precise-Writing
- 3. Essay Writing, Expansion of Proverbs
- 4. Note-Making
- 5. Letter-Writing (Formal &Informal)

Text Books Prescribed:

Mindscapes, Orient Blackswan.

- 1. M. Ashraf RizWi, -Technical English Communication I, Tata Mc Graw Hill, Latest Edition.
- 2. Basic communication skills for Technology, Andrea J Rutherford, Pearson Education, Asia.
- 3. Technical communication by Meenakshi Raman Sangeetha Sharma, Oxford
- 4. Oxford Practice Grammar by John Eastwood , Oxford.
- 5. English Pronouncing Dictionary by Daniel Jones Oxford.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech – II Semester (Common to All Branches)

L T P C

3 1 - 3

Code: 17AHS09 NUMERICAL AND TRANSFORM TECHNIQUES

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Gain mathematical skills to apply for real life situations.
- 2. Cater the needs of Mathematics to engineering oriented problems.
- 3. Solve any practical problem using Mathematical techniques.

UNIT-I

SOLUTION OF ALGEBRAIC AND TRANSCENDENTAL EQUATIONS: Introduction -

The Bisection method- The method of false position - Newton - Raphson method.

Interpolation: Forward Differences - backward differences-Newton's forward and backward differences formulae for interpolation - Lagrange's interpolation formula - Inverse interpolation .Cubic Spline interpolation.

UNIT-II

NUMERICAL DIFFERENTIATION-First and second order derivatives.

NUMERICAL INTEGRATION: Trapezoidal rule - Simpson's1/3 rule and 3/8 th Rule-Numerical solutions of ordinary differential equations by Taylor's series-Picard's method of successive Approximations - Euler's and Modified Euler's Method – Runge-Kutta Methods – Predictor - corrector method - Milne's method.

UNIT-III

LAPLACE TRANSFORMS: Laplace transforms of standard functions - First Shifting Theorem

 Transforms of derivatives and integrals- Unit step Function – Second Shifting Theorem – Laplace transforms of Periodic functions – Inverse Laplace transforms - Convolution theorem.
Applications of Laplace Transforms to ODE

UNIT-IV

FOURIER SERIES: Fourier series- Even and odd functions-Fourier series in an arbitrary interval -Half-range Fourier sine and cosine expansions. Fourier integral theorem (statement) - Fourier sine and cosine integrals. Fourier Transforms - Fourier sine and cosine Transforms.

UNIT-V

PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS: Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions - Method of separation of variables - solution of one dimensional wave equation, heat equation and two – dimensional Laplace's equation.

Z-T RANSFORMS: Inverse Z- transforms – Properties - Damping rule- Shifting rule - Initial and final value theorems. Convolution theorem - Solution of difference equations by Z- transforms.

Text Books:

- 1. Dr.B.S.GREWAL, Higher Engineering Mathematics. Kanna Publications, 40th edition.
- 2. B.V.Ramana, A Text Book Of Engineering Mathematics-I, TATA MC GRAWHILL
- 3. E. RUKMANGADACHARI AND KESHAVA REDDY, A Text Book of Engineering Mathematics-I, PEARSON EDUCATION.
- 4. T.K.V.IYENGAR, B.KRISHNA GANDHI AND OTHERS, A Text Book Of Engineering Mathematics –I, S.Chand and Company.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics. JOHN WILEY & SONS-2016.
- 2. Jain.M.K, Iyengart.K.V, Jain.R.K. Numerical Methods For Scientific And Engineering Computation. Newage International Publishers.
- 3. N.Bail, M.Goyal & C.Walking, A Text Book Of Advanced Engineering Mathematics- A Computer Approach.
- 4. Pal, Mathematical Methods, Oxford University Press, 2009.
- 5. S.S. Sastry, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Printice Hall of India publications, 2012.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to ECE, ETE, EE, EEE, CSE, IT & CSSE) / II Semester (Common to Civil Engineering, ME & AT)

L T P C

3 1 - 3

17AHS03 ENGINEERING PHYSICS

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. By studying optics, lasers and fiber optics, different realms of physics and their application in both scientific and technological systems are achieved.
- 2. The crystal properties, periodicity and structure is determined. Crystal defects can be understood using x-rays and various ultrasonic techniques are determined.
- 3. By understanding the quantum structure of sub-atomic particles, the observation of physical properties exhibited by methods are lifted.
- 4. The importance of superconducting and magnetic materials and their applications are focused to understandelectronic devices.
- 5. The application of semiconductors and nanomaterials are useful to design electronic devices.

UNIT-1 OPTICS

Interference: Introduction - Interference in thin films by reflection – Newton Rings. Diffraction:

Introduction - Fraunhofer diffraction due to single slit- Diffraction spectra usingGrating.

Lasers: Introduction – Laser Characteristics – Spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation– Einstein's coefficients – population inversion –Ruby laser - He-Ne laser- Semiconductor Laser-Applications of laser.

Fiber optics: Introduction – Principle of optical fiber – Acceptance angle and acceptance cone – Numerical aperture – Classification of Optical Fibers- Attenuation in optical fibers – Optical fiber communication system- Applications of optical fibers.

UNIT - II

CRYSTAL STRUCTURES AND X-RAY DIFFRACTION: Introduction – Space lattice – Basis – Unit cell – Lattice parameters – Crystal systems – Bravais lattices – Structure and packing fractions of Simple cubic, body centered cubic, face centered cubic crystals-Directions and planes in crystals – Miller Indices – Bragg's law – X-ray diffraction by powder method.

ULTRASONICS: Introduction - Production of ultrasonic by piezoelectric method - Properties and detection of

Ultrasonic waves - Applications of Ultrasonics.

UNIT - III

PRINCIPLES OF QUANTUM MECHANICS: Wave and particles – de Broglie hypotheses – Properties of Matter waves –Heisenberg uncertainity principle- Schrödinger time independent wave equation – Physical significance of wave function – Particle in one dimensional Infinite potential box **Free electron theory:** Classical free electron theory – Electrical conductivity – merits and demerits – Quantum free electron theory –merits and demerits - Fermi Dirac distribution - Kronig penny model qualitative only.

UNIT - IV

MAGNETIC PROPERTIES: Introduction and basic definitions – Origin of magnetic moment – Classification of magnetic materials – Hysteresis curve – Hard and Soft Magnetic Materials-Applications.

SUPERCONDUCTORS: General properties of superconductors – Meissner effect – Penetration depth – Type I and Type II superconductors – Flux quantization – Josephson effect – Application of superconductors.

UNIT - V

SEMICONDUCTORS: Introduction – Intrinsic and extrinsic Semiconductors–Fermi level-Equation of conductivity - Drift and diffusion – Einstein's equation – Hall Effect - Solar Cell.

NANOMATERIALS: Introduction – Significance of Nano scale - Types of nanomaterials-Dimensionality – Growth of nanomaterials: Ball milling method - Sol-Gel method - Chemical vapor deposition – Properties of nanomaterials: Optical, Electrical, Mechanical and Magnetic application of nano materials.

Text Books:

- Avadhanulu and Kshirasagar A Text book of Engineering Physicsl Revised Edition, S.Chand, New Delhi 2014
- 2. Gaur and Gupta –Engineering Physics New Delhi, DhanpatRai Publishers, 2010
- 3. Thyagarajan K -Engineering Physics∥ Delhi, Tata Mcgraw Hill Publishers, 2013.

- 1. Pillai.S.O: Solid State Physics, 6thedition, New Delhi: New Age International, 2005.
- 2. Chattopadhyay, K. K; Banerjee, A.N –Introduction to Nano Science and Technology∥ New Delhi: PHI, 2009.
- 3. Resnick, Halliday and Walker –Fundamentals of Physics 9th Edition, New Delhi: Wiley Publishers, 2010.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech- II Semester (Common to All Branches)

L T P C

3 - - 3

Code: 17ACS03

DATA STRUCTURES

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand different types of advanced abstract data types (ADT), Data structures and their implementation.
- 2. Handle operations like searching, insertion, deletion, traversing mechanism etc. on various data structures.
- 3. Apply various techniques for representation and manipulation of the data in the real world.
- 4. Choose appropriate sorting and searching mechanism based on the problembeing solved.

UNIT – I

Introduction to Data Structures: Definition of Data Structures, Abstract Data Type,

Classification of Data Structures- Linear and Non-Linear, Applications.

UNIT – II

Stacks and Queues

Stacks: Basic Operations, Array representation of stacks, Stack applications-Reversing Data,

Infix to Postfix Transformation, Postfix expression evaluation, Other applications of Stacks.

Queues: Basic Operations, Array representation of Queues, Circular Queues, Priority

Queue, Dequeue, Applications of Queues.

Dynamic Memory Allocation

UNIT – III

Linear List: Concepts of Linked Lists, Types of Linked Lists, Basic List Operations, Concatenating two lists, Singly Linked List implementation, Linked representations of Stacks &

Queues, Doubly Linked List and its Operations, Circularly Linked List, Application of LinkedLists.

UNIT – IV

Searching and Sorting

Searching: Linear and Binary search methods.

Sorting: Bubble sort, Selection sort, Insertion sort, Quick sort, Merge Sort.

UNIT – V

Trees and Graphs

Trees: Basic Tree Concepts, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals, Applications of Binary Trees, Binary Search Trees, Spanning Trees.

Graphs: Introduction, Graph Representation in C, Graph Storage Structures- Adjacency Matrix, Adjacency List, Graph Traversals, Applications.

Text Books:

- 1. Richard Gilberg, Behrouz Forouzan, -Data Structures: A P seudocode Approach with C (Data Structures Series)l, Second Edition, Cengage Learning, 2004.
- Gav Pai, -Data Structures and Algorithms Concepts, Techniques and Applications^{II}, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.

- 1. A.A.Puntambekar, -Data Structures Using CII, First Edition, Technical Publications, 2009.
- 2. E Balagurusamy, -Data Structures Using CI, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2013.
- 3. Ashok N. Kamthane, -Introduction to Data Structures in Cll, Pearson Education India,2007.
- Horowitz, Ellis, Sahni, Sartaj, Anderson-Freed, Susan (2008), -Fundamentals of Data Structure in Cl, Second Edition, University Press, India.
- 5. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105085/ (NPTEL video lectures).

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to Civil Engineering, EEE, CSE, IT & CSSE) / II Semester (Common to ME, AT, ECE, ETE & EE)

L T P C

3 - - 3

Code: 17AHS05

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Will be able to understand what constitutes the environment, how to conserve the precious resources and maintain the ecological balance. They will be aware of maintain the ecological balance based on the cultural biological diversity
- 2. can realize the importance of ecosystem, biodiversity and its conservation.
- 3. will be able to identify the major pollutants and abatement devices in order to protect the environment from pollution for effective environmental management.
- 4. will be Capable of managing social issues related to the environment and be aware of the enforcement of environment acts in our constitution.
- 5. will be able to analyse of the population growth and its effect on environment and human health.

UNIT-I

ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES: Definition, Scope and Importance, Need for Public Awareness - Components of Environment(Atmosphere, Hydrosphere, Lithosphere and Biosphere) –Natural resources and associated problems- **Forest resources:** Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies– Timber extraction, Mining, Dams and other effects on forest and tribal people- **Water resources:** Use and over utilization of surface and ground water, Floods, Drought, conflicts over water, dams-benefits and problems- **Food resources:** World food problems, Sources, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, impacts of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. **Energy resources:** Renewable and Non-renewable energy resources

UNIT-II

ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY : Concept of an ecosystem, Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, Consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Ecological Succession - Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystems: Forest- Grassland-Desert-Aquatic (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)- Introduction to biodiversity:

Definition, types(genetic, species and ecosystem diversity)-Bio-geographical classification of India-Value of biodiversity(Consumptive use, Productive use, Social use, Ethical use, Aesthetic and Option values)- India as a mega diversity nation-Hot spots of India-Threats to biodiversity(habitat loss, Poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts)- Conservation of biodiversity(In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity).

UNIT-III

ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION: Definition, causes, effects and control measures of: a. Air Pollution b. Water Pollution c. Soil Pollution d. Noise Pollution e. Thermal Pollution f. Nuclear hazards, Solid Waste Management: Causes, effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes- Role of an individual in prevention of pollution- Pollution case Studies- Environmental Impact Assessment- Disaster management: Floods, Earthquake, Cyclone, Landslides and Tsunamis - Field Trip- Visit to a local polluted site- Urban/Industrial etc.

UNIT-IV

SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT: From unsustainable to sustainable development- Water conservation(rainwater harvesting, watershed management), Cloud seeding-Resettlement and rehabilitation of people its problems and concerns, case studies- Environmental ethics-Issues and possible solutions-Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion-Act's: Environment Protection Act-Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act-Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act-Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act-Wildlife Protection Act-Forest Conservation Act.

UNIT-V

HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT: Population growth, variation among nation, Population explosion-Family Welfare Programme-Environment and human health-Human Rights-Value Education-HIV/AIDS-Women and Child Welfare-Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health.

Text Books:

- 1. Benny Joseph, Environmental Studies, Mc Graw Hill Publications, 2nd Edition, 2016.
- 2. Kaushik, Anubha & Kauhsik, C.P., Environmental Science (As per the latest syllabus JNTU, Anantpur), New Age International Publishers, 5th Edition, 2016.
- Dr. A. Ravikrishnan, Environmental Sciences (JNTU Anantapur), Sri Krishna Hitech Publishing company Pvt Ltd, 2016.

References:

- G. Tyler Miller and Scottt Spoolman, Environmental Science, Cengage Learning Publishers, 15th Edition, 2015.
- Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela, Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science, Prentice Hall, 3rd Edition, 2007.
- 3. Cunningham, W. P. Cooper, T. H. Gorhani, Environmental Encyclopedia, Jaico publications, Mumbai, 2001.
- 4. Erach Bharucha, Textbook of Environmental Studies for UGC, University Press, 2005.
- 5. B.K.Sharma Environmental Chemistry, Krishna Prakashan Media (p) Ltd, 2011.
- 6. V.P. Kudesia Environmental Chemistry, Pragati Prakashan Publications, 2nd edition, Meerut, 2003

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to ECE, ETE, EE, EEE, CSE, IT & CSSE) /

II Semester (Common to Civil Engineering, ME & AT)

L T P C 1 - 4 3

Code: 17AME02 COMPUTER AIDED ENGINEERING DRAWING

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Communicate his/her ideas effectively by using orthographic projections in computer software.
- 2. Develop engineering drawing shapes in AutoCAD.
- 3. Compile the projection of points, lines, planes and solids then create virtual drawings by using computer.
- 4. Analyze the various sectional views and develop the surfaces of engineering objects.
- 5. Use the BIS and create drawings.
- 6. Elaborate the Conversion of 2D to 3D and vice-versa.

Introduction:

- 1. Information about sketch book and allotment of marks for both sketching and computer execution work.
- 2. AutoCAD commands and use of limits, units and dimensioning the views on computer.
- 3. Orthographic projections Principles of projection both first and third angle and symbols.
- 4. Practicing on computer (first classes).
- 5. All the problems are to be solved on the sketch book and after it is checked by the instructor, it should be executed on the computer.

Theory:

UNIT-I:

Geometrical constructions – construction of polygons (inscribing, circumscribing), special methods– circle-tangents, Conics-ellipse, parabola, hyperbola -properties of conics, special methods of construction.

UNIT-II

Projections of points – Projections of straight lines- lines inclined to both the principal planes, determination of true length, traces and true inclinations.

UNIT-III

Projections of planes – inclined to both the principal planes.

Projection of regular solids – prisms, Pyramids, cylinders, tetrahedron and cones – axis inclined to one plane.

UNIT-IV

Sections of solids such as prisms, pyramids, cylinders, tetrahedron and cones (solids in simple position) – True shape of the section.

Development of surfaces of simple solids, as above and part solids.

UNIT-V

Principles of isometric projection – isometric scale – isometric projection of planes and solids – conversion of orthographic views into isometric views and vice- versa.

Practice:

1. Geometrical constructions:

- a) Sketching of polygons Triangles, Square, Rectangle, Pentagon, Hexagon, Circle at different positions.
- b) Sketching of Tangents to the circles.

2. Conics:

Constructions of Ellipse, Parabola, Hyperbola

3. Points:

Drawing the quadrants and positioning of the points with reference to H.P & V.P with dimensions.

4. Lines:

- a) Sketching of lines when they are
 - i. Parallel to both H.P & V.P
 - ii. Parallel to V.P/H.P and perpendicular to H.P /V.P
 - iii. Parallel to V.P/H.P and inclined to H.P /V.P
 - iv. Inclined to both the planes
- b) Sketching of the line to measure true length & true inclinations
- c) Sketching of the line to determine the traces

5. Planes:

Sketching of the planes when they are

- a) Perpendicular to V.P/H.P and parallel to H.P /V.P
- b) Inclined to V.P/H.P and perpendicular to H.P /V.P
- c) Perpendicular to both V.P and H.P.
- d) Inclined to both V.P and H.P.

6. Solids:

- a) Sketching of 2D shapes and convert it to 3D solids (Prisms, Pyramids, cube, cylinder, one, tetrahedron)
- b) Sketching of projections of solids when the position of axis is
 - i. Perpendicular to V.P/H.P and parallel to H.P /V.P.
 - ii. Inclined to V.P/H.P and parallel to H.P /V.P.
 - iii. Parallel to both V.P and H.P.

7. Sections of solids:

- a) Different types of hatching on the polygons.
- b) Sketching of sections of solids when the section/cutting plane is
 - i. Parallel to V.P/H.P and perpendicular to H.P /V.P.
 - ii. Inclined to V.P/H.P and perpendicular to H.P /V.P.
 - iii. Perpendicular to both principal planes.
- c) Sketching of sections when the cutting plane passing through different positions- base, axis, corner, apex/vertex, generator, lateral edge.
- d) Sketching of true shapes.

8. Development of surfaces:

Sketching of developed surfaces of

- a) cylinder, prisms using parallel line method
- b) cone, pyramids using radial line method
- c) truncated solids and frustum

9. Orthographic Projections:

Sketching of 2D views of front, top and side views of 3D objects.

10. Isometric projections:

- a) Setting of isometric grid
- b) Sketching of isometric views of 3D models / shapes.

Text Books

1. K. L. Narayana and S. Bheemanjaneyulu, Engineering Drawing with AutoCAD 2016, New Age Publishers, New Delhi, 2017.

2. Basant Agrawal and C.M.Agrawal, Engineering Drawing, Mc Graw Hill Education 2e

Reference Books:

1. K.Venugopal, Engineering Drawing and Graphics + AutoCad , New Age International (P) Ltd, Publishers, New Delhi, Fourth Edition

2. Siddiquee Arshad. N., Zahid A. Khan, Mukhtar Ahmad, Engineering Drawing: With primer on AUTOCAD, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.,

Internal examination : (Max 40 Marks)

Average day-to-day evaluation = 20 marks

Internal Test = 20 marks

Internal Test Question paper pattern (Max 20 Marks)

Paper setting: Answer any two out of three questions. Prepare sketches to scale in the sketch book and later on execute in the computer using AutoCAD. 10 marks for work in the sketch book and 10 marks for computer work.

- 1. First question from unit I or Unit II, Second question from Unit III or Unit IV, Third question from Unit V.
- 2. Internal exam duration 2 Hours.

External /Final examination Question paper pattern (Max 60 Marks)

(Internal Evaluation & Paper setting)

Paper setting:

- 1. Answer any three out of five questions. Prepare sketches to scale in the sketch book and later on execute in the computer using AutoCAD. 30 marks for work in the sketch book and 30 marks for computer work.
- 2. Five questions with one question from each unit.
- 3. Final exam duration 3 Hours.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO6	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to ECE, ETE, EE, EEE, CSE, IT, & CSSE) / II Semester (Civil Engineering, ME & AT)

L T P C

Code: 17AHS07 COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB

The **Language Lab** focuses on the production and practice of sounds of language and equips students with the use of English in everyday situations and contexts.

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. The students will be able to recognize English sounds- Monopthongs, Diphthongs and consonantal sounds.
- 2. The students will be able to use correct Pronunciation in English.
- 3. The students will be able to differentiate between Received Pronunciation and varieties of English.
- 4. The students will be able to apply proper stress pattern in speaking English language.

The following course content is prescribed for the **English Language Laboratory** sessions.

I PHONETICS: Organs of speech, speech mechanism, vowels, consonants, diphthongs, syllable division, word stress, intonation, phonetic transcription with support of speech solutions,

II TENSES: Speaking of past, present & Future, Role play.

III INFORMAL CONVERSATIONS:

Situational conversation

- Greeting/Self-introduction
- Expressing the cause of something
- Describe a current situation
- Speaking traditions/customs/public issues
- Making plans for vacation
- Expressing of emotions
- Shopping –bargaining price and making purchases

IV FORMAL CONVERSATIONS:

Situational conversation

- Making an appointment
- Naming foods and describing tastes
- Reporting other person's messages
- Requesting
- Asking for directions and describing
- Making suggestions, agreements and refusals

V GROUP DISCUSSIONS:

Do's and Don'ts of a G.D. speaking on Knowledge based, controversial or abstract topics.

Prescribed software for Practice:

Sky Pronunciation, Pro-power 2 & Globarena

Reference Books:

- 1. A Text Book of English Phonetics for Indian students by T. Balasubramaniyam, Macmillan Ltd., 2000.
- Sasikumar.V and P.V. Dhamija, Spoken English: A Self-Learning Guide to Conversation Practice. 34th Reprint. Tata MCGraw Hill. New Delhi, 1993.
- 3. Spoken English, R.K. Bansal and J.B. Harrison, Orient Longman 2006 Edn.
- 4. Speaking English Effectively, Krishna Mohan & amp; NP Singh (Macmillan)
- 5. Body language- Your success Mantra, Dr Shalini Verma, S. Chand & amp; Co, 2008.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech – I Semester (Common to ECE, ETE, EE, EEE, CSE, IT & CSSE) / II Semester (Common to Civil Engineering, ME & AT)

L T P C - - 3 1.5

Code: 17AHS08 ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain importance of optical phenomenon like interference and diffraction of light
- 2. Define concepts pertaining to optical fiber, semiconductor, magnetic materials, lasers and their relative parameters
- 3. Use optical fibers in the field of communication.

A minimum of 10 experiments to be conducted during the academic year

- 1. Determine the wavelengths of given light source Spectrometer.
- 2. Dispersive power of prism
- 3. Determine the thickness of thin wire by Interference.
- 4. Determine the wavelength of given laser source Diffraction grating.
- 5. Determine the radius of curvature of given plano convex lens by forming Newton Rings.
- 6. Magnetic field along the axis of a current carrying coil Stewart and Gee's method.
- 7. Numerical Aperture of an optical fiber.
- 8. Bending losses in Optical Fiber.
- 9. Determine the wavelength of Laser source using optical fiber.
- 10. Determine Hall Coefficient and Carrier concentration of the given Semiconductor.
- 11. Determine the energy loss of ferromagnetic sample by plotting B-H curve
- 12. Energy gap of a given semiconductor.
- 13. Determination of lattice constant using x-ray diffraction spectrum.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3			1					3				3	2
CO2	3				1				3				3	2
CO3	3								3				3	2

14. Determine the particle size using laser source.

I B.Tech- II Semester (Common to All Branches)

L T P C

- 31.5

Code: 17ACS05

DATA STRUCTURES LAB

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate the application of software engineering principles in design, coding, and testing of largeprograms.
- 2. Emphasize the specification of each data structure as an abstract data type before discussing implementations and application of the structure.
- 3. Aware of the importance of structured programming methods in developing the software.
- 4. Know the systematic approach to study algorithms, by focuses first on understanding the action of the algorithm then analyzing it

Week 1

Write a C program that implements Stack & Queue operations using arrays

Week 2

Write a C program that uses Stack operations to perform the following

- a) Converting Infix expression to Postfix expression.
- b) Evaluating the Postfix expression.

Week 3

Write a C program that implements Circular Queue operations using Arrays.

Week 4

Write a C program that implements Dequeue operations using Arrays.

Week 5

Write a C program that implements Stack & Queue operations using Pointers

Week 6

Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations on singly linked list.

i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal

Week 7

Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations on doubly linked list.

i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal

Week 8

Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations on circular linked list.

i) Creation ii) Insertion iii) Deletion iv) Traversal

Week 9

Write C programs that use both recursive and non recursive functions to perform the following searching operations for a Key value in a given list of integers:

i) Linear search ii) Binary search

Week 10

Write a C program that implements the following sorting methods to sort a given list of integers in ascending order

i) Bubble sort ii) Selection sort iii) Insertion sort

Week 11

Write a C program that implements the following sorting method to sort a given list of integers in ascending order:

i) Merge sort ii) Quick sort

Week 12

Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following Binary Tree Traversalsa) Inorderb) Preorderc) Postorder

Week 13

Write a C program to implement the following graph traversals

a) Depth-First Search b) Breadth- First Search

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech., II Semester (Common for all Branches)

L T P C

Code: 17AHS10 QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE AND REASONING – I (Common to all Branches)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Strengthen their ability to meet the challenges in solving Time and distance problems.
- 2. Apply Data interpretation to solve the problems on Line, Bar, Pie graphs.
- 3. Develop the thinking ability and apply Venn diagram and binary logic.
- 4. Apply the number series and letter analogies in problems on verbal analogy.

Syllabus for Ouantitative Aptitude

Competency 1:

1.1 Numbers

Classification of numbers-Divisibility rules-Finding the units digit-Finding remainders in divisions involving higher powers-LCM and HCF Models.

- **1.2** Decimal Fractions
- **1.3** Simplification
- **1.4** Square Roots & Cube Roots
- 1.5 Average

Definition of Average- Rules of Average-Problems on Average-Problems on Weighted Average-Finding Average using Assumed mean method.

- **1.6** Problems on Numbers
- **1.7** Problems on Ages
- 1.8 Surds & Indices

1.9 Percentage

Introduction –Converting a percentage into decimals-Converting a Decimal into a Percentage-Percentage equivalent of fractions-Problems on Percentages.

1.10 Profit and Loss & True Discount

Problems on profit and loss percentage-Relation between cost price and selling price-Discount and Marked Price-Two different articles sold at same cost price-Two different articles sold at same selling price-Gain%/Loss% on selling.

1.11 Ratio and Proportion

Definition of Ration-Properties of Ratios-comparison of Ratios-Problem on Ratios-Compound Ratio-Problems of Proportion, Mean Proportional and continued Proportion.

Competency 2:

2.1 Partnership

Introduction-Relation between capitals, Period of investments and Shares

2.2 Chain Rule

2.3 Time & Work

Problems on unitary method-Relation between Men,Days,Hours and work-Problems on Man-Day-Hours method-Problems on alternate days-Problems on Pipes and Cisterns.

2.4 Time and Distance

Relation between speed, distance and time-Converting Kmph into m/s and vice cersa-Problems on average speed-Problems on relative speed-Problems on trains-Problems on boats and streams-Problems on circular tracks-Problems on races.

2.5 Mixtures and Allegations

Problems on mixtures-Allegations rule-Problems on Allegation

2.6 Simple Interest

Definitions-Problems on interest and amount-Problems when rate of interest and time period are numerically equal.

2.7 Compound Interest

Definition and formula for amount in compound interest-Difference between simple interest and compound interest for 2 years on the same principle and time period.

2.8 Logarithms

Competency 3:

1.1 Cubes

Basics of a cube-Formulae for finding volume and surface area of a cube-Finding the minimum number of cuts when the number of identical pieces are given-Finding the maximum number of pieces when cuts are given –Problems on painted cubes of same and different colors-Problems on cuboids-Problems on painted cuboids-Problems on diagonal cuts

12 Venn diagrams

Representing the given data in the form of a Venn diagram-Problems on Venn diagrams with two sets-Problems on Venn diagrams with three sets-Problems on Venn diagrams with four sets

13 Binary Logic

Definition of a truth –teller –Definition of a liar-Definition of an alternator-Solving problems using method of assumptions-Solvinh analytical puzzles using binary logic.

Competency 4:

4.1 Number and letter series

Difference series-Product series-Square series-Cubes Series-Alternate Series-Combination Series-Miscellaneous Series-Place values of letters.

4.2 Number and Letter Analogies

Definition of Analogy-Problems on number analogy-Problems on letter analogy – Problems on verbal analogy.

Odd man out

Problems on number Odd man out-Problems on letter Odd man out-Problems on verbal Odd man out.

Competency 5:

1.1 Coding and Decoding

Coding using same set of letters-Coding using different set of letters-Coding into

a number – Problems on R-model.

1.2 Direction sense

Solving problems by drawing the paths-Finding the net distance travelled-Finding the direction-Problems on clocks-Problems on shadows-Problems on damaged compass –Problems on direction sense using symbols and notations

1.3 Critical Reasoning

Problems on assumption-Problems on conclusion-Problems on inferences-Problems on strengthening and weakening of arguments-Problems on principle – problems on paradox

1.4 Lateral reasoning puzzle

Problems on common balance –Problems on digital balance –Problems on coins-Problems on lockers-Problems on heights-Digit puzzles using basic arthimetic operations.

Text Books:

- 1. GL Barrons: _Thorpe's Verbal reasoning', Tata MC Graw-Hills, LSAT Materials, 2015.
- 2. R S Agarwal: A modern approach to logical reasoning', S Chand Company Ltd 2002.

Reference Books:

- 1. Abhjit Guha: _Quantitative Aptitude', Tata MC Graw Hills, 4th Edition, 2011.
- 2. R S Agarwal: _Quantitative Aptitude', S Chand Company Ltd 2008.

3. G.L BARRONS: _Quantitative Aptitude', Tata MC Graw Hills, 2014.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	2

I B.Tech., II Semester (Common for all Branches)

LTPC

Code: 17AHS11 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explore the knowledge in determination of trade secrets status.
- 2. Adequate knowledge in New Developments in trade law.
- 3. Understand the complexities involved in the process of attributing intellectual property rights
- 4. Learn the legalities of intellectual property to avoid plagiarism and other IPR relates crimes like copyright, infringements, etc.
- 5. Learn the fundamental principles and the application of those principles to factual, real-world disputes.

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY: Introduction, types of intellectual property, international organizations, agencies and treaties, importance of intellectual property rights.

UNIT-II

TRADE MARKS: Purpose and function of trademarks, acquisition of trademarks rights, protectable matter, selecting and evaluating trademark, trademark registration processes.

UNIT-III

LAW OF COPYRIGHTS AND LAW OF PATENTS: Fundamentals of copyrights law, originality of material, rights to reproduction, rights to perform the work publicly, copyright ownership issues.

Copyright registration, notice of copyright, international copyright law, foundation of patent law, patent searching process, ownership rights and transfer.

UNIT-IV

TRADE SECRETS AND UNFAIR COMPETITION: Trade secrets law, determination of trade secrets status, liability for misappropriations of trade secrets, protection for submission, trade secrets litigation, misappropriation of right of publicity and false advertising.

UNIT-V

NEW DEVELOPMENTS OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY: New developments in trade law, copyright law, patent law, intellectual property audits international overview of intellectual property, international-trademark law, copyright law, international patent law, international development in trade secrets law.

Text Books:

- 1. Deborah. E. Bouchoux, -Intellectual Property Rightl, Cengage Learning, 4th Edition, 2013.
- Prabuddha Ganguli, -Intellectual Property Right: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy^{II}, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 3rd Edition, 2005.

Reference Books:

- 1. Catherine J. Holland, -Intellectual Property: Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Trade Secrets^{II}, Entrepreneur Press, CDR Edition, 2007.
- 2. Stephen Elias, -Patent, Copyright & Trademark: A Desk Reference to Intellectual Property Lawl, LisaGoldoftas Publishers, Nolo Press, 1996.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech., II Semester (Common for all Branches)

L T P C

Code: 17AHS12 CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Develop the knowledge pertinent to the organism, developmental, social and situational factors those are relevant to the initiation and maintenance of human behavior.

2. Understand the present and implement effective strategies to deal with these issues during work with patients.

3. interpret professional identity and practice as clinical psychologists through fundamental knowledge of psychology, commitment to professional ethics.

4. Use the concepts of multiculturalism, diversity and participation for life-long learning.

UNIT-I

BASIC PSYCHOLOGY: Introduction: Psychology, definition, psychology as a science, early schools of psychology, modern perspectives, methods of psychology, experimental method, systematic observation, case study method, survey method, fields of psychology.

UNIT-II

BIOLOGY OF BEHAVIOR AND SENSORY PROCESS: Neurons and synapses: Nervous system, peripheral and central nervous system: brain and sleep: importance of fore brain, association cortex, left and right hemisphere functions; Some general properties of senses, subliminal stimuli, the visual sense, auditory sense, the other senses; Consciousness, meaning, functions, divided consciousness, stages of sleep, dreams, meditation, hypnosis.

UNIT-III

ATTENTION AND PERCEPTION: Selective attention; physiological correlates of attention, internal influences on perception, learning set, motivation and emotion, cognitive styles.

External influences on perception, figure ground, movement, illusions, perceptual
Department of Mechanical Engineering
Pa

organization, constancy, depth perception, binocular and monocular cues.

UNIT-IV

MOTIVATION AND EMOTION MOTIVES: Definitions, motivation cycle, theories of motivation, biological motivation, social motives, frustration and conflicts of motives, defense mechanism, emotion, expression and judgment of emotion, the physiology of emotion, theories of emotion.

UNIT-V

CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY & MENTAL HEALTH: History of clinical psychology and its role in understanding and alleviation of mental illness, promotion of mental health and rehabilitation of the mentally ill, role and functions of clinical psychologists in DMHP, professional code of conduct and ethical issues.

Text Books:

- 1. M. S. Bhatia, -Clinical Psychologyl, B J Publishers,1st Edition, 2008.
- Paul Bennett, —Abnormal and Clinical Psychology: An Introductory Textbookl, Pearson Publishers, 2ndEdition, 2006.

Reference Books:

- Robert A. Baron, Girishwar Misra, -Psychology: Indian Subcontinent Edition^{||}, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2009.
- HillGard, E. R., C.A. Richard, L.A.Rita, -Introduction to Psychology[∥], Oxford and IBH, New Delhi, 6th Edition, 1976.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

I B.Tech., II Semester (Common for all Branches) L T P C

Code: 17AHS13 GERMAN LANGUAGE

Outcomes

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Develop reading, writing, speaking, and listening skills with ever increasing proficiency and accuracy.
- 2. Enhance grammatical accuracy through written assignments.
- 3. Implement the language skills in listening, speaking, reading and writing in German language.

UNIT-I

GERMAN SOUNDS: Vowels, consonants, diphthongs, umlaut, the nouns, gender distinctions, cases, definite and indefinite articles, conjugation of verbs, verbs with separable and inseparable prefixes, modal verbs, personal pronouns, possessive pronouns, reflexive pronouns, cases nominative, accusative and dative; Structure of sentence and categories of sentences, subordinate clause, causative and conditional sentences; A very interesting slideshow presentation is held to enlighten the students about the culture, people, and lifestyle in Germany.

UNIT-II

SENTENCES FORMATION: Infinite sentences, use of conjunctive and conjunctive ii (contd.) plusquam perfect, modal verb (contd.) Conjunction, temporal, subordinate clauses complex sentences.

UNIT-III

GERMAN BASIC GRAMMAR: Verbs: Different forms, past tense and present perfect tense, adjectives and their declension, degrees of comparison; Prepositions, genitive case, conjunctive. Different conjunctions (co-ordinating and subordinating), simple, complex and compound sentences, active and passive voice, relative pronouns.

UNIT-IV

PURPOSE OF LANGUAGE STUDY: Pictures and perceptions, conflicts and solutions, change and the future, the purpose of the study of the German language, listening, understanding, reacting, speaking, communicating, use of language, pronunciation and

intonation ,reading, reading and understanding, writing, text writing, text forming, use of language, language reflection, building up the language, language comparison, culture reflection, other cultures and cultural identity.

UNIT-V

GERMAN ADVANCED COMMUNICATION LEVEL-1: The significance of language

study 1. Speaking and thinking 2. Self – discovery 3. Communication 4. Language Competence 2. Language and culture 6. Language changes 7. Connection with other areas of study 8. The mother—language 9. Other languages.

Text Books:

- 1. Korbinian, Lorenz Nieder Deutschals Fremdsprache IA. Ausländer, –German Languagell, Perfect Paperback Publishers, 1st Edition, 1992.
- Deutsch alsFremdsprache, IB, Erganzungskurs, —German Languagel, Front Cover. Klett, Glossar Deutsch-Spanisch Publishers, 1st Edition, 1981.

Reference Books:

- 1. Griesbach, --Moderner Gebrauch der deutschen Sprachel, Schulz Publishers, 10th Edition, 2011.
- Anna Quick, Hermann Glaser U.A, -Intermediate German: A Grammar and workbook ||, Paperback, 1st Edition, 2006.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

II B.Tech - I Semester (C	Common to CE, ME and AT)	L	Т	Р	С
		3	1	0	3
17AHS15	PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS				

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply probability distributions to real life problems.
- 2. Enables the student for making wise decisions in the case of uncertainty.
- 3. Apply sampling methods in the day to day practical life to assess the quality of commodities .
- 4. Make the inferences about a population parameters using different distributions .
- 5. Minimize the costs of offering facilities and cost of waiting time by applying queuing theory.

UNIT-I

RANDOM VARIABLES & THEORITICAL DISTRIBUTIONS: Discrete and Continuous

random variables - Distribution functions - Moment generating functions. Binomial distribution

– Poisson distribution – Normal distribution – related properties.

UNIT-II

CORRELATION AND REGRESSION: Karl Pearson coefficient of correlation – Spearman

Rank correlation – Regression lines – x on y and y on x – Angle between Regression lines.

UNIT-III

ESTIMATION: Point estimation – Interval estimation – Bayesian estimation.

TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS: Type I error and Type II errors, one tail, two tail tests -

Hypothesis concerning one and two means – Hypothesis concerning one and two proportions.

UNIT-IV

TESTING OF SIGNIFICANCE: Student- t-test, F-test, Chi-square $[\chi^2]$ test: χ^2 test for

goodness of fit – the analysis of RxC tables.

ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE - One way and two way classifications.

UNIT-V

STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL: Introduction to Quality Control, Construction of \overline{X} ,

Range chart, C - chart and P charts.

QUEUING THEORY: Introduction - Pure Birth and Death process- M/M/1 Model – Problems on M/M/1 Model.

Text Books:

- Miller and John Freund. E, Probability & Statistics for Engineers, New Delhi, Pearson Education, 2014.
- Iyengar, T.K.V., Krishna Gandhi B., Probability & Statistics, New Delhi, S. Chand & Company, 2014.
- Shahnaz Bathul, A text book of Probability & Statistics, Vijayawada, V. G.S. Books links, 2010.

Reference Books:

- S.C. Gupta, V.K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Sultan chand publications. 2014.
- 2. Arnold O Allen, Probability & Statistics, Academic Press. 2014.
- Ahmed Waheedullah, Ahmed Mohiuddin. M, Sulthan Ali, Probability & Statistics, Hyd, Hitech Publishers, 2006.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

II B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C 3 1 - 3

17ACE10 ENGINEERING MECHANICS - II

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcome:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Define dynamic analysis of rigid body motion

- 2. Apply work energy relations
- 3. analyze the oscillating motions assuming Simple Harmonic motion

4. apply basic relationship between elastic constants

5. analyze the simple frames by using different methods

UNIT – I

Kinematics: Introduction to Dynamics - Rectilinear and Curvilinear motion - Displacement,

Velocity and Acceleration – Motion of a Rigid Body – Types of their Analysis in Planar Motion.

UNIT – II

Kinetics: Bodies in rectilinear translation - Curvilinear translation - Bodies rotating about fixed

axis –D'Alemberts Principle - Principle of work energy – Principle of impulse and momentum.

UNIT – III

Mechanical Vibrations: Definitions - Concepts – Simple Harmonic motion – Free vibrations - Simple, Compound and Torsional pendulums – Simple Numerical Problems.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Simple Stresses and Strains: Introduction – Elasticity – Stress – Strain - Types of stresses and strains – Elastic limit – Hooke's law – Young's Modulus –Lateral Strain, Poisson's ratio and Volumetric Strain-Relationship between Elastic constants, Deformation of bodies – Principle of superposition – Stresses in bars of varying section - Stresses in composite bars.

UNIT - V

Analysis of Simple Pin Jointed Frames (Trusses): Definition – Perfect, Deficient and Redundant frames – Methods of Analysis - Analysis of simple trusses by method of joints and method of sections.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Mechanics, by Bhavikatti and Rajasekharappa, New Age Intl. Publications, 6th Edition, 2017.

2. A text book of Engineering Mechanics, by R.K. Bansal, Laxmi Publiations, 6th Edition, 2017.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Engineering Mechanics (Statics and Dynamics) by A Nelson-Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, first Edition, 2009.

2. Engineering Mechanics by Timoshenko & Young, 5th Edition, 2016.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

II B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

3 1 - 3

17ACE11 STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Explain e concepts and applications of stresses and strains

2. Determine the internal forces in the beams

3. Formulate the expressions for deflection for different loading conditions

4. Formulate the expressions for shear stress distribution across the various members

5. Formulate the expressions for longitudinal and circumferential stresses in thin and thick cylinders

UNIT I

SIMPLE STRESSES AND STRAINS: Elasticity and Plasticity – Types of stresses and strains

- Hooke's law - Stress - Strain curve - Working stress - Factor of safety - Lateral strain,

Poisson's ratio and Volumetric strain - Elastic moduli and the relationship between them - Bars

of varying Section - composite bars - Temperature stresses.

STRAIN ENERGY: Resilience – Gradual – sudden - impact and shock loadings-Simple applications.

UNIT II

SHEAR FORCE AND BENDING MOMENTS: Types of supports – Types of beams – Shear force and bending moment diagrams for simply supported - cantilever and over hanging beams with point loads - uniformly distributed load - uniformly varying loads and couples.

UNIT III

THEORY OF SIMPLE BENDING: Assumptions made in the theory of simple bending -

Derivation of bending equation: M/I = f/y = E/R – Neutral axis – Determination bending stresses – section modulus of rectangular and circular sections (Solid and Hollow), Design of simple beam.

SHEAR STRESS DISTRIBUTION: Derivation of formula – Shear stress distribution in rectangular – triangular – circular - I and T sections.

UNIT IV

DEFLECTIONS OF BEAMS: Bending into a circular arc – slope - deflection and radius of curvature – Differential equation for the elastic line of a beam – Double integration and Macaulay's methods – Determination of slope and deflection for cantilever and simply supported Department of Mechanical Engineering Page 93 beams subjected to point loads - U.D.L uniformly varying load.

TORSION OF CIRCULAR SHAFTS AND SPRINGS: Theory of pure torsion - Torsional theory applied to circular shafts – Power transmission - Close and open coiled helical springs under axial loads and axial twist.

UNIT V

THIN CYLINDERS: Thin seamless cylindrical shells – Derivation of formula for longitudinal and circumferential stresses – hoop - longitudinal and volumetric strains – changes in diameter and volume of thin cylinders – Riveted boiler Shells - Thin spherical shells.

THICK CYLINDERS: Thick cylinders - Lame's equation - Design of thick cylindrical shells -

Compound cylinders – Shrink fit allowance – Initial difference of radii at the junction.

Text Books:

1. B.C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain & Arun Kumar Jain, Mechanics of Materials, Mumbai, 1st Edition, Laxmi Publications, 2002.

2. R. Subramaniyan, Strength of Materials, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008.

References:

1. Bhavikatti, Strength of materials, New Delhi, 4th Edition, S. Chand & Co., 2009

2. Timoshenko & Young, Elements of Strength of materials, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, Eastern Wiley Publications, 2011.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

II B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

3 - - 3

17AEC06 BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After completion of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain concepts of various Semiconductor Devices like Diode, BJT, SCR & UJT.
- 2. Design and analyze the DC bias circuitry of BJT.
- 3. Design and analyze basic transistor amplifier circuits using BJT and FET.
- 4. Design and analyze combinational circuits for various practical problems using basic gates.
- 5. Use special purpose electronic devices.

UNIT I

PN Junction Diode and its Applications:

PN Junction Characteristics, biasing - band diagrams and current flow, Diode current equations under forward bias and reverse bias conditions, Junction breakdown in diodes and breakdown voltages, Junction capacitance under forward bias and reverse bias, V - I characteristics and Specifications of Zener Diode, Rectifiers.

UNIT II

Bipolar Junction Transistor:

Construction, Principle of Operation, V - I characteristics, Current components and current flow in BJT, Modes of transistor operation, BJT input and output characteristics in CB, CE & CC configuration, Various BJT biasing techniques.

UNIT III

Special purpose Electronic Devices:

Principle of Operation, and Characteristics of Tunnel Diode, Silicon Control Rectifier (SCR), Uni - Junction Transistor (UJT), Semiconductor photo devices - LDR, LED, Photo diodes & Photo transistors.

UNIT IV

Digital Logic Design

Boolean algebra - Basic definition, Basic theorems and properties, Boolean Functions, Canonical & Standard forms, other logic operations & Digital logic gates. The map method, four variable K-map, five variable K-map, POS & SOP Simplification, Don't care conditions, NAND & NOR Implementation.

UNIT V

COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS

Combinational circuits, Analysis & Design procedure, Binary Adder-Subtractor, Decimal Adder,

Binary Multiplier, Magnitude comparator, Decoder, Encoders, Multiplexers, De-multiplexers.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. J. Millman& Christos C. Halkias, Integrated Electronics, TMGH Edition, 2008.

2. M.Morris Mano & Michel D. Ciletti, -Digital Designl, Pearson, 5th Edition, 2015.

REFERENCE BOOKS :

1. S Salivahanan and N Suresh Kumar, Electronic Devices and Circuits, McGraw Hill Education, Fourth Edition, 2017.

2. Zvi Kohavi and Nirah K.Jha, -Switching theory and Finite Automata Theory", Cambridge, 3rdEdition, 2012.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO4	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

II B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

3 - - 3

17AME04 ENGINEERING METALLURGY

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After completion of course the student will be able to:

- 1. Select a right choice of metal or alloy to suit the functional behaviour of a product.
- 2. Judge the required properties of materials in easy way.
- 3. Design a system, component or process to meet desired needs within, realistic constraints such as economic, safety, manufacturability and sustainability etc, while selecting a material to manufacture the designed components.
- 4. Demonstrate the relationship between nano/microstructure, characterization, properties and processing and design of materials
- 5. Distinguish the need for, and an ability to engage in lifelong learning with the concepts of composite, ceramic and nano materials for practical applications.

UNIT I

STRUCTURE OF MATERIALS: Mechanical properties of metals, Crystallization of metals, effect of grain size and grain boundaries on the properties of metals / alloys. Imperfections in crystals.

EQUILIBRIUM DIAGRAMS: Definitions of terms, solid solutions–solubility and solutions, Types- Interstitial solid solutions, substitution solid solutions, Fick's laws of diffusion, Hume Ruthery rules of solid solubility. Cooling curves, Construction of equilibrium diagrams, Phase rule, Types of phase diagrams, Lever rule, Invariant reactions, Coring and Miscibility.

UNIT II

TRANSFORMATION IN SOLID STATE: Iron-Iron carbon equilibrium diagram, Relationship between equilibrium diagrams and properties of alloys, Effect of alloying elements on Iron-Iron carbon system, TTT diagrams.

UNIT III

CAST IRONS AND STEELS: Structure and properties of white cast iron, malleable cast iron, grey cast iron, Spheroidal graphite cast iron, Alloy cast irons. Classification of steels, structure and properties of plain carbon steels, Low alloy steels, Hadfield manganese steel, tool and die steels.

UNIT IV

NON-FERROUS METALS AND ALLOYS: Structure and properties of copper and its alloys,

Aluminum and its alloys.

HEAT TREATMENT OF FERROUS AND NON-FERROUS ALLOYS: Annealing,

Normalizing, Hardening, Tempering, Hardenability, Surface hardening, Age hardening treatment.

UNIT V

CERAMIC MATERIALS: Crystalline ceramics, glasses, ceramic tools, cermets.

COMPOSITE MATERIALS: Classification of composites, various methods of component

manufacture of composites, particle reinforced materials, fiber reinforced materials, metal

ceramic mixtures, metal-matrix composites, and Carbon-Carbon composites.

Text Books:

- 1. Sidney H. Avner, Introduction to Physical Metallurgy, 2 nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi 6th reprint 2001.
- 2. V. Raghavan, Material science and Engineering, 5th Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
- 3. William D.Callister, Materials Science & Engineering An Introduction, Jr. Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. 6th Edition, New Delhi, 2006.

References:

1. V.D. Kodgire & S.V. Kodgire, Material Science and Metallurgy, Kolhapur, 4th Edition, Everest Edition, 2006.

2. R.K. Rajput, Engineering materials and metallurgy, Hyderabad, 5th Edition, S. Chand Publishers, 200	06.
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3.	3. Introduction to physical metallurgy Sidney H Avner Tata McGRAW-Hill Edition.													
	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

II B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C 3 1 - 3

17AME05 THERMODYNAMICS (Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply principles of thermodynamics and can solve the problems related to various thermal engineering systems using the zeroth law, 1st and 2nd law of thermodynamics.
- 2. Explain behavior of ideal and real gases at different states of the system and can find partial pressures, enthalpy and entropy
- 3. Define properties of steam and can solve problem using steam tables and mollier charts
- 4. Understand the working of different vapour power cycles and can solve the related problems

UNIT I BASIC CONCEPTS AND FIRST LAW

Basic concepts -concept of continuum, macroscopic approach: thermodynamic systems - closed, open and isolated: Property, state, path and process, quasi-static process, work, modes of work, Zeroth law of thermodynamics –concept of temperature and heat. Concept of ideal and real gases. First law of thermodynamics–SFEE -Application to closed and open systems.

UNIT II SECOND LAW THERMODYNAMICS

Second law of thermodynamics –Kelvin"s and Clausius statements of second law, Heat Engines, Refrigerator and Heat Pump, Coefficient of Performance, Reversibility Carnot cycle-reversed Carnot cycle, efficiency, Carnot theorem, Thermodynamic temperature scale. Clausius theorem, Clausius in equality.

UNIT III ENTROPY AND THERMODYNAMICS RELATIONS

Concept of entropy, entropy of ideal gas, change of entropy for different non flow processes, principle of increase of entropy –absolute entropy, Availability and irreversibility. exact differentials, T-D relations, Maxwell"s relations, Clausius Clapeyron equations, Joule-Thomson coefficient.

UNIT IV STEAM AND VAPOUR CYCLES

Formation of steam constant pressure, types of steam, steam tables and uses, external work done during evaporation, Internal energy of Steam, dryness fraction of steam, entropy of steam –

Mollier diagram steam power cycles, standard Rankine cycle, modified Rankine cycle. Reheat and regenerative cycle.

UNIT V IDEAL AND REAL GASES

Gas mixtures-properties ideal and real gases, equation state, Avagadro's Law, VanderWall's equation of state, compressibility factor, compressibility chart-Dalton's law of partial pressure. (Use of standard thermodynamic steam tables and Mollier diagram are permitted)

Text Books:

1. P.K. Nag., Engineering Thermodynamics, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 5th Edition, 2014.

 $\ \ 2. \ \ Cengel, Thermodynamics-An Engineering Approach, 3^{rd} Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.$

References:

- 1. J.P. Holman, Thermodynamics, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1995.
- 2. C.P. Arora, Thermodynamics, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 12th reprint 2007.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

II B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

2 1

17AME06 ENGINEERING METALLURGY LAB (Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Define principles of microscopes and different machinery used in metallurgy lab.

- 2. Recognize the structures of various metals and alloys.
- 3. Explain behaviour of metals and alloys in different heat treatments.

4. Compare various classes of metals, relationship between structure and many engineering properties and their performance in different environments.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Study of metallurgical Microscope.
- 2. Study of specimen preparation for metallographic examination.
- 3. Preparation of sample mounting in specimen mounting press.
- 4. Preparation and study of the Microstructure of pure Aluminium.
- 5. Preparation and study of the Microstructure of pure Copper.
- 6. Study of the Microstructures of Non-Ferrous alloy Brass.
- 7. Preparation and study of the Microstructures of Cast Irons.
- 8. Preparation and study of the Microstructure of Low Carbon steel.
- 9. Preparation and study of the Microstructure of High Carbon steel.
- 10. Determination of Harden ability of steel by Jominy end Quench test.
- 11. Hardness measurement of various heats treated and non treated steels.
- 12. Find the hardness of the composite materials.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

II B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

- 3 1.5

17ACE15 STRENGTH OF MATERIALS LAB

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Estimate Young's modulus and various stresses associated with mild steel rods
- 2. Evaluate the shear strength of the rod
- 3. Estimate deflection of a given beam under different loading conditions
- 4. Estimate rigidity of the given material
- 5. Calculate hardness of the material

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Study the stress-strain characteristics of mild steel rod using universal testing machine.

- 2. Determination of direct shear strength of rod using compressive testing machine.
- 3. Estimation of the modulus of elasticity of given material by measuring deflection in beams
 - a. Simply supported beam.
 - b. Over hanging beam.
 - c. Cantilever beam.
- 4. Determination of modulus of rigidity of given material using torsion testing machine.
- 5. Determination of modulus of rigidity of given material using spring testing machine.
- 6. Determination of Brinnell's hardness of given material.
- 7. Determination of Rock well hardness number of given material.
- 8. Determination of impact strength (Izod and Charpy) using impact testing machine.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

II B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

- 3 1.5

17AEE10 ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Find Efficiency of DC machines by different methods
- 2. Apply speed control of DC shunt machine
- 3. Explain Diode, Transistor and SCR Characteristics
- 4. Explain Rectifiers and CRO operations

List of Experiments

- 1. Swinburne's Test on DC shunt machine and Predetermination of efficiency as motor and generator.
- 2. Brake test on DC shunt motor. Determination of performance characteristics
- 3. Speed control of dc shunt motor Armature voltage control Field control
- 4. OC & SC tests on Single-phase transformer (Predetermination of efficiency and Regulation at given power factors and determination of equivalent circuit)
- 5. Brake test on 3-phase Induction motor (performance characteristics)
- 6. Regulation of alternator by synchronous impedance method
- 7. Forward and Reverse bias characteristics of PN Junction diode
- 8. Full Wave Rectifier with and without filters
- 9. Input and Output characteristics of Transistor in CE configuration
- 10. Characteristics of SCR
- 11. Frequency response in CE Amplifier
- 12. VI Characteristics or Zener Diode.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

EPICS-I

Code: 17AME64 INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING PROJECTS

(Activity based course) (Common to All branches)

II B.TECH – I SEMESTER

L T P C 0 2 0 0

Lecture / Activity: 2/ Week

Int. Max Marks: 40 Ext. Max Marks: 60

COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Define various disciplines technology and engineering challenges.
- 2. Judge the responsibilities as professional engineer in solving the societal problems.
- 3. Develop the broad set of skills needed to be successful in the changing global workplace and world.
- 4. Identify the new opportunities to formulate and solve engineering problems.
- 5. Predict the importance of oral, written and academic skills.
- 6. Adopt social context of engineering practice.
- 7. Apply engineering reasoning to problem solving.
- 8. Integrate working with multi-disciplinary teams and build team work skills.

UNIT - I

Engineering Process: Brief history of engineering and technology, engineering as a profession, science Vs engineering, stages of design – from the world of imagination to world of objects. **Assignment:** Report on an identified technological evolution and factors driving technological evolution.

UNIT - II

Opportunity Identification: Opportunity Identification from inspiration – an act of creative awareness, how to find inspiration, brainstorming method for identifying opportunities. Methods of evaluating opportunities. Case studies.

Assignment: Identify new potential opportunities based on the customer pain points and evaluate

them to identify real opportunities.

UNIT – III

Conceptualization: Methods for generating ideas to solve the customer pain points including brainstorming, concept maps, and SCAMPER.

Assignment: Application of idea generation methods to improve an existing product

UNIT - IV

Skill Development: Sketching, Prototyping Communication. Interaction with peers, demonstration of projects developed by senior students and alumni.

UNIT – V

Project Work: An open-ended design project executed from opportunity to

prototype.Culminating with a presentation, model, display and report.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Karl Aspelund, –The Design Process –Fairchild books^{II}, Bloomsbury Publishing Inc. 2. ND Bhatt, –Engineering Drawing, Plane and Solid Geometry^{II}, Charotar Publishing

House Pvt. Ltd., Publishers of Engineering Text Books.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Paul H Wright, -Introduction to Engineering^{II}, John Wiley and Sons, Inc.

2. Saeed Moaveni, —Engineering Fundamentals: an Introduction to

Engineering, CengageLearning, printed in USA.

3. Reymond B Landis, -Studying Engineering: A Road Map to

rewarding career^{||}, Discovery press.

E-BOOKS:

- 1. Robin Mckenzie and Robin Mckenzie, -Product Design and Engineering I.
- 2. Idris Mootee, -Design Thinking for strategic Innovation^{II}, Wiley publication.
- 3. Carl Liu, -Innovative product design practice l.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
C01	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	-	-	3	2

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS) II B.Tech - I Semester: CE, ME & AE II B. Tech - II Semester: EEE, ECE, CSE & IT L T P

L T P C 3 0 0

17AHS19 Quantitative Aptitude and Reasoning -II

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- **1.** Strengthen their ability to meet the challenges in solving real life problems.
- 2. The student will preserve maturity of the mind in solving linguistic problems.
- **3.** Develop the thinking ability and apply Quadratic equations.
- 4. Apply the Analytical Reasoning puzzles to solve linear and circular arrangements

Syllabus for Ouantitative Aptitude

Competency 1:

Area : Formulas for Areas - Problems on Areas, **Volumes & Surface Areas :** Problems on volumes - Problems on Surface Areas, **Races & Games of Skill , Calendars :** Definition of a Leap Year - Finding the number of Odd days - Framing the year code for centuries - Finding the day of any random calendar date , **Clocks :** Finding the angle when the time is given - Finding the time when the angle is known - Relation between Angle, Minutes and Hours - Exceptional cases in clocks , **Stocks & Shares, Permutation and Combinations:** Definition of permutation - Definition of Combinations - Problems on Combinations.

Competency 2:

Probability: Definition of Probability - Problems on coins - Problems on dice - Problems on Deck of cards - Problems on Years. **True Discount, Banker's Discount, Heights & Distances, Odd man out & Series:** Problems on number Odd man out - Problems on letter Odd man out - Problems on verbal Odd man out. **Data Interpretation:** Problems on tabular form - Problems on Line Graphs - Problems on Bar Graphs - Problems on Pie Charts.

Competency 3:

Deductions: Finding the conclusions using Venn diagram method - Finding the conclusions using Venn diagram method - Finding the conclusions using syllogism method. **Connectives:** Definition of a simple statement - Definition of compound statement - Finding the Implications for compound statements - Finding the Negations for compound statements.

Competency 4:

Analytical Reasoning puzzles: Problems on Linear arrangement - Problems on Circular arrangement - Problems on Double line-up - Problems on Selections - Problems on Comparisons.

Syllabus for Reasoning

Competency 5:

Blood relations: Defining the various relations among the members of a family - Solving Blood Relation puzzles - Solving the problems on Blood Relations using symbols and notations.

Text Books:

- 1. GL Barrons, Tata Mc Graw Hills, _Thorpe's Verbal reasoning', LSAT Materials. 2015.
- 2. R S Agarwal, _Quantitative Aptitude' S. Chand Company Ltd. 2018.
- 3. R S Agarwal, _A Modern approach to Logical reasoning', S chand Company Ltd. 2017.

Reference Books:

- 1. Abhjit Guha _Quantitative Aptitude' Tata Mc Graw Hills, 4th Edition, 2011.
- 2. G.L BARRONS _Quantitative Aptitude'. Tata Mc Graw Hills.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS) II B.Tech - I Semester: Common to CE, ME & AT

II B.Tech - II Semester: Common to EEE, ECE, CSE & IT

L T P C 3 - 0 -

17AHS20 LEGAL SCIENCES

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to: 1. Apply comparative public laws and human rights.

1. Appry comparative public laws and numan right

2. Use appropriate Principles of corporate law.

3. Analyse law with scientific methods.

UNIT-I

CONCEPT OF LEGAL SCIENCE: Fundamentals of legal science- law systems in India, comparative public law-law and justice in a globalizing world-Impact of the human rights instruments on domestic law.

UNIT-II

TECHNOLOGY & LEGAL SYSTEMS: Principles of corporate law conjunction- temporal, subordinate clauses complex sentences-intellectual property rights- contract law- cyber law.

UNIT-III

CONSTITUTION AND ADMINISTRATIVE LAW: Minorities law-human rightsinternational and national sphere-media law-Health law-globalization vis-à-vis human rightssignificance of human rights.

UNIT-IV

HUMAN RIGHTS INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL SPHERE:

Human rights with special reference to right to development-rights of disadvantaged and vulnerable groups-critical analysis-cultural relativism and human rights-human rights in the Indian sphere-an over view-constitution and the analysis of preamble-social action litigation and the role of Indian judiciary-critical examination of the human rights council and human
rights commission-treaty mechanism with respect to covenants ICESCR and ICCPR-

convention on the elimination of discrimination against women and child rights convention.

UNIT-V

SCIENTIFIC METHODOLOGY IN LEGAL SYSTEMS: The science of research and scientific methodology - analysis of law with scientific methods-scientific approach to socio legal problems, interrelation between speculation-fact and theory building fallacies of scientific methodology with reference to socio legal research-inter-disciplinary research and legal research models-arm chair research vis-a-vis empirical research-legal research-common law and civil law legal systems.

Text Books:

- Robert Watt, -Concise book on Legal Research^{II}, Abe Books Publishers, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 2. Ram Ahuja, –Research Method^{II}, News Way Publishers, 1st Edition, 2012.
- 3. Goode, Hatt, –Research Methodology∥, Eastern Limited Publication, 1st Edition reprinted, 2006.

Reference Books:

- 1. Somekh, C. Lewin, –Research Methods I, Vistaar Publications, 1st Edition, 2005.
- 2. Bhandarkar, –Research Methods, Research Styles and Research Strategies∥, Wilkinson Publishers, 1st Edition, 2009.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	2

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS) H.B. Tash, J. Samastan CE, ME & AT

II B.Tech - I Semester: CE, ME & AT II B.Tech – II Semester: EEE, ECE, CSE & IT

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17AHS21 GENDER SENSITIVITY

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain basic concepts relating to gender and to provide logical understanding of gender roles.
- 2. Analyze present various perspective of body and discourse on power relationship.
- 3. Develop cultural construction of masculinity and femininity.

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION: Sex and gender; types of gender, gender roles and gender division of labour, gender stereotyping and gender discrimination-the other and objectification, male gaze and objectivity

UNIT-II

GENDER PERSPECTIVES OF BODY: Biological-phenomenological and socio-cultural perspectives of body, body as a site and articulation of power relations- cultural meaning of female body and women's lived experiences -gender and sexual culture.

UNIT-III

SOCIAL CONSTRUCTION OF FEMININITY: Bio-social perspective of gender, gender as attributional fact, essentialism in the construction of femininity, challenging cultural notions of femininity.

Butler, Douglas, Faucault and Haraway, images of women in sports, arts, entertainment and fashion industry, media and feminine identities

UNIT-IV

SOCIAL CONSTRUCTION OF MASCULINITY: Definition and understanding of masculinities, sociology of masculinity, social organization of masculinity and privileged position of masculinity, politics of masculinity and power, media and masculine identities.

UNIT-V

WOMEN'S STUDIES AND GENDER STUDIES: Evolution and scope of women's studies, from women_s studies to gender studies: A paradigm shift, women's studies vs. gender studies, workshop, gender sensitization through gender related.

Text Books:

- 1. Women's studies in India by Mary E. John : A Reader Publisher, Penguin Books.
- 2. Gender Studies by Sujata Sen Pearson Educatio publisher 2012.

Reference Books:

- Alolajis. Mustapha, Sara Mils, -Gender Representation in Learning Materials^{II}, Pearson Publications, 1st Edition 2015.
- 2. Gender, -How Gender Inequality Persists in the Modern World^I, Oxford University Press, Reprinted Edition, 2011.
- 3. William M Johnson, -Recent Reference Books in Religion^{||}, Duke University Publications, Reprinted Edition, 2014.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

II B.Tech - I Semester CE, ME & AT II B.Tech – II Semester EEE, ECE, CSE & IT

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17AHS22 FRENCH LANGUAGE

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Develop language skills
- 2. Communicate in French which is the second most commonly used language worldwide.

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION & PRESENTATION: Conversation, Introduction, Grammar verb –appeller \parallel , Alphabets & Accents Culture, Formal & Informal – Use of _tu' and _vous', Map of France: Geographical & Administrative Greeting & Taking leave, presenting oneself, someone to someone, Asking & giving identity Grammar- Definite articles (le,la,les, l'),Pronouns-Verb _avoir' and _etre', Negatives (ne ~ pas) Days of the week, Months of the year, Numbers, Nationality, Profession, Making a visiting Card Salutations & Taking leave, Gestures & Handshakes.

UNIT-II

RENDEZVOUS: Conversation, Approaching someone, Tele conversation, Give direction to places, Buying a train ticket. Grammar-Verbs –aller^{||}, –partir^{||}, –venir^{||}, –prendre^{||}, Definite & Indefinite Articles, Numbers the formula to write a post card, Culture, Life in France.

UNIT-III

AGENDA & INVITATION: Conversation, Time, Fixing a meeting, Grammar-Pronoun _on', Expression of quantity with partitif article. Possessive Adjectives, verbs -finirl and -fairell, Alimentation, Moments of the day, from morning to night. Culture, Punctuality, Good moments of the day, Inviting someone, Accepting & Refusing Invitations, Family tree, Describing a house-interior, Grammar-Passe Compose, Verbs -savoirl, -vouloirl , -pouvoirl, Future Proche, Pronom Tonique Consists of exercises and images to be used in the class by the students.

UNIT-IV

VACATION & SHOPPING:

Describing an event in Past tense, Reservations at a Hotel, Describing a person – Physical & Moral, Expressing opinion, Grammar-Imparfait & Passe Compose, Indication of time – Depuis, pendant, Gestures – Polite & Impolite, A French vacation, Culture, Making a purchase, Choosing & Paying, Trying a dress on, Talking about weather, Understanding a Weather Bulletin, Grammar-Adjectives, Comparison, Dress & weather, Dialogue between a client and an employee of a store, Culture, Money in everyday life in France- Parking ticket / telephone card.

UNIT-V

ITINERARY, EXCURSION & WEEKEND: Asking for way / direction, Giving directions, Giving order / advice / prohibition, Numbers – ordinal Verbs of Movement, Reservation at a restaurant, Taking an order / Asking for bill(Restaurant)Expression of Quantity, Alimentation – portions, Shopping list (portions),Making Suggestion & Proposal, Going for an outing, Acceptance & Refusal of an invitation, Giving arguments / favour & against, Subjonctif-II faut, pour que Invitation – Refusal or acceptance, A French Weekend.

Text Books:

- 1. CAMPUS 1 Methode de Francais, Jacques Pecheur et Jacky Girardet, CLE
- International Paris 2002. 2. La France de toujours, Nelly Mauchamp; CLE international.
- 3. Sans Frontireres Vols. 1, 2, & 3 Hachette.

Reference Books:

- 3. Declic 1; Jacques Balnc, Jean-Michel Cartier, Pierre Lederlion; CLE International.
- 4. Nouveau Sans Frontieres Vols. 1, 2 & 3.
- 5. Cours de langue et de civilisation Francaise Hachette.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	P08	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

II B.Tech – II Semester

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17AMB01 MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Common to All Branches)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe concepts of managerial economics
- 2. Develop an understanding of economic principles and develop skills in high-level problem solving and critical thinking
- 3. Evaluate the economic environment and the impact of governmental economic policies on consumers and financial institutions.
- 4. Apply financial accounting in the field of Engineering.

UNIT –I

INTRODUCTION TO MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Managerial Economics: Definition, Nature and Scope –Demand analysis: Law of demand, Demand determinants, Elasticity of Demand: Definition, Types, Measurement and Significance – Demand forecasting methods (Survey methods, Statistical methods, Expert opinion method, Test marketing, Controlled experiments, Judgmental approach)

UNIT –II

THEORY OF PRODUCTION AND COST ANALYSIS

Production function –Cobb Douglas Production function –Laws of Returns–Internal and External economies of scale COST ANALYSIS: Cost concepts, Fixed vs. Variable costs, Explicit vs. Implicit Costs, Out of Pocket costs Vs Imputed costs, Opportunity Cost and Sunk costs BREAK EVEN ANALYSIS: Concept of Break Even Point (BEP)–Break Even Chart –Assumptions underlying and Practical significance of BEP (Simple Problems).

UNIT –III

INTRODUCTION TO MARKETS AND BUSINESS ORGANIZATIONS:

Market structures –Types of Competition –Features of perfect competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic competition –Price-Output Determination under perfect competition and Monopoly –Types of Business organization –Features, Merits and demerits of Sole proprietorship, Partnership and Joint stock companies –Types of companies –Public enterprises –Types and Features –Changing business environment in post –Liberalization scenario

UNIT –IV

CAPITAL AND CAPITAL BUDGETING:

Capital and its Significance –Types of capital –Estimation of fixed and working capital requirements –Methods and sources of raising capital –Capital Budgeting Methods: Payback Method, Accounting Rate of Return (ARR), and Net Present Value (NPV) Method (Simple Problems).

UNIT –V

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS THROUGH RATIOS:

Double entry book keeping –Journal –Ledger –Trial Balance –Trading Account and balance sheet with simple adjustments Ratio analysis: Computation of Liquidity Ratios (Current and Quick Ratio), Activity Ratios (Inventory Turnover Ratio and Debtor Turnover Ratio), Capital Structure Ratios (Debt-Equity Ratio and Interest Coverage Ratio) and Profitability Ratios (Gross Profit Ratio, Net Profit Ratio, Operating Ratio, P/E Ratio and EPS).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Aryasri A. R., Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, 4/E, TMH, 2009.

2. Varshney R.L. and K.L. Maheswari, Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand & Sons, 19/E, 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. Siddiqui S.A. and Siddiqui A.S., Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis, New Age international, 2009. 2.Gupta R.L., Financial Accounting, Volume I, Sultan Chand & Sons, New Delhi, 2001

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
C01	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

II B.Tech – II Semester

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17AME07 INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING AND MANAGEMENT

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain the concepts of general management, financial management, human resources, production management, and marketing management.
- 2. Illustrate the application with to identify solutions to industry problems.
- 3. Identify the optimum solutions with system approach to both industry and service sector.

UNIT-I

Defining Operations Management, functions and its historical evolution.

Forecasting: Approaches to Forecasting : Qualitative approach - Judgmental methods, quantitative methods- time series, regression .

AGGREGATE PLANNING: purpose, procedure and techniques

UNIT-II

Production Management: Types of production systems, Product analysis, brief treatment of functions of production Planning and Control, Value analysis

Scheduling: Introduction, concept of batch production systems, Loading, Sequencing, and Scheduling the n jobs on a single machine, two machines, three machines, m-machines. Problem solving.

UNIT –III

INVENTORY CONTROL : Introduction, models, Inventory costs, Basic models EOQ and EBQ with-out shortages, Quantity discounts, Selective control -- ABC analysis, Problem solving **Quality Control** : Inspection and types, SQC - Control charts for attributes and variables, construction and application – Acceptance sampling, sampling plans, Construction of O.C. curve. Problem solving.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

General Management: General Management, Principles of Scientific Management; Brief treatment of Managerial Functions. Modern Management concept.

Personnel Management: The Personnel Function, Staff Role in Person Department,

Personnel Functions, Job Design, Job Information,

UNIT – V

Financial Management: Concept of Interest, Compound Interest, **Economic Evaluation of Alternatives:** The Annual Equivalent Method, Present Worth Method, Future Worth Method. Depreciation – Purpose, Types of Depreciation; Common Methods of Depreciation; The Straight-Line Method, Declining Balance Method, The Sum of the years Digits Method, A Brief Treatment of Balance Sheet, Ratio Analysis.

Introduction to JIT / Lean Manufacturing, Six Sigma Quality Concept, Supply Chain Management, Business Process Reengineering, Concurrent Engineering, Enterprise Resource Planning.

Text Books

- 1. O.P.Khanna, Industrial Engineering and Management, 7th Edition, DhanpatRai& Sons, 2002.
- 2. MortandTelsang, Production and Operating Management, 2nd Edition, S.Chand, 2006.

Reference Books :

- 1. E.S.Buffa, Modern Production/Operation Management, 8th Edition, Wiley India, 2007.
- 2. Joseph G Monks, Operation Management, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1987.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3

II B.Tech – II Semester

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17AME08 KINEMATICS OF MACHINERY

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe simple mechanisms, working principles there by to apply the required mechanism depending upon the functional requirements in the product design.
- 2. Explain principles involved in lower pairs for different mechanisms.
- 3. Calculate the velocity and acceleration of mechanisms.
- 4. Design the CAM mechanism, hook mechanism and steering mechanism.
- 5. Define gear and their applications.

UNIT I

MECHANISMS AND MACHINES: Elements or Links – Classification, Rigid Link, flexible and fluid link, Types of kinematic pairs – turning, rolling, screw and spherical pairs, lower and higher pairs, closed and open pairs, Degree of freedom and mobility sliding ,constrained motion – completely, partially or successfully constrained and incompletely constrained motions, machine, kinematic chain – inversion of mechanism, inversions of quadric cycle chain, single and double slider crank chains.

UNIT II

MECHANISM WITH LOWER PAIRS : Introduction, Pantograph, Exact and approximate straight line motion mechanisms –Peaucellier, Hart and Scott Russell, Grasshopper, Watt, T Chebicheff and Robert Mechanisms STEERING MECHANISMS: Conditions for correct steering – Davis Steering gear, Ackermans steering gear, velocity ratio. HOOKE'S JOINT: Single and double Hooke's joint, Universal coupling.

UNIT III

VELOCITY AND ACCELERATION IN MECHANISMS:

Analysis of simple mechanisms (Single slider crank mechanism and four bar mechanism) – Velocity by Instantaneous center method, Kennedy's theorem, Velocity by relative velocity method, Acceleration diagrams, Coriolis acceleration – Klein's construction.

UNIT IV

CAMS AND FOLLOWERS: Introduction, Types of followers and cams, Terminology, Types of follower motion - Uniform velocity, Simple harmonic motion and uniform acceleration and retardation, cycloidal motion, Maximum velocity and acceleration during outward and return strokes in the above 4 cases. Construction of cam profiles, Tangent cam with roller follower, Circular arc cam with flat surface follower.

UNIT V

GEARS: Introduction, types, terminology, law of gearing, velocity of sliding, Form of teeth - cycloidal and involute profiles, Length of path and arc of contact, contact ratio, phenomena of interferences, rack and pinion.

GEAR TRAINS: Introduction, Types, Train value, Simple and reverted wheel train, Epicyclic gear Train, Methods of finding train value or velocity ratio, Epicyclic gear trains, differential gear.

Text Books:

1. R.S. Khurmi & J.K. Gupta, Theory of Machines, Hyderabad, 2nd Edition, S. Chand, 2008.

2. S.S. Rattan, Theory of Machines and Mechanisms, Noida, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers, 2004. **References:**

1. Sadhu Singh, Theory of Machines, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, Pearson Edition, 2012.

2. P.L. Ballaney, Theory of machines, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, Khanna Publishers, 1980.

3. Thomas Bevan ,Theory of Machines CBS

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
C01	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

II B.Tech – II Semester

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17AME09 THERMAL ENGINEERING-I

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Analyze the working conditions of different air standard power cycles in solving problems in various engineering applications and Apply in understanding various working principle of Internal Combustion engines.
- 2. Analyze the air standard cycles and actual cycles and apply the principles of performance parameter in solving the problems related to performance of IC Engines.
- 3. Apply the principles of combustion process concepts in the design of IC engines complying to pollution standards.
- 4. Apply the principles of pneumatics for analyzing various characteristics of compressors for the selection of a suitable compressor.

UNIT I AIR STANDARD CYCLES

POWER CYCLES: Otto, Diesel, Dual Combustion cycles, Sterling Cycle, Atkinson Cycle, Ericsson Cycle, Lenoir Cycle. Description and representation on P–V and T-S diagram, thermal efficiency. Mean effective pressure, Related problems.

I.C. ENGINES: Definition of Engine And Heat Engine, I.C Engine Classification – Parts of I.C. Engines, Working of I.C. Engines, Two Stroke & Four Stroke I.C. Engines SI & CI Engines, Valve and Port Timing Diagrams.

UNIT II

Actual Cycles and their Analysis: Introduction, Comparison of Air Standard and Actual Cycles, Volumetric Efficiency. Loss due to Rubbing Friction, Actual and Fuel- Air Cycles of SI Engines.

Testing and Performance: Parameters of Performance – Measure Test – Heat Balance Sheet and Chart. Related problems

UNIT III

Combustion in S.I. Engines: Normal Combustion and abnormal combustion – Importance of flame speed and effect of engine variables – Type of Abnormal combustion, pre-ignition and knocking (explanation of) – Fuel requirements and fuel rating, anti knock additives – combustion chamber – requirements, types.

Combustion in C.I. Engines: Four stages of combustion – Delay period and its importance – Effect of engine variables – Diesel Knock– Need for air movement, suction, compression and combustion induced turbulence – open and divided combustion chambers and nozzles used – fuel requirements and fuel rating.

UNIT IV

COMPRESSORS: Classification –positive displacement, Rotary and dynamic machinery – Power producing and power absorbing machines, fan, blower and compressor – positive displacement and dynamic types – reciprocating and rotary types.

Reciprocating: Principle of operation, work required, Isothermal efficiency volumetric efficiency and effect of clearance, multi-stage compression, undercooling, saving of work, minimum work condition for stage compression, related problems.

UNIT V

Rotary (Positive displacement type): Roots Blower, vane sealed compressor, Lysholm

compressor – mechanical details and principle of working – efficiency considerations.

Dynamic Compressors: Centrifugal compressors: Mechanical details and principle of operation – velocity and pressure variation. Energy transfer-impeller blade shape-losses, slip factor, power input factor, pressure coefficient and adiabatic coefficient – velocity diagrams – power.

Text Books:

1. V. Ganesan, I.C. Engines, Noida, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2014.

2. R.K. Rajput, Thermal Engineering, Hyderabad, Lakshmi Publications Pvt. Ltd, 9th Edition, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. R.S. Khurmi & J.K.Gupta, Thermal Engineering, 15th Edition, Hyderabad, S.Chand, 2013.

2. P.L. Balleny, Thermal Engineering, 20th Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delh	i, 1994
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	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

II B.Tech – II Semester

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17ACE09 FLUID MECHANICS AND HYDRAULIC MACHINERY (Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Evaluate pressure on surfaces and in pipes

2. Calculate frictional losses in a pipe when there is a flow between two places

3. Distinguish types of flow and its measurements and applications

4. Classify the turbines and design criteria based on water availability

5. Identify the suitable pump required for different purposes.

UNIT I

FLUID PROPERTIES AND STATICS: Dimensions and units - Definition of a fluid – Physical properties of fluids – Density, Specific weight, Specific volume, Specific gravity, Compressibility, Vapor pressure, Surface tension, Capillarity and Viscosity. Pascal's law – Pressure variation in a static fluid – Atmospheric, gauge and absolute pressures – Measurement of pressure – Piezometer – U–tube and inverted U–tube manometers – Bourdon's pressure gauge – Hydrostatic forces on plane surfaces– Buoyancy-Buoyant Force and Centre of Buoyancy-Metacentre and Metacentric Height- Stability of Submerged and Floating Bodies.

UNIT II

FLUID KINEMATICS AND FLUID DYNAMICS: Types of flow, velocity field, one and twodimensional flow analysis, circulation and vorticity, stream function and velocity potential function, potential flow, standard flow patterns, combination of flow patterns, flow net.

Continuity equation, Euler's equation of motion, Bernoulli's equation, Impulse momentum equation and applications (pipe bend).

UNIT III

PIPE FLOW: Reynolds's experiment – Reynolds's number - Minor losses in pipe flow - Darcy– Weisbach equation – Variation of friction Factor – Moody's chart – Pipes in series –Pipes in parallel.

Flow Measurement: Velocity measurement by Pitot tube and Pitot static tube – Discharge measurement by Venturimeter and orifice meter – Turbine Flow meter.

UNIT IV

Dimensional Analysis as a tool in design of experiments, identification of non dimensional numbers and their significance, dimensional analysis methods.

Boundary Layer Theory – Formation, growth and separation – Mathematical models for boundary layer flows.

UNIT V

HYDRAULIC TURBINES: Elements of hydroelectric power plants- Heads and efficiencies of turbines – Classification of turbines –Pelton wheel-Modern Francis turbine – Kaplan turbine-Main components and working principle- Expressions for work done and efficiency – Working proportions and design of each.

CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS: Classification and types of pumps – Components and working of a centrifugal pump – Work done by the impeller– Heads and efficiencies – NPSH- Priming – Priming devices – Minimum starting speed – Multistage pumps – Pumps in series and parallel – Submersible pumps – Limiting suction head – Cavitation – Expression for specific speed.

Text Books:

1. P.N. Modi & S.M. Seth, Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics including Hydraulic Machines, New Delhi, Standard Book House,14th Edition 2002.

2. R.K. Bansal, A Text book of Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic machinery, 9th Edition, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd, 2010.

References:

1. Nachleba, Hydraulic Turbines, New Delhi, 1st Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.Ltd, 2012.

Streeter & Wylie, Fluid Mechanics, 10th Edition, T M H Publications, 1997.
 3.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

II B.Tech – II Semester

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17AME10 PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Choose and apply the appropriate casting process with gating system design considerations.
- 2. Justify the opposite joining process for various engineering materials.
- 3. Select and apply suitable metal forming process for producing the required components.
- 4. Use various manufacturing processes for processing the plastics and powders.

UNIT I

CASTING: Solidification of pure metal and alloys - Solidification of castings, Steps involved in making a casting– Types of patterns, Pattern making, Materials used for patterns, pattern allowances, molding machines, types of Moulding Sand, sand properties and testing,

Gating System Design: Principles of Gating, Gating ratio and design of Gating systems-Estimation of pouring time & Solidification time. Risers-Types, design- Caines ,Modulus and Novel research method-simple problems. Cores-Types, Chaplets.

UNIT II

SPECIAL CASTING PROCESSES- Die Casting, Investment casting, Centrifugal casting, Shell moulding, Slush casting, cavityless casting-working principles, applications.

WELDING: Classification of welding processes. Types of welds, welded joints, and their characteristics. Gas welding, Arc welding, Forge welding, Resistance welding, Thermit welding, Plasma Arc welding, Inert Gas welding, TIG, MIG welding, and Friction welding, simple problems. Heat affected zones, welding defects – causes and remedies.

UNIT III

SOLDERING, BRAZING & BRAZE WELDING: Principle, procedure, classification and applications. **Cutting of Metals**: Oxy Acetylene Gas cutting, plasma arc cutting.

METAL FORMING PROCESSES: Hot working, cold working, warm working, strain hardening, recovery, recrystallization and grain growth, **Rolling** – theory of rolling, types of Rolling mills and products, simple problems. **Extrusion Of Metals:** Basic extrusion process and its characteristics, Types of extrusion processes.

UNIT IV

FORGING PROCESSES: Principles of forging, Tools and Dies, Types of Forging, Drop Forging, Roll forging, simple problems, forging defects.

SHEET METAL AND OTHER COLD WORKING PROCESSES: Blanking and piercing, Bending and forming, Drawing and its types, wire drawing and tube drawing, coining, embossing, hot and cold spinning, HERF(High Energy Rate Forming) Methods.

UNIT V

PROCESSING OF PLASTICS: Molding methods-Compression & Transfer molding, Injection,

Blow, Rotary and Vacuum forming methods, applications to thermosets and thermo plastics-Introduction to fiber reinforced plastics.

POWDER METALLURGY: Introduction, preparation of powder, Fundamental properties of Metal Powder, different fabrication methods.

Text Books:

- 1. P.N. Rao, Manufacturing Technology, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 2. Kalpakjain, Manufacturing Technology, Chennai, 4th Edition, Pearson Edition, 2002.

References:

- 1. R.K. Jain, Production Technology New Delhi, 2nd Edition, Kanna Publishers, 2001.
- 2. B.S. Raghuwanshi, Workshop Technology, Volume-I, 2nd Edition Dhanpat Rai & Co Pvt. Ltd, 2014.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

II B.Tech – II Semester

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17AME11 PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY LAB

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

- After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
- 1. Select the suitable manufacturing processes to produce the desired components.
- 2. Select best practice to overcome the defects in pattern making process.
- 3. Apply the knowledge in selection of various welding methods for suitable work.
- 4. Recognize the dies and their usages based on the fabricated profile.
- 5. Apply techniques in sheet metal fabrication with appropriate allowances.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Pattern Design and making for one casting drawing.
- 2. Sand properties testing strength and permeability
- 3. Molding, Melting and Casting
- 4. TIG/Plasma Welding Lap & Butt Joint
- 5. Spot Welding
- 6. Blanking & Piercing operation
- 7. Study of simple, compound and progressive dies.
- 8. Hydraulic Press: Bending operation.
- 9. Injection Molding
- 10. Blow Molding

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY
(AUTONOMOUS)II B.Tech - I Semester: Common to EEE, ECE, CSE & ITII B.Tech - II Semester: Common to CE, ME & ATLD021

Code: 17AHS17 TECHNICAL WRITING AND CONTENT DEVELOPMENT LAB

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. The students will use English fluently in communication by following LSRW.
- 2. The students will develop the art of oral presentation to develop leadership qualities.
- 3. The students will assimilate the importance of English in the modern world to compete with the career in the challenging world.
- 4. The students will strengthen the required skills to be employable.

UNIT – I

NOTE MAKING & NOTE TAKING: Importance of Note Making and Note Taking- Techniques of note making and note taking, practice in Note Writing.

UNIT – II

CONTENT DEVELOPMENT & PRESENTATIONS : Impromptu speech development on a given topic, public speaking, Expansion of proverbs and sayings- Importance of presentations-developing and organizing the presentations- Verbal and visual support in presentations-Style-using body language –effective presentation.

UNIT – III

INTERVIEWS: Types of interview-Pre interview planning-Projecting a positive image-Frequently asked questions

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

REPORT WRITING: Business and Technical Reports- Technical Report writing-project, industrial, Types of Reports- formats of reports- E-mail drafting.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

INFORMATION TRANSFER: Importance – Data Interpretation - Text to data & Data to text.

MINIMUM REQUIREMENT FOR TWCD LAB:

- 1) Computer aided language lab for 70 students, 70 systems one master console software for self-study.
- 2) T.V, digital stereo audio visual system.
- 3) Computer laboratory with LAN Connectivity of minimum 70 multimedia systems with the following configuration.
- a) Intel Pentium[®] D 3.00GHZ
- b) RAM-1GB minimum
- c) Hard disk 160GB
- d) Headphones of durable quality.

Prescribed Software – Globarena

Suggested Software:

- K-Van Advanced Communication Skills.
- Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider, by Dreamtech.
- Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.
- Oxford Advanced Learner's Compass, 8th Edition.

Reference Books:

- 1. Meenakshi Raman Technical Communication,2/e, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 2. K.R. Lakshminarayanan- Advanced English Communication, SCITECH Publications (india) Pvt. Ltd. May-2010.
- 3. M. Ashraf Rizvi, Effective Technical Communication- MC Graw Hill Publications-2014.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

II B.Tech – II Semester

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17ACE23 FLUID MECHANICS, HYDRAULIC MACHINERY LAB

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Calibrate Venturimeter & Orifice meter
- 2. Calculate losses in flows
- 3. Estimate the efficiency of different pumps.
- 4. Estimate the impact of jet on surfaces
- 5. Study the performance of different turbines.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS PART A

FLUID MECHANICS LAB

- 1. Calibration of Venturi meter
- 2. Calibration of Orifice meter
- 3. Determination of friction factor for a given pipe
- 4. Determination of loss of head due to sudden contraction in a pipe line
- 5. Impact of jet on Vanes

PART B

HYDRAULIC MACHINERY LAB

- 1. Performance test on Pelton Wheel Turbine
- 2. Performance test on Francis Turbine
- 3. Performance test on Single stage Centrifugal Pump
- 4. Performance test on Multi stage Centrifugal Pump
- 5. Calibration of Turbine flow meter

TEXT BOOK/REFERENCE BOOK:

1. Dr.N.Kumara Swamy, Fluid Mechanics and Machinery Laboratory manual, First Edition, 2008, Charotar publishing House Pvt.Ltd., Anand.

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	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(AUTONOMOUS)

II – B.Tech I Semester: EEE, ECE, CSE & IT II- B.Tech II Semester: CE, ME & AT

L T P C 3 - - -

Code: 17AHS18 ENGLISH FOR COMMUNICATION – II

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. The students will enrich their communication skills both in academic and social area.
- 2. The students will master LSRW skills.
- 3. The students will become proficient in English language and make use of it to be good in his subject.
- 4. The students will gain employability skills.

UNIT – I

COMMUNICATION: Definition, difference between verbal and non-verbal, process of communication, Importance and need for communication-Types of communication-Barriers of communication.

UNIT –II

WORD FORMATION: Ways of forming words, Root Words- homonyms, homophones, homographs - words often confused Synonyms & Antonyms, - one word substitutions-common errors.

UNIT –III

TELEPHONIC COMMUNICATION- Receiving calls - leaving messages- useful phrasesasking for and giving information- fixation and cancellation of appointment - Telephonic interviews

UNIT –IV

READING COMPREHENSION- Techniques for good comprehension- Reading for specific details and Information- Skimming-Scanning- measures in Intensive Reading- extensive reading-

UNIT –V

WRITTEN COMMUNICATION- Essay Writing- Paragraph Writing- Social, Political and Economic problems.

Text Book:

1. M Ashraf Rizvi, Effective Technical Communication, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Private limited, 2014.

Reference Books:

- 1. Communication SKILLS, Sanjay Kumar & Pushpalatha Oxford Universityy Press.2012.
- 2. A Course in Communication Skills- Kiranmai Dutt & co. Foundation Books, 2012.
- 3. Meenakshi Raman Technical Communication,2/e, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 2. History of English Language /F T Wood
- 3. English Grammar and composition David Green.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
C01	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

EPICS-II

II B.TECH – II SEMESTER

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Code: 17AME65 ENGINEERING PROJECTS IN COMMUNITY SERVICE (Activity based course) (Common to All branches)

Lecture / Activity: 2/ Week

Int. Max Marks: 40 Ext. Max Marks: 60

OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply disciplinary knowledge to real and possibly ill-defined problems.
- 2. Collaborate with people from other disciplines and develop an appreciation for crossdisciplinary contributions in design.
- 3. Develop the broad set of skills needed to be successful in the changing global workplace and world.
- 4. Design the products useful for the community service.
- 5. Communicate effectively with widely varying backgrounds.
- 6. Provide significant service to the community while learning; gain an understanding of the role that engineering (and their discipline) can play in society.

UNIT - I

Project Survey and Identification: Introduction to Epics, importance of multi disciplinary projects, rural area Survey (societal issues), interaction with NGOs, Idea Generation and Group Discussions. Identification of objectives and outcome deliverables of the project and need of the community partner.

UNIT – II

Project Initiation and Specification: Market Survey (similar products), Customer Requirements, Design Constraints, Engineering Specifications of the product, Design Skill development Sessions - Different kinds of design thinking and its challenges, overall understanding of design processes.

UNIT – III

Design Skill Development for Implementation: Basics of design process, Concept Design Process, problem solving and Mathematical Analysis, Concept Testing, Design fixation, Design start- to-

finish process, proposed methodology, and prototype Design activity. **UNIT – IV**

Project Design for Deployment: code of ethics, Create Prototype, model refinement, product development, testing with Customer, Design documentation, identifying delivery phases of the design process and model demonstration.

UNIT – V

Project Review and Delivery: Effective delivery, Design review Presentations, Making Projects User-Ready, feedback from community partners, and extension of the product for consultancy

work.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. How to Conduct Surveys: A Step-by-Step Guide, Fink, Arlene. 1998. Sage Publications
- 2. Examples of good practice in Special Needs Education & Community-Based Programs, UNESCO PRESS
- 3. Project Management , Gary R. Heerkens, McGraw-Hill
- 4. Engineering Design-A Systematic Approach, Gerhard Pahl, Wolfgang Beitz, Jörg Feldhusen, Karl-Heinrich Grote, ISBN: 978-1-84628-318-5 (Print) 978-1-84628-319-2

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	3	-	-	3	2

III B.Tech – I Semester

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17AAT03 AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERING

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe various components related to Automobiles.
- 2. Summarize lubrication system, Ignition system, Cooling system, Transmission system, Steering system, Suspension system and Braking system for Automobiles.
- 3. Apply system approach to optimize various systems for automobiles.
- 4. Appraise eco-friendly automobile design with advanced technology and society requirements
- 5. Judge a suitable process with optimal resources utilization for industrial growth and customer satisfaction.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION: Components of a four wheeler automobile, types of automobiles, Chassistypes, power unit, power transmission, rear wheel drive, front wheel drive, Four wheel drive, Advantages and disadvantages, types of automobile engines, cylinder liners-dry and wet, naturally aspirated engines, turbo charging and super charging.

LUBRICATION SYSTEM: Necessity, functions of lubrication, properties of lubricants and grading, lubrication systems and types, oil filters, oil pumps, crankcase ventilation.

UNIT II

S.I. ENGINE FUEL SYSTEM: Fuel supply systems, Mechanical and electrical fuel pump, filters, simple carburetor and its functions, modern carburetors – Zenith & Solex, Air Filters, gasoline injection (GDI), multipoint fuel injection system (MPFI).

C.I. ENGINE FUEL SYSTEM: Requirements of diesel injection systems, types of injection systems, fuel pump- types, fuel injectors-types, Common Rail Direct Injection System (CRDI).

COOLING SYSTEM: Cooling Requirements, Air Cooling, Liquid Cooling, Types, Cooling Thermo, and Forced Circulation System, Radiators-Types, Cooling Fan, water pump, thermostat, antifreeze solutions.

UNIT III

IGNITION SYSTEM: Function of an ignition system, battery ignition system, auto transformer, contact breaker points, condenser and spark plug, Magneto coil ignition system, electronic ignition system (CDIS & TACIS), Ignition Timings- Ignition Advance and its necessity, Centrifugal Spark Advance Mechanism, Vacuum Advance Mechanism.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM: Charging system, cut-off relay, starting system, Bendixdrive, Horn, wiper, Fuel gauge, oil pressure gauge, and Engine temperature indicator electrical circuit of automobile.

UNIT IV

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM: Types of clutches -single plate, multi plate, and centrifugal clutches, fluid fly wheel, gear box- types, sliding mesh, constant mesh, synchromesh, over drive, torque converter, Propeller shaft – Hotchkiss drive, Torque tube drive, universal joint, differential, rear axles.

UNIT V

STEERING SYSTEM: Steering geometry – camber, castor, king pin rake, combined angle toein, toe out, center point steering. Steering gears – types, steering linkages, Stub axle, power steering, **SUSPENSION SYSTEM:** Elements of suspension systems – rigid axle suspension system, torsion bar, shock absorber, Independent suspension systems (Wishbone, MacPherson Strut).

BRAKING SYSTEM: Types -Mechanical, Hydraulic, Pneumatic & vacuum suspended servo brake system, Brake fluids and properties.

Text Books:

- 1. V.M Domkundwar, Automobile Engineering, 1st Edition, Dhanpatrai & Co, New Delhi, 2008.
- 2. Kirpal Singh, Automotive Mechanics, Volume-I &Volume-II, 13thEdition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.

References:

- 1. N. K. Giri, Automobile Mechanics, 5th Edition, Khanna Publications, 2014.
- 2. Heitner J, Automotive Mechanics, 2nd Edition, CBS Publications, 2000.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

III B.Tech – I Semester

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17AME12 THERMAL ENGINEERING-II

Outcomes

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply the properties and principles of Boilers and draught to solve problems in the thermal power generation system using steam tables, mollier charts.
- 2. Apply the working principles of condensers, nozzles and steam Turbines in solving the problems related to thermal power plant.
- 3. Apply the principles and procedures related to gas turbine and jet propulsion systems in solving the problems used for power plants and air craft engines.

Unit I

Boilers: Classification based on Working principles & Pressures of operation - L.P & H.P.Boilers – Mountings and Accessories – Boiler horse power, equivalent evaporation, efficiency and heat balance – Draught: classification – Height of chimney for given draught and discharge, condition for maximum discharge, efficiency of chimney – artificial draught, induced and forced draught – Related simple problems.

Unit II

STEAM CONDENSERS: Requirements of steam condensing plant, Classification of condensers, working principle of different types, vacuum efficiency and condenser efficiency.

STEAM NOZZLES: Function of nozzle, applications, types, Flow through nozzles, thermodynamic analysis, assumptions, condition for maximum discharge, critical pressure ratio. Related problems.

Unit III

Impulse turbine; Mechanical details – Velocity diagram – effect of friction – power developed, axial thrust, blade or diagram efficiency – condition for maximum efficiency. De-Laval Turbine

- its features. Methods to reduce rotor speed-Velocity compounding and pressure compounding, Velocity and Pressure variation along the flow – combined velocity diagram for a velocity compounded impulse turbine. Governing of impulse turbine.

Unit IV

Reaction Turbine: Mechanical details – principle of operation, thermodynamic analysis of a stage, degree of reaction –velocity diagram – Parson's reaction turbine – condition for maximum efficiency. Governing of reaction turbine.

Unit V

Gas Turbines : Simple gas turbine plant – Ideal cycle, essential components – Closed and Semiclosed cycles – merits and demerits, Brief concepts about compressors, combustion chambers and turbines of Gas Turbine Plant.

Jet Propulsion : Principle of Operation – Classification of jet propulsive engines – Working Principles with schematic diagrams and representation on T-S diagram.Turbo jet engines –Turbo jet, Turbo prop, Pulse jet – Schematic Diagram, Thermodynamic Cycle.

Text Books:

1. R.K. Rajput, Thermal Engineering, Hyderabad, Lakshmi Publications Pvt. Ltd, 9th Edition, 2013.

2. R.S. Khurmi & J.K.Gupta, Thermal Engineering, 15th Edition, Hyderabad, S.Chand, 2013.

References:

- 1. P.L. Balleny, Thermal Engineering, 20th Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 1994.
- R. Yadav, Steam & Gas Turbines and Power plant engineering, 7th revised Edition, Central Publishing House, Allahabad, 2009.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – I Semester

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17AME13 DYNAMICS OF MACHINERY

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe various components of clutches, brakes and other devices related to automobiles.
- 2. Summarize model development on friction, clutches, brakes, dynamometers, gyroscope, flywheel, governors, balancing of rotating and reciprocating masses and vibrations.
- 3. Solve industry problems with advanced technologies in the domain of automobile systems with optimal resources for minimum total cost and environment friendly.
- 4. Judge the best solution to the various forces acting on automobile system involving attainment of industry long term goals with system integration and synergy.
- 5. prepare a team for best automobile system design with managerial skills and knowledge to satisfy social obligations and customer.

UNIT I

FRICTION: Theories of Inclined plane, screw jack, pivots and collars, uniform pressure and

wear, simple problems;

CLUTCHES: single and multi-plate clutches, cone clutch and centrifugal clutch, simple

problems.

BRAKES and DYNAMOMETERS: Block brake, internal expanding brake, band brake;

absorption and transmission type dynamometers, and problems on band brakes.

UNIT II

GYROSCOPE AND FLY WHEELS: Gyroscopic couple, Gyroscopic Stabilization, Gyroscopic effects in Automobiles, aero planes and ships. Turning moment diagrams, Fly wheels and their design, simple problems.

UNIT III

GOVERNORS: Types - Watt, Porter and Proell governors – Hartnell governors - Stability, sensitiveness, isochronism and hunting - effort, power and controlling force of a governor, simple problems.

UNIT IV

BALANCING: Balancing of rotating masses - single and multiple, single and different planes, analytical and graphical methods. Balancing of reciprocating masses – Primary and Secondary unbalanced forces, partial balancing and its effects, balancing of primary and secondary forces in V and multi cylinder engines.

UNIT V

VIBRATION: Introduction, Types of vibratory motion, Free and forced vibrations of single degree of freedom systems, Dunkerly's method, Raleigh's method, whirling speeds, damping vibration, isolation, resonance, Torsional vibrations of two and three rotor systems, Torsional equivalent shaft.

Text Books:

- 1. R.S. Khurmi & J.K. Gupta, Theory of Machines, Hyderabad, 14th Edition, S. Chand, 2005.
- S.S. Rattan, Theory of Machines and Mechanisms, New Delhi, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers, 2014.

References:

- 1. R.K. Bansal, Theory of Machines, New Delhi, 5th Edition, laxmi publications, 2012.
- 2. Sadhu Singh, Theory of Machines, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, Pearson Edition, 2012.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – I Semester



17AME14 METROLOGY

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Compute the amount of tolerance for any given manufactured part.
- 2. Select and apply suitable measuring instrument to measure the dimension of given component.
- 3. Use of appropriate machine tool alignment test and trends in measuring machines.
- 4. Select and use of latest trend inspection process to obtain quality product.

UNIT I

LINEAR MEASUREMENT: Length standard, line and end standards, slip gauges, calibration

of the slip gauges.

MEASUREMENT OF ANGLES AND TAPERS: Bevel protractor, Angle gauges, spirit level,

sine bar, sine centers, sine table, rollers and spheres to determine the tapers.

OPTICAL MEASURING INSTRUMENTS: Tool maker's microscope, autocollimator, optical flat, interferometers-NPL flatness interferometer & Pitter-NPL Gauge interferometer.

Unit II

SYSTEMS OF LIMITS AND FITS: Introduction, definitions, fits and their types, unilateral and bilateral tolerance system, hole and shaft basis systems, interchangeability and selective assembly, Indian standard of systems of limits and fits.

LIMIT GAUGES: Plug, Ring, Snap, Gap, Taper, Profile and Position gauges, Taylor's principle.

UNIT III

MEASUREMENT THROUGH COMPARATORS: Mechanical, Optical, Electrical, Electronic, Pneumatic comparators and their uses.

SURFACE ROUGHNESS MEASUREMENT: Difference between surface roughness and surface waviness, Numerical assessment of surface finish-maximum peak to valley height, CLA, RMS, Ten point height methods, Methods of measurement of surface finish-profilograph, Talysurf, BIS symbols for indication of surface finish.

UNIT IV

SCREW THREAD MEASUREMENT: Elements of screw threads, measurement of effective

diameter-two wire method and three wire method, best wire size, angle and pitch measurement.

GEAR MEASUREMENT: Gear terminology, Gear measuring instruments-Parkinson's Rolling

Gear tester, tooth to tooth pitch measuring instrument, chordal thickness method.

UNIT V

MACHINE TOOL ALIGNMENT TESTS: Requirements of machine tool alignment tests,

alignment tests on lathe and milling machines.

COMPUTER-AIDED INSPECTION: Coordinate measuring machine-construction, principle,

types, advantages and limitations.

MACHINE VISION: Introduction, image processing and analysis-image data reduction,

segmentation, feature extraction, object recognition, applications of machine vision.

Text Books:

- 1. Mahajan, Engineering Metrology, New Delhi, 4th Edition, Dhanpat Rai, 2009.
- 2. K. Lalit Narayan, K. Mallikarjuna Rao, M.M.M. Sarcar, "Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing", Prentice Hall of India, 2008.

References:

- R.K. Jain, Engineering Metrology, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, Khanna Publication, 2012.
- 2. K.L. Narayana, Engineering Metrology, Hyderabad, 1st Edition, SciTech Publication, 2010.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-

III B.Tech – I Semester

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17AME15 DESIGN OF MACHINE ELEMENTS – I

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Summarize concepts of mechanics of materials to estimate the stresses in a machine element like shafts, keys, couplings, cotters, bolted, riveted, welded joints and power transmission elements.

2. Choose suitable machine elements for different industry applications with model development and system approach.

3. Develop simple machine elements and analyze the impact of those on industry growth and customer satisfaction.

4. Design various machine elements with available resources, social concern and advanced technologies to attain quality standards and sustain in market.

5. Form a project team to achieve goals and to promote higher learning & Research

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION: General considerations of design, design process, Selection of Engineering

Materials and properties, Manufacturing considerations in the design.

STRESSES IN MACHINE ELEMENTS: Simple stresses, Torsional and bending Stresses,

Combined stresses, impact stresses, stress-strain relation, theories of failure, factor of safety.

UNIT II

DESIGN OF FLUCTUATING LOADS: Stress concentration, notch sensitivity, Design for fluctuating stresses, Fatigue strength and S-N Diagrams, Endurance limit and strength, Goodman's line, Soderberg's line, modified Goodman's line.

UNIT III

SHAFTS, KEYS AND COUPLINGS: Design of solid and hollow shafts for strength and rigidity, Design of shafts for combined bending and axial loads. Design of keys, Design of Muff, Split muff, Flange and Flexible couplings,

COTTER AND KNUCKLE JOINTS: Design of Cotter joints- spigot and socket, sleeve and cotter, jib and cotter joints, and Knuckle joints.

UNIT IV

BOLTED JOINTS: Forms of Screw threads, Stresses in Screw fasteners, Design of bolts with pre-stresses, Bolts of uniform strength, Eccentric loading of bolted joints.

RIVETED JOINTS: Types of riveted joints, design of riveted joints, boiler shell riveting,

Eccentric loading of riveted joints.

WELDED JOINTS: Design of transverse and parallel fillet welded joints. Eccentric loading of

welded joints.

UNIT V

POWER TRANSMISSION: Design of Flat belt drives, V-belt drives & rope drives. Selection

of wire ropes, design of chain drives.

Text Books:

1. R.S. Khurmi and J. K. Gupta, Machine design, Hyderabad, 25th edition, S.Chand Publishers, 2014.

2. V.B. Bhandari, Machine Design, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.

References:

1. J. E. Shigley and C. R. Mischke, Mechanical Engineering Design, 6th ed., McGraw-Hill, New York, 2001. 5D.

2. T.V. Sundaramoorthy & N.Shanmugam, Machine Design, 6th edition, Scitech Publishers, 2010.

Data book:

- 1. K. Mahadevan, K. Balaveera Reddy, Design Data Hand Book, Third Edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors.
- 2. Machine Design Data Hand Book Vol 2 Lingaiah K, Suma Publishers

Note: Design data book are permitted in all examinations.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III B.Tech – I Semester

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3 - - 3

17AME16 NDT TECHNIQUES

(*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - I)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand and apply the various Non Destructive evaluation techniques used in industries.
- 2. Apply surface NDE techniques which enables to carry out various inspection in accordance with the established procedures.
- 3. Use of ultrasonic testing which enables to perform inspection of samples
- 4. Interpret the theoretical and practical understanding of the radiographic testing, interpretation and evaluation
- 5. Justify the eddy current instrument and perform inspection of weldments with unknown defects

UNIT I

OVERVIEW OF NDT

NDT Versus Mechanical testing, Overview of the Non-Destructive Testing Methods for the detection of manufacturing defects as well as material characterization. Relative merits and limitations, Various physical characteristics of materials and their applications in NDT., Visual inspection – Unaided and aided.

UNIT II

SURFACE NDE METHODS

Liquid Penetrant Testing – Principles, types and properties of liquid penetrants, developers, advantages and limitations of various methods, Testing Procedure, Interpretation of results. Magnetic Particle Testing- Theory of magnetism, inspection materials Magnetisation methods, Interpretation and evaluation of test indications, Principles and methods of demagnetization, Residual magnetism.

UNIT III

THERMOGRAPHY AND EDDY CURRENT TESTING (ET)

Thermography- Principles, Contact and non contact inspection methods, Techniques for applying liquid crystals, Advantages and limitation – infrared radiation and infrared detectors,

UNIT - IV

DESIGN PROCESS: Concept testing – Survey, response and interpretation - Product architecture - Platform planning - System level design issues - Design for assembly and

manufacture - Industrial design - Modeling - optimization, Prototyping-Robust Design. **DESIGN MANAGEMENT:** Management of design for quality - Project planning and control - Production design specification (PDS) - Quality function deployment (QFD) process

Instrumentations and methods, applications. Eddy Current Testing-Generation of eddy currents, Properties of eddy currents, Eddy current sensing elements, Probes, Instrumentation, Types of arrangement, Applications, advantages, Limitations, Interpretation/Evaluation.

UNIT IV

ULTRASONIC TESTING (UT) AND ACOUSTIC EMISSION (AE) Ultrasonic Testing-Principle, Transducers, transmission and pulse-echo method, straight beamand angle beam, instrumentation, data representation, A/Scan, B-scan, C-scan. Phased Array Ultrasound, Time of Flight Diffraction. Acoustic Emission Technique –Principle, AE parameters, Applications

UNIT V

RADIOGRAPHY(RT)

Principle, interaction of X-Ray with matter, imaging, film and film less techniques, types and use of filters and screens, geometric factors, Inverse square, law, characteristics of films – graininess, density, speed, contrast, characteristic curves, Penetrameters, Exposure charts, Radiographic equivalence. Fluoroscopy- Xero-Radiography, Computed Radiography, Computed Tomography.

Text Books:

- 1. Baldev Raj, T.Jayakumar, M.Thavasimuthu –Practical Non-Destructive Testingl, Narosa Publishing House, 2009.
- 2. Ravi Prakash, -Non-Destructive Testing Techniques^{II}, 1st revised edition, New Age International Publishers, 2010.

References:

- 1. R.K. Jain, Production Technology New Delhi, 2nd Edition, Kanna Publishers, 2001.
- 2. R.S. Parmar, Welding Process & Technology, New Delhi, 4th Edition, Kanna Publishers, 1997.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-

III B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

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17AME17 PRODUCT DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT (*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - I)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain the design of the process and morphology.
- 2. Select the best solution for solving problem using Brainstorming, CAPP
- 3. Solve industry problems with available sources, project planning and control methods.
- 4. Determine the solutions to attain reliability of the product by overcoming failures.
- 5. Formulate on how and when to obtain the Intellectual Property Rights.

UNIT - I

INTRODUCTION: Product development - Challenges in Organizations ; Development Process

- Process flow - Product planning - Identifying opportunities – Prioritization - Resource allocation and pre-project planning - Customer needs – customer data gathering - Organizing needs.

UNIT - II

PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE MANAGEMENT: Introduction to product design - Product design practice - Industrial, Economic factors influencing design - Value engineering and product design - Life-cycle management - Concurrent Engineering.

UNIT - III

CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT: Product and target specification - Various steps in concept generation - Brainstorming, Morphological analysis - Selection of concepts – Subjective decision-making - Criteria ranking - Criteria weighting - Datum method - Principles of computer aided decision making

UNIT - IV

DESIGN PROCESS: Concept testing – Survey, response and interpretation - Product architecture - Platform planning - System level design issues - Design for assembly and manufacture - Industrial design - Modeling - optimization, Prototyping-Robust Design.

DESIGN MANAGEMENT: Management of design for quality - Project planning and control -Production design specification (PDS) - Quality function deployment (QFD) process

UNIT - V

FAILURE ANALYSIS AND QUALITY: Causes of failures - Failure modes - Failure mode and effect analysis - FMEA Procedure - Classification of severity - Computation of criticality index - Determination of corrective action-Factor of safety - Selection procedure for bought out components, Material selection, Sources of information on materials.

Text Books:

- 1. Karl Ulrich, Steven Eppinger, Product Design and Development, 5th edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011
- 2. George E. Dieter, Engineering Design, 4thEdition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.

References:

- 1. Richard S. Handscombe, The Product Management Handbook, 1stEdition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1990.
- 2. John W. Evans & Jillian Y. Evans, Product Integrity and Reliability in Design, 1stEdition, London, Springer Verlag, 2001.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
C01	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

3. Jain-Design for manufacturing Text Book N.Venkat Reddy.

III B.Tech – I Semester

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17AME18 TOTAL QUALITY MANAGEMENT & RELIABILITY ENGINEERING (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - I)

(Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply TQM concepts with quality standards, tools, value addition and reliability concept.
- 2. Select the best solution for problem solving using QC tools, QFD model, JIT method.
- 3. Solve industry problems with available sources, software tools, modern TQM techniques with system approach.
- 4. Judge the solutions to sustain customer trust-worth-ship besides industry growth by getting ISO certification.
- 5. develop a team and play a key role in decision making with interpretation skills overcoming failures besides continuous learning.

Unit I

Introduction

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definitions of quality - Dimensions of product and service quality - Basic concepts of TQM - TQM Framework - Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby - Barriers to TQM - Quality statements - Customer focus - Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, Customer retention - Costs of quality.

Unit II

TQM Principles

Quality circles - PDCA cycle, Control Charts - Process Capability – Problem solving - Quality Function Development (QFD) - Taguchi quality loss function – Total Productive Maintenance -Concepts, improvement needs - Performance measures. Poka-yoke, Kaizen , JIT.

Unit III

TQM Tools and Technique

The seven traditional tools of quality - New management tools - Six sigma: Concepts, Methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT - Bench marking - Reason to bench mark, Bench marking process - FMEA - Stages, Fault tree analysis.

Unit IV

Quality Systems

Need for ISO 9000 - ISO 9001-2008 Quality System - Elements, Documentation, Quality Auditing - QS 9000 - ISO 14000 - Concepts, Requirements and Benefits - TQM Implementation in manufacturing and service sectors

UNIT V

Fundamental concepts of Reliability: Reliability definitions, failure, failure density, failure Rate, hazard rate, Mean Time To Failure (MTTF), Mean Time Between Failure (MTBF), maintainability, availability, safety and reliability, product liability, importance of reliability. Problem solving.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Dale H. Besterfiled, et at., "Total quality Management", Third Edition, Pearson Education Asia, Indian Reprint, 2006.

2. Dr.K.C.Arora, "Total Quality Management", 4th Edition, S. K. Kataria & Sons, 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. James R. Evans and William M. Lindsay, "The Management and Control of Quality", 8th Edition, First Indian Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.

2. Suganthi.L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	3	3
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	3	3
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	3	3
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	3	3

III B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C 3 - - 3

17AME19 PRINCIPLES OF VIBRATION CONTROL

(*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - I)

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Analyze vibration methods through different analysis techniques
- 2. Formulate differential equations to solve problems through Newton's law
- 3. Solve problems related to free damped vibrations.
- 4. Differentiate different types of forced vibration and work on vibration isolation
- 5. Use vibration and frequency measuring devices and differentiate Two DOF to Single DOF.

UNIT-I:

Elements of Vibration: Introduction - History of Vibration - Basic Concepts of vibration, Importance of vibration study in engineering, Methods of vibration analysis- Energy method, Rayleigh's method - Equilibrium method, types of vibrations

UNIT-II:

Undamped Free Vibration : derivation of differential equation- Newton's method- Energy method, Torsional vibrations, equivalent stiffness of spring combination, Transverse vibration of beams, beams with several masses,

UNIT-III:

Free Damped Vibration: free damped vibration, types of damping, Differential equations of damped free vibration, logarithmic decrement- vibrational energy and log decrement.

UNIT-IV:

Forced Vibration I : Introduction to forced vibrations, sources of excitation, equation of motion with harmonic force, Rotating and reciprocation unbalance system- support motion- absolute motion -Relative Motion- vibration isolation, transmissibility

UNIT-V:

Forced Vibration II: Forced vibrations with coulomb - structural damping and viscous damping, vibration and frequency measuring devices, critical speed with and without damping.

Two Degree of Freedom Systems: Introduction- torsional vibrations, undamped two DoF systems, forced vibrations, damped free vibrations

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Mechanical Vibrations, G.K. Grover ,8th Edition, Nem Chad and Bros,2014.
- 2. Mechanical Vibrations by SS Rao,4th Edition, Pearson, 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Mechanical Vibration V. Rao Dukkipati & J. Srinivas, 2nd Edition, PHI, 2010.
- 2. Mechanical Vibrations- S Graham Kelly, Schaum's Outilines, TMH, 1996.
- 3. Mechanical Vibrations Thomsom, W.T, Prentice Hall; 2nd, Second Edition edition (1961)
- 4. Mechanical Vibrations V.P.Sing, Raveesh Pratap Dhanpat rai & Co. 2014

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – I Semester

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17AME20 MANUFACTURING OF COMPOSITE MATERIALS (*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - I)

(Common to ME & AT)

Out Comes

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1) Describe the enhancement of properties of the composites when adding the reinforcements in the form of particles, fibers and whisker and conduct investigation on the influence of different volume fraction of reinforcements on the various mechanical properties.

2) Categorize the various variety of composite materials based on the nature of matrix and reinforcements and group them for various social requirements.

3) Design and fabricate the composite materials with various properties to suit various applications and examine the same by using modern software tool like ANSYS as a team.

4) Analyze the recyclability, biodegradability and sustainability of the various composite materials and prefer the cost effective as well as environmental friendly composites for the societal needs.

5) Compile the various advanced composites and their tailorability limits of the different composites and expose them into various forums.

UNIT I

POLYMER MATRIX COMPOSITES

PMC processes – hand lay up processes – spray up processes – compression moulding – reinforced reaction injection moulding – resin transfer moulding – Pultrusion – Filament winding –Injection moulding. Fibre reinforced plastics (FRP), Glass Fibre Reinforced Plastics (GFRP).spray technique-Sandwich Mould Composites (SMC)- Properties, Advantages-Limitations-Applications.

UNIT II

METAL MATRIX COMPOSITES

Characteristics of MMC, various types of metal matrix composites alloy vs. MMC, advantages of MMC, limitations of MMC, Reinforcements – particles – fibres. Effect of reinforcement –

volume fraction – rule of mixtures. Processing of MMC – powder metallurgy process – diffusion bonding – stir casting – squeeze casting, a spray process, Liquid infiltration. Material simulation software for composites. Properties, Advantages-Limitations-Applications.

UNIT III

CERAMIC MATRIX COMPOSITES

Need for CMC – ceramic matrix – various types of ceramic matrix composites- oxide ceramics – non oxide ceramics – aluminium oxide – silicon nitride – reinforcements – particles- fibres-whiskers. Sintering – Hot pressing – Cold isostatic pressing (CIPing) – Hot isostatic pressing (HIPing). Carbon /carbon composites – advantages of carbon matrix – limitations of carbon matrix carbon fibre – chemical vapour deposition of carbon on carbon fibre perform. Sol-gel technique- Processing of Ceramic Matrix composites. Properties, Advantages-Limitations-Applications.

UNIT IV

NANO AND BIO COMPOSITES

Nano composites-nano ceramic reinforced composites-carbon nano tube reinforced composites, Graphene reinforced composite, nanoclay reinforced composites- nano cpmposites by laser cladding- In-situ composites-hybrid composites, bio composites and green composites. Properties, Advantages-Limitations-Applications.

UNIT V

LAMINATED COMPOSITES

Manufacturing Composite Laminates: Plaster Masters- Template Method- Follow Board Method- Sweep Method- Lay-up Molds- Prepreg Method- Wet Lay-up Method- Fiber-Only Preforms- Combined Fiber-Matrix Preforms- Mechanics of laminated composites and finite element based analysis of the laminates. Properties, Advantages-Limitations-Applications. **Text books**

1. Suong V. Hoa, Principles of the Manufacturing of Composite Materials, DEStech Publications, Inc, 2009

2. Mallick, P.K. and Newman, S., (edition), –Composite Materials Technology: Processes and Properties I, Hansen Publisher, Munish, 1990.

Reference books

- 1. Clyne, T. W. and Withers, P. J., –Introduction to Metal Matrix Composites^{II}, Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- Broutman, L.J. and Krock, R.M., Modern Composite Materials^{II}, Addison-Wesley, 1967. ASM Hand Book, — Composites^{II}, Vol.21, ASM International, 2001.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

III B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C - - 3 1.5

17AME24 METROLOGY LAB

(Common to ME, AT)

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- *1.* Use of linear and angular measuring instruments.
- 2. Measure surface roughness for a given component.
- *3.* Determine the flatness of any surface using different instruments.
- 4. Use appropriate machine tool alignment test and trends in measuring machines.
- 5. Develop inspection procedure in manufacturing systems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Measurement of lengths, heights, diameters by vernier calipers, micrometers etc.
- 2. Use of gear teeth vernier calipers and checking the chordal addendum and chordal height of spur gear.
- 3. Angle and taper measurements by bevel protractor, sine bars etc.
- 4. Thread measurement by two wire/three wire method.
- 5. Surface roughness measurement by Talysurf instrument.
- 6. Measurement of thread parameters using Tool makers' microscope.
- 7. Measurement of major diameter of screw thread using floating carriage micrometer.
- 8. Test the flatness of a surface using Auto-collimator instrument.
- 9. Alignment test on the lathe and milling machine.
- 10. Setting up of mechanical comparator for inspecting a part.
- 11. Measurement using optical flats.
- 12. Measurement of angle using rollers and spheres

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C - - 3 1.5

17AME25 Dynamics of Machinery Lab

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Use speed controllers in the engines to solve industry problems.
- 2. Apply speed controllers in the, gyroscope, dynamic balancing & braking vibration systems to solve various societal and environmental issues.
- 3. Infer noise frequency of vibrating system.
- 4. Deduce angular acceleration and torque of vibrating bodies.
- 5. Identify the center of gravity of rigid bodies.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. To prepare performance characteristic Curves on watt, Porter and Proell Governors.
- 2. To prepare performance characteristic Curves on Hartnell Governor.
- 3. To determine gyroscopic couple acting on a rotating disc by Motorized Gyroscope.
- 4. To determine the angular orientation of given masses for dynamic balancing by dynamic Balancing machine.
- 5. To determine the radius of gyration of connecting rod by compound pendulum method
- 6. Determine the moment of inertia of disc & ring by tri-flair suspension method.
- 7. To determine the power using rope brake dynamometer.
- 8. To determine the natural frequency of vibration of vibrating system with different viscous oil.
- 9. To Measure the moment of inertia of disc & ring by turn table operation.
- 10. To determine jump speed at various loads and to draw cam profile for the given cam and follower mechanism.
- 11. To determine the un-damped natural frequency of a spring mass system.
- 12. To study the forced vibration of equivalent spring mass system with damper .
- 13. To study the Torsional oscillations and to determine damping coefficient.

(Any 12 Experiments need to be Conduct)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
C01	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C - - 3 1.5

17AME26 THERMAL ENGINEERING LAB

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. List the properties of fuels like flash point, fire point and calorific value
- 2. Describe working principle, components of different types of engines, compressors, refrigeration and air conditioning systems
- 3. Determine the frictional power of an I.C. engine by conducting retardation test or morse test
- 4. Calculate the various efficiencies of engine and compressors by conducting performance test andto determine the cop of refrigeration and air conditioning systems

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Determination of Flash point and Fire point of petrol/diesel using Abel's/Pensky Marten's apparatus.
- Determination of Viscosity of lubricating oil using Redwood Viscometer /Say bolt Viscometer.
- 3. Study of Bomb and Junker's gas calorimeter to determine the Calorific value of fuels.
- 4. Study of the constructional details & working principles of two-stroke petrol engine and to draw Port Timing Diagram of an I.C. Engine.
- 5. Study of the constructional details & working principles of four stroke diesel engine and to draw Valve Timing Diagram of an I.C. Engine.
- 6. Performance test and Preparation of Heat balance sheet on 4-stroke, single cylinder diesel engine test rig.
- 7. Retardation test on 4-stroke, single cylinder diesel engine test rig.
- 8. Morse test on 4-stroke, 4- cylinder petrol engine test rig.
- 9. Performance and emission test on 2- stroke, single cylinder petrol engine test rig.
- 10. Performance test on refrigeration test rig.
- 11. Performance test on computerized air condition test rig.
- 12. Performance test on two stage reciprocating Air compressor.

- 13. Determination of air fuel ratio & volumetric efficiency with variable compression ratio engine on 4-stroke, single cylinder petrol engine test rig.
- 14. Performance, Emission test on computerized 4-stroke, single cylinder diesel engine test rig.

Note: Minimum of 12 Experiments need to be performed

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C

3 1 - 3

17AME28 MACHINE TOOLS

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Classify various conventional machine tools utilized in an industry in different manufacturing process.
- 2. Describe the working principle of various machine tools like lathe, shaper, slotter, planer, drilling, milling, broaching, grinding, lapping, homing and their application.
- 3. Choose and apply appropriate machine tool for manufacturing required component with utilization of resources atminimum total cost

UNIT I

ELEMENTS OF METAL CUTTING: Cutting process, Geometry of single point tools as per ASA,ORS and Normal rake systems, types of chips – built up edge and its effects, chip breakers, Merchant's circle diagram, cutting forces – effect of cutting speed, feed, depth of cut.

Tool materials -properties, types. Machinability, Tool life estimation-Taylor's tool life equation, Economics of Machining-Minimum Cost, Maximum Production Methods- solving of typical numerical problems, tool wear -types, eco coolants on machinability.

UNIT II

ENGINE LATHE: Specification of lathe, types of lathes, work holders, tool holders, attachments for Lathes, Operations on Lathe-turning, facing ,Taper turning, thread Cutting-Estimation of Machining time.

Turret and capstan lathes – work holding devices and tool holding devices, Automatic lathes – classification, Single spindle and multi-spindle automatic lathes.

UNIT III

DRILLING AND BORING: Specifications, types, operations performed, tool holding devices,

twist drill and types. Boring machines – Fine boring machines, Jig Boring machines.

SHAPING, SLOTTING AND PLANING: Their Principles of working, Principal parts, specification, classification, Operations performed, Kinematic schemes of the shaping slotting and planning machines, machining time calculations.

UNIT IV

MILLING: Specifications, classifications of milling machines, Principal features of horizontal, vertical and universal milling machines, machining operations, Types and geometry of milling cutters, methods of indexing.

GEAR MANUFACTURING: Methods of manufacturing gears, formed tooth process, template process, generating process, bevel gear generator and gear finishing

UNIT V

GRINDING: Theory of grinding, classification of grinding machines, cylindrical and surface grinding machines, Tool and cutter grinding machines, Grinding wheel- Different types of abrasives, bonds, specification, selection of a grinding wheel.

LAPPING, HONING AND BROACHING: Constructional features, comparison of grinding, lapping and honing, machining time calculations, Basic principles of broaching, Nomenclature of tool/construction and Operation of Broaching, Different Types of Broaches and Their Applications, Broaching Machines.

Text Books:

- 1. R.K. Jain & S.C. Gupta Production Technology, New Delhi, 5th Edition, Khanna Publishers, 2010.
- P.N. Rao, Manufacturing Technology (Machine Tools), Volume II, Noida, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013.

References:

- B.S. Raghuwanshi, Workshop Technology, Volume II, New Delhi, 10th Edition, Dhanpath Rai & Co., 2010.
- 2. Kalpakjian, Manufacturing Engineering Technology, New Jersey, USA, 2nd Edition, Pearson Stores, Prentice Hall Publication, 2010.
- 3. Elements of workshop technology / Vol. 2, Machine tools, S K Hajra Choudhury, Asia Pub. House, 1967

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – II Semester

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3 - - 3

17AME30 FINITE ELEMENT METHODS

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

- After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
- 1. Derive equations in finite element methods for 1D, 2D and 3D problems
- 2. Develop element matrix equation by different methods.
- 3. Solve ordinary and partial differential equations using the Galerkin method
- 4. Use FEM software's for the practical problems.
- 5. Formulate and solve basic problems in heat transfer, solid mechanics and fluid mechanics.

UNIT – I

FUNDAMENTAL CONCEPTS: Introduction, Stresses and Equilibrium, Boundary Conditions, strain-Displacement Relations, Stress-Strain Relations, Temperature effects, Potential energy and equilibrium, Finite element Modelling.

UNIT – II

ONE-DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS: Coordinates and shape functions, Potential-Energy Approach, Gelerkin approach. Assemble of the Global Stiffness Matrix and Load Vector, Properties of K, The Finite Element Equations; Treatment of Boundary Conditions - Elimination approach, quadratic shape functions, Temperature effect, problems for bar element.

TRUSSES: Introduction, Plane Trusses, Local and Global Coordinate Systems, Formulas for Calculating Element stiffness matrix, Stress Calculations.

UNIT – III

TWO-DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS USING CONSTANT STRAIN TRIANGLES:

Introduction, Finite Element Modeling, Constant-Strain Triangle (CST), Problem Modeling and Boundary Conditions. Ax-symmetric solids subjected to axi-symmetric loading. Axi-symmetric formulation for Triangular element.

ISOPARAMETRIC REPRESENTATION: Introduction, 4 noded quadrilateral element, numerical integration, Four Noded quadrilateral Axi-Symmetric problems.

UNIT –IV

BEAMS & FRAMES: Introduction of Beam, Potential-Energy Approach, Gelerkin Approach, Finite element formulation, load vector, Boundary conditions - simple problems. Plane frames simple problems.

UNIT - V

HEAT TRANSFER: Introduction, Derivation of the Basic Differential Equation, Heat Transfer with Convection, One-Dimensional Finite Element Formulation Using a Variational Method, Two-Dimensional Finite element formulation.

DYNAMIC: Introduction, Element mass matrices equation of eigen values and eigenvectors – Properties of Eigen vectors, Eigen Value – Eigen vector evaluation.

Text Books:

- 1. Tirpupahi R. Chandrupatla, Introduction to Finite Elements in Engineering, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi-1, 2011.
- Daryl L Logan, A first course in Finite Element Method, Stanford, US, 5th Edition, Cengage Learning, Publication, 2007.

References:

- 1. O.C. Zienkiewicz, Finite Element Method, its basis and fundamentals, 6th Edition, ELSCVIER, 2005.
- Kenneth H. Huebner, Donald L. Dewhirst, Douglas E. Smith & Ted G. Byrom, The Finite Element Method for Engineers, New York, 4th Edition, John Wiley & Sons (ASIA) Pvt. Ltd, 2001.
- 3. Fundamentals Of Finite Element Analysis David V. Hutton

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C

3 1 - 3

17AME31 INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

(Common to ME, AT & CE)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain mechanical, electrical and electronic measuring systems for various applications in the industry.
- 2. Analyze mechanical, electrical and electronic instruments to promote advanced technologies to find innovative solutions.
- 3. Compare measuring systems to utilize resources like machines and materials to achieve short & long term objectives.
- 4. Classify elements of control systems in real life service industries to promote research.

UNIT I:

INTRODUCTION: Significance of mechanical measurement, fundamental methods of measurement, generalized measuring system and its elements, errors-types, classification and calibration.

MEASUREMENT OF VISCOSITY: Measuring systems-Capillary tube, Redwood, Engler, Falling sphere, Rotating cylinder and Electrical viscometers.

UNIT II:

MEASUREMENT OF TEMPERATURE: Temperature measuring instruments, Liquid-inglass and bi-metallic thermometers, Thermocouples, Resistance thermometers and thermistors, Radiation and optical pyrometers, errors and precautions in temperature measurement, measurement of temperature in rapidly moving gas, Calibration.

MEASUREMENT OF HUMIDITY AND MOISTURE: Sling psychrometer, Absorption hygrometer, Measuring Dew point and moisture content.

UNIT III:

MEASUREMENT OF LIQUID LEVEL: Direct method, Indirect method, Electrical liquid level sensors.

MEASUREMENT OF PRESSURE: Static and dynamic pressures, Pressure measuring systems-Bourdan pressure gauge, Diaphragm gauge, Bellow gauge, High pressure measurement-Electrical resistance pressure gauge, Low pressure measurement-Mcleod gauge, Thermal conductivity gauge, Ionization gauge.

MEASUREMENT OF FLOW: Nature of flow, Flow measuring systems-Rotameter, Ultrasonic, Electro-magnetic, Hot - wire anemometer, Laser Doppler Anemometer. **UNIT IV:**

STRESS & STRAIN MEASUREMENTS: Strain-measuring techniques, Electrical resistance strain gauge, types of metal resistance strain gauges-Bonded and unbounded, selection and installation factors for bonded metallic strain gauges, use of strain gauges on rotating shafts, commercially available strain measuring systems, strain gauge Rosettes.

MEASUREMENT OF FORCE AND TORQUE: Force measurement-Elastic force meter, Loadcells. Torque measurement-Mechanical, optical, Electrical, Strain gauge torsion meters. **UNIT V:**

MEASUREMENT OF SPEED, ACCELERATION AND VIBRATION: Tachometers-

Mechanical, Electrical, Contactless electrical acceleration-piezoelectric type, seismic type, vibration-Reed vibrometer.

ELEMENTS OF CONTROL SYSTEM: Introduction, classification, terminology, servomechanisms, manual and automatic control systems.

Text Books:

- 1. S. Bhaskar, Instrumentation and Control Systems, Wiley Publications, 4th Edition, Anuradha Agencies, 2008.
- D.S. Kumar, Measurement Systems, Applications & design, New Delhi, 8thEdition, Lakshmi Publication, 2010.

References:

- 1. R.K. Jain, Mechanical and Industrial Measurements, New Delhi, 11th Edition, Khanna Publishers, 2011.
- Beckwith, Marangoni & Linehard, Mechanical Measurements, 6th Edition, Printice Hall International Publishers, 2006.
- 3. Jack Philip Holman, Experimental Methods for Engineers, McGraw-Hill, 1994.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C

3 1 - 3

17AME32 DESIGN OF MACHINE ELEMENTS – II

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the concept of basic mechanical elements used in various automobiles.
- 2. Choose the type of bearings, springs, power screws and gears to develop a mechanical system.
- 3. Analyze the mechanical elements using advanced computer aided technologies to find innovative solutions for the complex design problems.
- 4. Design Eco-friendly mechanical systems with available resources at minimum total cost.
- 5. Construct a team to Enrich knowledge, analyzing and computational skills to achieve goals of industry with continuous learning.

UNIT I

SPRINGS:Introduction, Types of Springs, Terms used in Compression springs, Stresses and deflections of helical springs of circular wire, Helical Torsion springs, Concentric or Composite springs, Leaf springs – Construction of leaf springs, Length of spring leaves.

POWER SCREWS: Introduction, Types of screw threads used for power screws, Stresses in power screws, Design of screw jack, Problems.

UNIT II

SLIDING CONTACT BEARINGS: Introduction, Classification of Bearings, Types of sliding contact bearings, Hydrodynamic lubricated bearings, Terms used in Hydrodynamic journal bearings, Bearing Characteristic Number and Bearing modulus for journal bearings, Design procedure for Journal bearings, Problems.

UNIT III

ROLLING CONTACT BEARINGS: Introduction, Advantages and Disadvantages of rolling contact bearings over sliding contact bearings, Types of Roller bearings, Basic static load rating, Basic dynamic load rating of rolling contact bearings, Static Equivalent load &Dynamic Equivalent load, Dynamic load rating for Rolling contact bearings under variable loads, Life of a bearing, Reliability of a bearing.

UNIT IV

INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE PARTS:Introduction, Principal parts of an I. C. Engine, Cylinder and Cylinder liner, *Design of a cylinder*. *P*iston - Design Considerations for a piston, Design of a Piston – Piston Head or Crown, Piston rings, Piston Skirt, Piston Pin. Connecting rod - Design of Connecting rod. Crankshaft – Design of Centre crank shaft.

UNIT V

SPUR GEARS: Introduction, Advantages and Disadvantages of Gear drives, Classification of gears, Design considerations of gear drive, Beam strength of gear teeth-Lewis equation, dynamic tooth load, static tooth load, wear tooth load, Causes of gear tooth failure, Design procedure for spur gears. Force analysis.

HELICAL GEARS: Introduction, Formative or Equivalent number of teeth for helical gears, Strength of Helical gears, Bevel gears.

Text Books:

- 1. R.S. Khurmi and J. K. Gupta, Machine design, Hyderabad, 25th edition, S.Chand Publishers, 2014.
- 2. V.B. Bhandari, Machine Design, 3rd edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2010.

References:

- 1. N. C. Pandya and C. S. Shah, Machine design, 8th edition, India Charotar Publications, 2006.
- 2. T.V. Sundaramoorthy & N.Shanmugam, Machine Design, 6th edition, SciTech Publishers, 2010.
- 3. Shigley's Mechanical Engineering Design (McGraw-Hill Series in Mechanical Engineering

Data book:

1. K. Mahadevan, K. Balaveera Reddy, Design Data Hand Book, Third Edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors. **Note:** Design data book are permitted in all examinations.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C

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17AME33 TOOL DESIGN

(*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Select different Cutting tools used in various machining processes.
- 2. Evaluate the economics of machining while designing the cutting tool.
- 3. Identify or develop the tooling requirements/constraints in production.
- 4. Design cutting tools and dies economically for manufacturing processes to maximize the production rate by optimum usage of the available resources.
- 5. Analyze the suitable jigs and fixtures for holding the variety size and shape of components using advanced CAE software

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION: Tooling, tool design-objectives, duties of tool design engineer. Cutting tools-Types of cutting tools, tool life-Taylor's Equation-simple numerical problems, tool wear, Economics of machining-Evaluation of tool life for maximum production rate and minimum unit cost.

DESIGN OF CUTTING TOOLS: General problems of cutting tool design, single point cutting tools, milling cutters-design of plain milling cutter, Broach cutter design, drills, reamers, taps, form tools-combination tools.

UNIT II

JIGS AND FIXTURES: Functions, locating and Clamping-Principle of location, principles of pin locations, locating devices, radial location ,V-location, bush location, design principles for locating purposes, clamping devices.

Design principles common to jigs, milling fixtures, lathe fixtures, grinding fixtures, Broaching fixtures. Static Structural analysis of Fixture body using CAE software's-ANSYS'16.

UNIT III

PRESS TOOL DESIGN: Press work terminology, requirements of press tool design, types of dies, press operations- dimensions of punch and die for blanking and piercing. Principle of metal cutting- cutting forces, methods of reducing forces, minimum diameter of piercing.

Die block design, punch design, centre of pressure, scrap strip layout, considerations in press tool design, design procedure of blanking die.

UNIT IV

BENDING, FORMING AND DRAWING DIES DESIGN: Bending-types of bending, bending forces, bend allowance, spring back-simple numerical problems. Forming types of forming dies.

Drawing-shallow drawing, deep drawing. Factors affecting drawing, determining the blank size, draw ratio, thickness ratio, drawing force, blank holder pressure. Redrawing-direct redrawing, ironing, calculation of no. of draws. Design procedure for a drawing die-typical numerical problem.

UNIT V

GAUGE DESIGN: Types of gauges, Taylor's principle of gauge design-estimation of gauge dimensions for plug and ring gauges- typical example problems.

PLASTICS AS TOOLING MATERIALS: Introduction, plastics commonly used as tooling materials, application of epoxy plastic tools, construction methods of plastic tooling, metal forming operations with Urethane dies. Calculating of forces for urethane pressure pads, economics of tooling.

Text Books:

- Cyrill Donaldson, George H. LeCain, Joyjeet Ghose & V.C. Goold, Tool Design, New Delhi, 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
- 2. G.R. Nagpal, Tool Engineering and Design, Revised Edition, Khanna Publications, 2008.

References:

- 1. P C Sharma, Production Engineering, Revised Edition, S Chand Publications, 2009.
- R K Singal, Mridual Singal & Rishi Singal, Fundamentals of Machining and Machine Tools, 1st Edition, I.K. International, 2008.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C 3 - - 3

17AME34 HYDRAULICS AND PNEUMATICS (*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II)

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply Hydraulic and Pneumatic systems in industry.
- 2. Control hydraulic and pneumatic systems.
- 3. Utilize hydraulic and pneumatic actuators in industry.
- 4. Apply automation in hydraulics and pneumatics.
- 5. Select appropriate automations for the required applications.

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION TO FLUID POWER : Advantages of fluid power-Applications of fluid power-Properties of fluids-Fluid power symbols - Pneumatic Power and its applications - Hydraulic & Pneumatic comparison.

UNIT - II

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM AND COMPONENTS :Positive displacement Pumps - Gear, Vane, Piston pump. Fluid power actuators: linear hydraulic actuators: types of hydraulic cylinderssingle acting, double acting and special cylinders. Rotary actuators-fluid motors, gear, vane, and piston motors.

UNIT – III

Design of hydraulic circuits: construction of control components: Direction Control valve -Spool valve, Check valve, $\frac{3}{2}$ *Valve*, $\frac{4}{3}$ *Valve* & $\frac{5}{3}$ Valve. Pressure Control valve-relief valve, Pressure reducing valve, Counter balance valve, sequence valve, Regenerative cylinder circuitcylinder extending speed, drilling machine application. Hydraulic motor braking system.

Accessories in hydraulic systems : Accumulator- Types and applications. Intensifier-applications of intensifier, intensifier circuits.

UNIT - IV

PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS: Air Compressor Reciprocating and rotary, Air Filter, Lubricators and Regulators, Air control valve, Quick Exhaust valves, Pneumatic actuators, Air Cylinders and Air motors, Servo system, PLC Automation, Pneumatic safety circuits.

UNIT – V:

TROUBLESHOOTING: Selection fault finding and maintenance of hydraulic components -Electro pneumatic circuits. – Installation fault finding and maintenance of pneumatic components.

Text Books:

- 1. Antony espossito, Fluid Power with Applications, sixth edition, pearson Prentice Hall, 2013.
- 2. Shanmugasundaram.k, Hydraulics and pneumatics controls,1st Edition, chand & co, 2006.

References:

- 1. W.Bolton ,Mechatronics, fourth edition,pearson,2013.
- 2. Srinivasan. R, "Hydraulic and Pneumatic Control", IInd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 2012.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C

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17AME35 AUTOMATION AND CONTROL (*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Identify potential areas for automation and justify need for automation

2. Select suitable Material handling and Identification Technologies for Automated process

3. Select suitable Automated Manufacturing Systems.

4.Use suitable Control Technologies in Automation

5. Develop suitable Computer Based Industrial Controls.

Unit I

Introduction:

Automation in Production System, Automation Principles and Strategies, Basic Elements of an Automated System, Advanced Automation Functions, Levels of Automations. Fundamentals of Automated production Lines, Analysis of Transfer Lines with No internal storage / with internal storage .

Unit II

Material handling and Identification Technologies:

Introduction To Material Handling : Overview of Material Handling Equipment, Consideration in Material Handling system Design, Principles of Material Handling .Material Transport :Industrial Trucks, Automated Guided Vehicle systems ,Monorails and other rail Guided Vehicles, Conveyors Systems. Cranes and Hoists, Analysis of Material Transport System

Systems, Storage Systems: Storage system performance, Storage Location strategies, Conventional Storage Methods and Equipment, Automated storage system, Engineering Analysis of Storage Systems

Unit III

Automated Manufacturing Systems:

Components, Classification of a Manufacturing System and Overview of Manufacturing Systems, single Station Manufacturing Cells: single station Manned work stations, single station Automated cells, Applications, Group Technology and Cellular Manufacturing: Part Families,

Parts classification and coding, Production Flow Analysis, Application consideration in GT, FMS and its Planning and Implementation. Quality Control Systems: Traditional and Modern Quality Control Methods, SPC Tools, Inspection Principles and Practices: Inspection Fundamentals, Automated Inspection

Unit IV

Control Technologies in Automation:

Industrial Control Systems, Process Industries Versus Discrete-Manufacturing Industries, Continuous Versus Discrete Control, Computer Process and its Forms. Sensors, Actuators and other Control System Components,

Fundamental of Automatic Process Control :introduction .process definition ,open Loop, closed Loop, Basic principle of single controller Loop , Multiple- position control **UNIT V**

Computer Based Industrial Control:

Building Blocks of Automation Systems: LAN, Analog & Digital I/O Modules, SCADA
Systems& RTU. Display Systems : Display Systems in Process Control Environment
,Distributed Digital Control System: Functional Requirements of process control,
Configurations & some popular Distributed Control Systems.
Text Books:

- 1. Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing M.P.Groover, 5th edition, Pearson Education. 2009.
- 2. Computer Based Industrial Control- Krishna Kant, 2nd edition ,EEE-PHI ,2010.

References:

1. An Introduction to Automated Process Planning Systems- Tiess Chiu Chang & Richard A. Wysk, 1st Edition, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. : Prentice-Hall, c1985.

2. Performance Modeling of Automated Manufacturing Systems, Viswanandham, 1st edition, PHI, 2000.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	P08	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C

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17AME36 PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL (*(PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II)

(Common to ME, AT)

Course outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Determine the effect of product, process, inventory costs, product forecasting, and operationsstrategies
- 2. Apply and analyze forecasting models to develop business enterprise forecasts for products.

3. Develop and analyze production and inventory planning/control systems, and scheduling techniques by using engineering techniques for a complete production facility.

- 4. Perform and analyze methods of evaluating operations location alternatives.
- 5. Develop and analyze the capacity planning process and Master Production Schedule.

UNIT - I

INTRODUCTION: Definition, Objectives of production Planning and Control, Functions of production planning and control, Types of production Systems, Organization of production planning and control department.

FORECASTING: Definition, Uses of forecasting ,Factors affecting the forecasting ,Types of forecasting and their uses - Demand patterns, General principles of forecasting, Forecasting techniques , Quantitative techniques , Qualitative techniques , Measures of forecasting errors.

UNIT - II

INVENTORY MANAGEMENT: Functions of inventories, relevant inventory costs, ABC analysis, VED analysis, Basic EOQ model, Inventory control systems, Continuous preview systems and periodic preview systems MRP, ERP, JIT Systems.

UNIT - III

LINE BALANCING: Definition methods of line balancing, RPW method, Largest candidate method Routing, Routing procedure, Factors effecting routing - Procedure for routing sheets. **AGGREGATE PLANNING:** Definition, Aggregate planning strategies, Aggregate planning methods, Transportation model.

UNIT - IV

SCHEDULING: Definition, Scheduling policies, Types of Scheduling methods, Differences with loading, Flow shop scheduling, job shop scheduling Line of balance (LOB), Objectives, Steps involved.

UNIT - V

DISPATCHING: Definition, Activities of dispatcher, Dispatching procedure, Various Forms used in dispatching. FOLLOWUP & EXPEDITING Definition, Types of follow-up, Expediting, Definition, Expediting procedures, Applications of computers in planning and control.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S. L. Narasimha (2010), Production planning and inventory control, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India Publishers, New Delhi, India.

2. Samuel Eilon (2011), Elements of Production Planning and Control, 2 nd edition, Universal book corporation, Mumbai, India.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Ravi Shankar (2010), Industrial Engineering and management, Galgotia Publishers, New Delhi, India.

2. Panner Selvanm(2012), Production Operation Management, 2nd edition, Prentice Hall of India Publishers, New Delhi, India.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C 3 - - 3

17AME37 RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES (*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II)

(Common to ME, AT & CE)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Classify various sources of renewable energy like solar, bio-mass, geo-thermal, ocean, wind, tidal andfuel cells.
- 2. Select & design the best suitable mechanical system to harness various renewable sources for real life problems of industry and as well service sectors.
- 3. Judge the optimized eco-friendly advanced technology to find solutions for betterment of society with system integration and synergy.
- 4. Formulate a committee to take up projects with managerial skills and knowledge to achieve goalsand organization development with available resources.
- 5. Develop innovative ideas by up-dating knowledge and concept to promote higher learning and research.

UNIT – I

SOLAR RADIATION AND COLLECTION: Introduction to Energy Sources – Solar energy – Physics of the Sun– Solar Constant – Sun-Earth angles – Terrestrial and extra-terrestrialradiation

- Direct and Diffuse Radiation - Solar radiation on tilted surface-Availability and limitations of

solar energy, Instruments for measuring solar radiation - Sun shine recorder

SOLAR THERMAL COLLECTORS: Flat plate and concentrating collectors-Solar Power

Plant – Central tower receiving system.

UNIT – II

SOLAR ENERGY STORAGE AND APPLICATIONS: Sensible and latent heat storage, Solar heating and cooling, Solar water heating system – Solar distillation – Solar cookers – solar dryers – Solar Ponds – Photovoltaic conversion – Emerging solar cell technologies.

UNIT – III

BIOMASS ENERGY: Energy from biomass – Sources of Biomass – Conversion of biomass into fuel – Energy through fermentation – Pyrolysis – Gasification– Aerobic and Anaerobic bioconversion – Biogas digesters – Properties and characteristics of biogas and utilization.

GEOTHERMAL ENERGY: Fundamental of Geophysics – Classification of Geothermal sources – Extraction techniques – Utilization of Geothermal energy

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

WIND ENERGY: Basic principles of Wind energy conversion, Classification of WEC systems, Horizontal and Vertical axis windmills-Performance characteristics – Betz criteria

OCEAN, WAVE&TIDAL ENERGY: OTEC Principle – Open and closed cycle of OTEC – Wave and Tidal Energy – Potential and conversion techniques.

UNIT – V

DIRECT ENERGY CONVERSION: See beck, Peltier, Thomson, Joule, and Hall effects – Ionization–Need for DEC - Principle of DEC, Thermo Electric Generators, MHD generators– Applications.

FUEL CELLS: Principle of fuel cell – Types of fuel cells – PEMFC, PAFC, SOFC– Merits and demerits – Applications of fuel cells.

Text Books:

1. G.D. Rai, Non-Conventional Energy Source,4th edition, Khanna Publishers.,2000.

2. Dr. R.K. Rajput, Non-Conventional Energy Sources and Utilization, 2nd revised edition, S. Chand Publishers, 2014.

References:

1. B.S. Magal, Frank Kreith&J.F. Kreith, Solar Power Engineering, 1st edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1899.

2. J P Navani & Sonal Sapra, Non-Conventional Energy Resources, Revised Edition, S Chand Publishers, 2013.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C 3 - - 3

17ACS23 COMPUTER GRAPHICS

(**OPEN ELECTIVE - I)

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate different computer graphics applications.
- 2. Design algorithms to render different geometric shapes like line, circle, and ellipse.
- 3. Analyze the issues in projecting graphical objects and identify solutions
- 4. Compare different 2D, 3D viewingand clipping techniques and Analyze the issues in projecting graphical objects and identify solutions
- 5. Develop solutions to problems related to computer graphics and animations by creating, rendering and projecting the Graphical objects

UNIT I

Introduction: Basic concepts, Application areas of Computer Graphics, overview of graphics systems - video-display devices, raster-scan systems, random scan systems , graphics monitors and work stations and input devices, graphics standards.

UNIT II

Output primitives: Points and lines, line drawing algorithms – DDA, Bresenham's, mid- point circle and ellipse algorithms, Filled area primitives - Scan line polygon fill algorithm, inside-outside tests, boundary-fill and flood-fill algorithms.

UNIT III

2-D geometrical transforms: Translation, scaling, rotation, reflection and shear transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, composite transforms, transformations between coordinate systems.

2-D viewing: The viewing pipeline, window to view- port coordinate transformation, viewing functions, Cohen-Sutherland line clipping algorithms, Sutherland –Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm.

UNIT IV

Three Dimensional Concepts: 3-D Display method, 3-D object representation: Polygon surfaces, Curved lines and surfaces, quadric surfaces, spline representation, Bezier curve and B-spline curves, Beizer and B-spline surfaces, Hermite curve.

3-D Geometric transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shear transformations, composite transformations.

UNIT V

3-D Viewing: Viewing pipeline, viewing coordinates, projections, clipping.

Computer animation: Animation: Introduction, Historical background, Uses of animation, Principles of Animation, Design of animation sequence, , Computer based animation, Raster animations, motion specifications, Rendering algorithms, Animation file formats, animation software.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Computer Graphics C version, 2ndedition, Donald Hearn and M.Pauline Baker, Pearson Education, 1997.

2. —Computer Graphics Principles & practicell, second edition in C, Foley, VanDam, Feiner and Hughes, Pearson Education, 1995.

REFERENCEBOOKS:

1. "Computer Graphics", Steven Harrington, Second Edition, TMH, 1983.

2. —Computer Graphics", Zhigandxiang, Roy Plastock, Schaum's outlines, Second edition, Tata Mc- Graw hill edition, 2000.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C 3 - - 3

17AEC43 MEMS AND MICROSYSTEMS

(**OPEN ELECTIVE - I)

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain various MEMS and Microsystem products.
- 2. Define construction and functionality of various Microsensors.
- 3. Identify materials used for the construction of MEMS and Microsystems.
- 4. Describe the important stages involved in Microsystems fabrication processes.
- 5. Apply Micromanufacturing and Microsystems packaging technologies.

UNIT – I

OVERVIEW OF MEMS AND MICROSYSTEMS:

Introduction to MEMS and Microsystems, Typical MEMS and Microsystems products, Evolution of Microfabrication, Microsystems and Microelectronics, The Multidisciplinary nature of Microsystem design and manufacture, Microsystems and Miniaturization, Applications of Microsystems in the Automotive industry and Applications of Microsystems in other industries.

UNIT-II

WORKING PRINCIPLES OF MICROSYSTEMS:

Microsensors: Acoustic wave sensors, Biomedical sensors and Biosensors, Chemical sensor,

Optical Sensors, Pressure sensor, Thermal sensor, Gyro sensor, Flow sensor.

Microactuation: Actuation using Thermal forces, Shape-Memory Alloys, Piezoelectric crystals, Electrostatic forces.

Microsystems: Microactuators, Micro-accelerometers and Microfluidics.

UNIT-III

MATERIALS FOR MEMS AND MICROSYSTEMS:

Introduction, Substrates and Wafers, Active Substrate Materials, Silicon as a Substrate material, Silicon Compounds, Silicon Piezoresistors, Gallium Arsenide, Quartz, Piezoelectric crystals, Polymers and Packaging materials

UNIT-IV

MICROSYSTEM FABRICATION PROCESSES:

Introduction, Photolithography, Ion Implantation, Diffusion, Oxidation, Chemical Vapor

Deposition, Physical Vapor Deposition-Sputtering, Deposition by Epitaxy, and Etching.

UNIT-V

MICROMANUFACTURING AND MICROSYSTEM PACKAGING:

Micromanufacturing: Introduction, Bulk Micromanufacturing, Surface Micromachining and The LIGA process.

Microsystem Packaging: Introduction, Overview of Mechanical Packaging of Microelectronics,

Microsystem Packaging, Interfaces in Microsystem Packaging and Essential Packaging Technologies.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Tai-Ran Hsu, —MEMS & Microsystems Design and Manufacturel, Tata McGraw Hill edition, 2008.

2. Chang Liu, —Foundations of MEMS^I Pearson Education India Limited, 2009.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

3. Marc Madou, —Fundamentals of Microfabrication || CRC press 2002.

4. Stephen D. Senturia, —RF Microelectronics^I, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2001.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C 3 - - 3

17AAT16 SENSORS AND ACTUATORS (**OPEN ELECTIVE - I)

Common to (ECE, EEE, CE, ME, CSE & IT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply the principles and applications of Sensors and actuators.
- 2. Select the thermal sensors for various applications.
- 3. Choose radiation sensors for various applications.
- 4. Design different types of Magnetic sensors and Actuators.
- 5. Use Pneumatic and Hydraulic actuator systems.

UNIT - I

Sensors / Transducers: Principles, Classification, Parameters, Characteristics, Environmental Parameters (EP), Characterization.

Mechanical and Electromechanical Sensors: Introduction, Resistive Potentiometer, Strain Gauge – Resistance Strain Gauge ,Semiconductor Strain Gauges ,Inductive Sensors- Sensitivity and Linearity of the Sensor ,Capacitive Sensors- Electrostatic Transducer, Force/Stress Sensors Using Quartz Resonators, Ultrasonic Sensors.

UNIT – II

Thermal Sensors: Introduction – Gas thermometric Sensors – Thermal Expansion Type Thermometric Sensors– Acoustic Temperature Sensor – Dielectric Constant and Refractive Index thermo sensors –Helium Low Temperature Thermometer – Nuclear Thermometer – Magnetic Thermometer –Resistance Change Type Thermometric Sensors

Thermoemf Sensors - Junction Semiconductor Types– Thermal Radiation Sensors –Quartz Crystal Thermoelectric Sensors– NQR Thermometry – Spectroscopic Thermometry – Noise Thermometry – Heat Flux sensors.

UNIT - III

Magnetic sensors: Introduction, Sensors and the Principles Behind, Magnetoresistive Sensors – Anisotropic Magneto resistive Sensing – Semiconductor Magneto resistors, Hall Effect and Sensors **Radiation Sensors:** Introduction, Basic Characteristics, Types of Photosensistors/Photo detectors, X-ray and Nuclear Radiation Sensors, Fiber Optic Sensors.

UNIT - IV

Sensors-Their Applications: Introduction, On-board Automobile Sensors (Automotive Sensors), Home Appliance Sensors, Aerospace Sensors

Sensors for Manufacturing, Medical Diagnostic, Sensors for environmental Monitoring.

UNIT - V

Actuators: Pneumatic and Hydraulic Actuation Systems- Actuation systems – Pneumatic and hydraulic systems - Directional Control valves – Pressure control valves – Cylinders - Servo and proportional control valves – Process control valves – Rotary actuators.

Mechanical Actuation Systems- Types of motion – Kinematic chains – Cams – Gears –

Ratchet and pawl - Belt and chain drives - Bearings - Mechanical aspects of motor

selection. Electrical Actuation Systems-Electrical systems -Mechanical switches - Solid-state

switches. Solenoids – D.C. Motors – A.C. motors – Stepper motors.

Text Books:

- 1. D.Patranabis Sensors and Transducers 2nd Edition, PHI publications, Newdelhi,2004
- 2. W. Bolton – Mechatronics Fifth Edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2013.

References:

- 1. Mechanical Measurements: Shomar G.Beckwith, Nelsons Lewis Buck, Roy D.Marangoni, Addison-Wesley Publications Co 1982-Technology and Engineering.
- 2. H.Meixnev, R.Kobler, Introduction to Pneumatics, Berkheim, West Germany Festo, 1972.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C 3 - - 3

17AMB03 PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

(**OPEN ELECTIVE - I)

Common to (ECE, EEE, CE, MEC, CSE & IT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Practice human values and ethical standards to lead career accordingly.
- 2. Apply safety measures in designing systems.
- 3. Play the role of –responsible engineer∥ in the society.
- 4. Use natural resources in a sustainable manner and be conscious of environment.
- 5. Apply safety measures in engineering and product design aspects.

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION: Professionalism-models of professionalism-Ethics-Types of ethics and morality-Engineering ethics-Positive and negative faces of ethics-Responsibility for safety-Technology pessimism and perils of technological optimism.

UNIT-II

ETHICAL CONCEPTS: Human Values – morals-integrity-work ethics-Respect for othersrespect for authority-conflicts of interests-moral dilemmas-honesty- courage-cooperation-valuing time-commitment-collegiality-loyalty-self -interest-Professional accountability-royalty-Problem of bribery, extortion and grease payments-problem of nepotism, excessive gifts-confidentialityuses of ethical theories-Kohlberg's Theory- Gilligan's Theory-Ethical codes of IEEE and Institution of Engineers.

UNIT-III

ENGINEERS ROLE IN SAFETY: Safety and risks-risk and costs-risk benefit analysis-Testing methods for safety-The promise of technology-Computer Technology Privacy-Social policy-Engineering standards-the standards care-Social and value dimensions of technologycommunicating risk and public policy-occupational crime-professional rights and employee rights-whistle blowing.

UNIT-IV

ROLES OF ENGINEERS: Engineers as managers, Advisors, Consultants, Experts and witnesses- Engineers role in industry and society- models of professional roles-Theories about right action-paternalism-different business practices-Moral leadership- Cases - Bhopal gas tragedy, Nuclear power plant disasters.

UNIT –V

ENVIRONMENTAL ETHICS: Global Issues-Multinational corporations-Living in harmony with NATURE-Holistic technology-Eco friendly production system-sustainable technology and development-weapon development-Four orders of living, their interconnectedness-Eco system-

Ozone depletion-,pollution

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Subramanian R, Professional Ethics,1st Edition, Oxford University Press. 2013.

2. Naagarazan, R.S., A Textbook on Professional Ethics and Human Values,1st edition, New Age International (P) Limited, Publishers New Delhi.,2014

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Fundamentals of Ethics for scientists and Engineers, Edmond G Seebauer and Robert L. Barry, 1st edition Oxford University Press, 2008.

2. R. R. Gaur, R. Sangal and G. P. Bagaria, Human Values and Professional Ethics:, Eecel Books, New Delhi. 2010.

4. Professional Ethics and Human Values: Prof. D.R. Kiran, TATA McGraw Hill Education, 2007.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

III B.Tech – II Semester

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3 - - 3

17ACS07 DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (**OPEN ELECTIVE - I)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. List functional components of the DBMS.
- 2. Develop skills in maintenance of huge amounts of data along with reducing of redundancy in data.
- 3. Design data base schema, Develop E-R Model, Evaluate and optimize queries.
- 4. Apply transaction processing, concurrency control and recovery techniques.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION: History of database systems, Database system applications, Database system Vs file systems, Purpose of Database System, Describing and storing data in a DBMS, Structure of a DBMS.

ENTITY-RELATIONSHIP MODEL (**E-R MODEL**): E-R Diagrams-Features of ER Model, Conceptual Database design with the ER model, Conceptual design for large enterprises.

UNIT II

RELATIONAL MODEL: Introduction to relational model, Integrity constraints, Querying relational data, Logical Database design, Procedural and Non procedural Query languages (Relational Algebra, Introduction to Relational Calculus).

SQL: SQL Languages, The form of a basic SQL query, Data types, Operators, Null values, Aggregate operators ,Union, Intersect and Except operators, Nested queries ,Complex integrity constraints in SQL , Introduction to views, Destroying/Altering Tables and views

UNIT III

PL/SQL: Introduction to PL/SQL programming – Advantages of PL/SQL, The generic PL/SQL block, Character set, Literals ,Data types, Variables, Constants, Displaying user messages on the VDU screen, Comments, Conditional and Control statements, Iterative statements, Exception handling, Procedures ,Functions ,Cursors , Triggers , Packages.

SCHEMA REFINEMENT AND NORMAL FORMS: Introduction to schema refinement, Functional Dependencies, Reasoning about FDs, Normal Forms: 1NF,2NF,3NF,Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Properties of decompositions, Multi-valued Dependencies and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form.

UNIT IV

TRANSACTIONS: Transaction Concepts, Transaction state, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent executions, Implementation of Isolation, Serializability, Recoverability **CONCURRENCY:** Concurrency control, Lock based protocols, Time stamp based protocols, Validation based protocols, Multiple granularity, Deadlock handling.\ **UNIT V**

INDEXING AND HASHING: File Organization, Organization of Records in Files, Ordered Indices, B+ Tree Index Files, B-Tree Index Files, Multiple Key Access, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing, Comparison of Ordered Indexing and Hashing, Bitmap Indices.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Raghurama Krishnan, Johannes Gehrke, -Data base Management Systems^{||}, TATA McGraw-Hill 3rd Edition,2007.
- 2. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudharshan, -Database System Concepts∥, Fifth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.
- 3. Ivan Bayross, <code>|SQL, PL/SQL programming language of Oracle||, BPB Publications 4th edition, 2010.</code>

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Peter Rob, Carlos Coronel, Database Systems Design Implementation and Management, 7th edition, 2009.
- 2. Scott Urman, Michael McLaughlin, Ron Hardman, –Oracle database 10g PL/SQL programming –,6th edition, Tata McGraw Hill,2010
- 3. S.K.Singh, —Database Systems Concepts, Design and Applications^{||}, First edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 4. RamezElmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, —Fundamentals of Database Systems^{II}, Fourth Edition, Pearson /Addision wesley, 2007.
- 5. Ashutosh Kumar Dubey, I Database Management Concepts I, 3rd edition, S.K.Katari & Sons, 2008.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C

- 3 1.5

17AME41 PRODUCTION DRAWING PRACTICE & MACHINE DRAWING LAB (Common to ME, AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. List t common machine elements conventionally.
- 2. Design as per ISO standards.
- 3. Prepare sectional and additional views for the machine elements in general in the software.
- 4. Assemble typical machine parts.

Unit-I

DRAWING OF MACHINE ELEMENTS AND SIMPLE PARTS

- a) Conventional representation of materials, common machine elements and parts such as screws, nuts, bolts, keys, gears, webs, ribs.
- b) Popular forms of Screw threads, bolts, nuts, stud bolts, tap bolts, set screws.
- c) Keys, cotter joints and knuckle joint.
- d) Riveted joints for plates
- e) Bushed journal, foot step bearing.

Unit-II

PRODUCTION DRAWING PRACTICE

- I. Assembly of Assembly of bolt and nut with different screw thread, Assembly of keys and cotter joints, Riveted joints Couplings Stuffing box Petrol engine connecting rod, Eccentric, Screw jack, Plummer block, Light duty non return valve, Details of slip bush, Main spindle of lathe tail stock, Single tool post
- **II.** Tolerances of Form and position: Symbols representing the characteristics to be Tolerance-Indication of Geometrical Tolerances on a Drawing -Indication of Surface roughness & machining symbols.

*** Part drawing will be generated and assembled in the solid works soft ware.

List of Experiments

- 1. Assembly of bolt and nut with different screw thread
- 2. Assembly of keys and cotter joints.
- 3. Riveted joints
- 4. Couplings
- 5. Stuffing box
- 5. Petrol engine connecting rod
- 6. Eccentric
- 7. Screw jack
- 8. Plummer block
- 9. Light duty non return valve
- 10. Details of slip bush
- 11. Main spindle of lathe tail stock
- 12. Single tool post

Text Books:

- 1. K.L. Narayana, P. Kannaiah & K. Venkata Reddy, Machine Drawing, NewAge Publishers 4th Edition, 2012.
- 2. R.K. Dhawan, Machine Drawing, 2nd Edition, S. Chand Publications, 1996.

References:

- 1. P.S. Gill, Machine Drawing, Madhurai, 12th Edition, Sk Kataria & Sons,2009.
- 2. Rajput, Machine Drawing, Hyderabad, 4th Edition, S.Chand Publications, 2002.

Internal examination : (Max 40 Marks)

Average day-to-day evaluation = 20 marks Internal Test = 20 marks

Internal Test

Question paper pattern (Max 20 Marks)

Paper setting: Answer any two out of three questions. Prepare rough sketches in the Manual book and later on execute in the computer using Solidworks/Catia. 20 marks for computer work.

- 1. First two questions from unit I carries 5 marks one question to be answered, Second question from Unit II (Assembly or Disassembly) compulsory and carries 15 marks.
- 2. Internal exam duration 2 Hours.

External /Final examination Question paper pattern (Max 60 Marks)

(Internal Evaluation & Paper setting)

Paper setting:

1. Answer three out of five questions. First three questions from unit I out off which two question to be answered .Each carries 10 marks. Four and five questions are from Unit-II (Assembly or disassembly) and any one has to be answered compulsory and carries 40 marks.

Prepare rough sketches in the Manual book and later on execute in the computer using Solidworks/Catia.V5.60 marks for computer work.

2. Final exam duration 3 Hours.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C

- 3 1.5

17AME42 INSTRUMENTATION & CONTROL SYSTEMS LAB

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- *1.* Calibrate different measurement systems in the industry.
- 2. Use different types of transducers for signal conversions.
- 3. Construct various types of measuring systems to promote research
- 4. Experiment with measuring systems to solve industry problems.
- 5. Infer and develop instruments for controlling parameters to solve various societal and environmental issues.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Calibration of Bourdon Tube Pressure Gauges.
- 2. Calibration of thermocouple for temperature measurement.
- 3. Calibration of RTD for temperature measurement.
- 4. Calibration of capacitive transducer for angular displacement.
- 5. Study and calibration of photo and magnetic speed pickups for the measurement ofspeed.
- 6. Study and calibration of a rotameter for flow measurement.
- 7. Study and calibration of Mcleod gauge for low pressure.
- 8. Study and calibration of Force Cell for force measurement.
- 9. Study of LVDT for displacement measurement.
- 10. Study of Vibration Analyse gauge for acceleration measurement

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

III B.Tech – II Semester

L T P C - - 3 1.5

17AME29 MACHINE TOOLS LAB

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Differentiate the appropriate machining process to meet desired shape.
- 2. explain the sequence of operations to attain the required shape.
- 3. compare lathe, milling machines, drill press, grinding machines.
- 4. Select cutting tool materials and tool geometries for different work pieces

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Job on facing and step turning on lathe machine
- 2. Job on taper turning on lathe machine
- 3. Job on Thread cutting and knurling on -lathe machine
- 4. Job on Drilling and Tapping
- 5. Job on Shaping
- 6. Job on Slotting
- 7. Job on Milling
- 8. Job on Cylindrical Surface Grinding
- 9. Eccentric turning
- 10. Force measurement on lathe using lathe tool dynamometer
- 11. Torque and trust measurement using drill tool dynamometer.
- 12 .Abrasive jet machining

Note: Demonstration of construction & operations of general purpose machines: Lathe, Drilling machine, Milling machine, Shaper, Planning machine, Slotting machine, Cylindrical Grinder, Surface grinder and Tool & cutter grinder.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
C01	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

3 1 - 3

17AME39 OPERATIONS RESEARCH

(Common to ME, AT, CE, IT & CSE)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Summarize various LPP, TPP, AP, sequencing, replacement, game theory, project management, queuing models of operations Research.
- 2. Illustrate the application of OR models to identify solutions to industry.
- 3. Identify the optimum solutions with system approach to both industry and service sector.
- 4. Judge the advanced software tools for decision making with available sources for cost reduction and profit maximization with society concern.
- 5. Develop a team and play a key role in decision making with interpretation skills for all rounddevelopment of organization.

UNIT I

Development – definition – characteristics and phases – types of Operations Research models – applications – limitations.

Linear Programming and its Applications: Linear Programming Problem – Graphical solution of LP Problems. Simplex method – artificial variables techniques - Two phase method,- Big M method.

UNIT II

Transportation : Introduction – Methods of basic feasible solution, Optimality test, Degeneracy in transportation problem, unbalanced transportation Problem, --

Assignment problem – Introduction – un balanced model -- optimal solution – Hungarian method, - un-balanced assignment problems- travelling salesman problem.

UNIT III

Theory of Games: Introduction – mini, max (max, mini) – criterion and optimal strategy-- to solve the rectangular two person zero sum games, solution of rectangular games in terms of

mixed strategies, solution of 2x2 games without saddle point, solution of a two person zero sum 2Xn game, Graphical method for 2Xn and nX2 games.

Replacement : Introduction – replacement of items that deteriorate with time – when money value is not counted and counted – replacement of items that fail completely, group replacement.

UNIT IV

Waiting lines : Introduction, single channel, Poisson arrival, exponential service time with finite population and infinite population –

Simulation Definition – types of simulation models – phases of simulation – application of simulation – inventory and queuing problems – merits and demerits -- simulation languages.

UNIT V

Project Management by PERT/CPM: Introduction, simple network techniques, construction rules of drawing, Fulkerson's rules, **Critical path method (CPM)-** floats, critical path, project duration,

PERT : Introduction, different Time estimates, expected time, variance, expected project duration and probability of completion.

Text Books

- 1. Taha, Introduction to Operations Research, New Delhi, 8thEdition, Printice Hall International Publisher,2016.
- A.M. Natarajan, P. Blalsubramani & A Tamilarasi, Operatiaons Research, New Delhi. 1st Edition, Pearson Piblishers, 2005.

References

- 1. Hiller & Liberman, Introduction to Operations Research, Noida RC, 7th Edition,Tata Mc Graw Hill publication
- 2. R. Panneerselvam, Operations Research, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall International Publisher, 2006.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

IV B.Tech – I Semester

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17AME44 CAD/CAM/CIM

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Summarize various computer aided tools utilized in a manufacturing process.
- 2. Distinguish in application various tools like CAD, CAM, CIM, CAPP modeling and problem solving with system approach.
- 3. Solve industrial problems with advanced technologies, eco- friendly, and utilization of resources at minimum total cost.
- 4. Develop skills to promote system integration and synergy for industry growth, and attainment of goals.
- 5. Develop a team for effective decision making for integration of manufacturing system with optimal recourses.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION: Computers in Industrial Manufacturing, Product cycle, CAD / CAM Hardware, Basic structure, CPU, Memory types, input devices, display devices, hard copy devices, storage devices. Computer Graphics– Raster scan graphics, Coordinate systems, database structures for Geometric modeling, transformation of geometry, 3D transformations, mathematics of projection, clipping, hidden line/surface removal, shading.

UNIT II

GEOMETRIC MODELING: Requirements, geometric models, geometric construction models, curve representation methods, surface representation methods, modeling facilities desired.

GROUP TECHNOLOGY: Part Families, Parts Classification and Coding, Features of Parts Classification and Coding Systems, Production Flow Analysis, cellular manufacturing. Computer Aided Processes Planning- Benefits of CAPP-Approaches of CAPP- Retrieval type and Generative type, Implementation techniques.

UNIT III

COMPUTER AIDED QUALITY CONTROL: Inspection and Testing, Coordinate measuringmachine, non-contact inspection methods, integration of CAQC with CAD/CAM.

COMPUTER NUMERICAL CONTROL: Fundamentals of NC-Basic Components of NC System, Motion Control systems, NC Positioning systems, advantages and disadvantages of NC. CNC-Features of CNC, machine tool control unit, CNC software. DNC-Distinguish from CNC, Direct and Distributed NC.

UNIT IV

CNC PROGRAMING: Part program fundamentals, Manual part program methods, Preparatory Functions, Miscellaneous functions, Tool length compensation, canned cycles, cutter radius compensation, tool nose radius compensation. Manual part programming for CNC turning and machining centre for popular controllers like Fanuc. Advanced part programming methods looping and jumping, subroutines, Mirror Imaging. Fundamentals of computer aided part programming.

UNIT V

FLEXIBLE MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS: Flexibility, Types Of FMS-A Dedicated FMS, A Random Order FMS, FMS Components-Workstations, Material Handling and Storage Systems, Computer Control System, Human Recourses, FMS Applications and Benefits **COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING:** Historical background, Integration, CIM Implementation, Benefits of CIM, Lean manufacturing.

Text Books:

- 1. P.N. Rao, CAD/CAM-Principles and applications, 2ndEdition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
- M.P. Groover, Automation, Production systems & Computer integrated Manufacturing, Hyderabad, 2ndEdition, PHI - 2007.

References:

- 1. Radhakrishnan & Subramaniah, CAD/CAM/CIM, 3rdEdition, New Age Publications 2009.
- 2. A. Zimmers & P. Groover, CAD/CAM, Oxford, Second Edition, Black Scientific Publication, 2010.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

IV B.Tech – I Semester

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3 1 - 3

17AME45 HEAT TRANSFER

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Formulate heat conduction problems in Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical coordinates, by transforming the physical system into a mathematical model.
- 2. Familiarize with physics of conduction in extended surfaces and time dependent heat transfer.
- *3.* Compute convective heat transfer coefficients in forced convection, natural convection for internal flows & external flows.
- 4. Use design fundamentals for heat exchangers, which include the LMTD, fouling factor, Efficiency and ε-NTU approaches. Understand the different stages involved in boiling and condensation
- 5. Explain radiation heat transfer and compute radiation heat transfer between black and non-blackbodies. **UNIT I**

INTRODUCTION: Basic Modes and laws of Heat transfer, thermal conductivity, General conduction equation in Cartesian, Cylindrical and Spherical coordinates, initial and final boundary conditions.

ONE- DIMENSIONAL STEADY STATE HEAT CONDUCTION: Heat flow through plane wall, cylinder and sphere with constant thermal conductivity; Heat flow through composite slab and Cylinders; Thermal resistance, Electrical analogy, Thermal contact resistance, and critical insulation thickness.

UNIT – II

EXTENDED SURFACES: Types, Applications, Fin materials, Heat transfer from fins with uniform cross section, Fin efficiency and Effectiveness.

TRANSIENT HEAT CONDUCTION: Lumped parameter analysis system – Significance of Biot and Fourier Numbers - Chart solutions of transient conduction systems- Problems on semi-infinite body.

UNIT – III

FORCED CONVECTION: Dimensional analysis–Buckingham π Theorem and its application for developing semi – empirical non- dimensional correlations for convective heat transfer – Significance of non-dimensional numbers.

EXTERNAL FLOWS: Concepts of hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layer and use of empirical correlations for convective heat transfer for flow over-Flat plates, Cylinders and spheres.

INTERNAL FLOWS: Division of internal flow through Concepts of Hydrodynamic and Thermal Entry Lengths – Use of empirical relations for convective heat transfer in Horizontal Pipe Flow, annular flow.

FREE CONVECTION: Development of Hydrodynamic and thermal boundary layer along a vertical plate – Use of empirical relations for convective heat transfer on plates and cylinders in horizontal and vertical orientation.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

PHASE CHANGE: Introduction – Film wise & Drop wise Condensation, Boiling Curve.

HEAT EXCHANGERS: Classification of heat exchangers, overall heat transfer coefficient,

fouling and fouling factor, LMTD, Effectiveness-NTU methods of analysis of heat exchangers UNIT - V

RADIATION HEAT TRANSFER: Basic laws governing radiation heat transfer; Thermal radiation; definitions of various terms; Stefan-Boltzmann law, Kirchoff's law, Planck's law, Wein's displacement law, Intensity of radiation and Lambert's cosine law.

Radiation heat exchange between two parallel infinite black surfaces, two parallel infinite gray surfaces; Infinite long concentric cylinders, small body in a large enclosure; shape factor, Radiation shields.

Text Books:

- 1. R.C. Sachdeva, Heat and Mass Transfer, 5th Edition, New age Publicatio, 2017.
- 2. R.K.Rajput, Heat and Mass Transfer, Concise Edition, S.Chand Publication, 2015.

References:

- 1. D.S. Kumar, Basic of Heat & Mass Transfer, 8th Edition, S.K. Kataria & Sons,2013.
- 2. J.P. Holman, Heat transfer, Tata McGraw Hill, 9th Edition,2004.

Note: - Heat and mass transfer data book by C.P. kothandaraman, New age publications is permitted for internal and external examinations.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

3 1 - 3

17AME46 AUTOMATION & ROBOTICS

(*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III)

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- *1.* Apply automation techniques in manufacturing system.
- 2. Select the type of transfer methods and mechanism eco-friendly for typical automated industry
- *3.* Describe the basic concepts of robotics. And Select the type of robot eco-friendly for typical manufacturing industry and service sector.
- 4. List robot components and actuators and analyze the manipulator kinematics, dynamics for typical robot with the usage of computer aided technology to develop automotive components.
- 5. Analyze the trajectory planning for typical robot and choose a program that the robot can integrate with the manufacturing system to produce quality products with minimum cost with optimum usage of resources.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION TO AUTOMATION: Need, Types, Basic elements of an automated system, levels of automation, hardware components for automation and process control, mechanical feeders, hoppers, orienters, high speed automatic insertion devices.

UNIT II

AUTOMATED FLOW LINES: Part transfer methods and mechanisms, types of Flow lines, flow line with/without buffer storage, qualitative analysis.

ASSEMBLY LINE BALANCING: Assembly process and systems assembly line, line balancing methods, ways of improving line balance, flexible assembly lines.

UNIT III

INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL ROBOTS: Classification, Robot configurations, Functional line diagram, Degrees of Freedom. Components, common types of arms, joints, grippers.

ROBOT APPLICATION IN MANUFACTURING: Material Transfer, Material handling, loading and unloading, Processing, spot and continuous arc welding & spray painting, Assembly and Inspection.

UNIT IV

ROBOT ACTUATORS AND FEEDBACK COMPONENTS: Actuators-Pneumatic and Hydraulic actuators, electric & stepper motors, comparison. Position sensors, potentiometers, resolvers, encoders, velocity sensors, tactile sensors, Proximity sensors.

MANIPULATOR KINEMATICS: Homogeneous transformations as applicable to rotation and translation-D-H notation, Forward and inverse kinematics. Manipulator dynamics, Differential transformation, Jacobeans.

UNIT V

TRAJECTORY PLANNING: Trajectory planning and avoidance of obstacles, path planning,

joint integrated motion – straight line motion, basics of trajectory planning, polynomial trajectory

planning.

ROBOT PROGRAMMING: Types, features of languages and software packages.

Text Books:

1. M.P. Groover, Automation, Production systems and CIM, New Delhi, Pearson Education, 2008.

2. M.P. Groover, Industrial Robotics, Second Edition, New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.

References:

- 1. R.K. Mittal & I.J. Nagrath, Robotics and Control, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 2. K.S. Fu, Robotics, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

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3 1 - 3

17AME47 FLEXIBLE MANUFACTURING SYSTEMS

(*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III)

Course Outcomes:

- After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
- 1. Select FMS systems by integrating its components in today 's production environments.
- 2. Interpret types of material handling equipment and material handling system used in FMS environments.
- 3. Choose of appropriate cutting tool in manufacturing system contributing towards the quality of the product.
- 4. Design and analyze FMS using simulation and analytical techniques.
- 5. Apply concept of group technology in process planning for a manufacturing system.

Unit-I

Flexible Manufacturing Systems: Introduction, components of FMS, Types of FMS systems, Flexibility in FMS, building blocks of FMS, Machining system of FMS-Horizontal machining centers, functions of computer control system, human resources, flexible transfer lines, flexible machining systems, applications of FMS.

Unit- II

Material Handling Equipment: Types of material handling equipment, selection of material handling equipment, principles of material handling equipment. Conveyor Systems: Roller conveyors, stake-wheel conveyors, belt conveyors, chain convey ors, salt conveyors, overhead trolley conveyors, in-floor towline conveyors, cart-on-track conveyors. Automated storage and retrieval systems: types, automated material handling.

Unit- III

Tool Management Systems: Tool coding systems, tool supply systems, work and tool probing, Tool monitoring systems, tool management systems. Work piece handling system: work piece setup, work piece store, work piece transport, FMS control and FMS layout configurations.

Unit- IV

Flexible Manufacturing Cell: Operational elements of a typical manufacturing cell-FMC software, types of data associated with the FMC, job scheduling, tool requirements, setting-up work piece carrier, palletizing, material flow control, machine tool program, tool flow control, cell magazine management. FMS Modeling and analysis: Mathematical programming, Queuing network, Markov model, perturbation analysis, FMS simulation, FMS benefits, FMS planning and implementation issues, FMS operational issues.

Unit- V

Group Technology: Introduction, part families, parts classification and coding systems, coding method, codes and coding system structure, opitz classification and coding system, MICLASS system, multiclass, production flow analysis, advantages and limitations of GT.

Text books:

- 1. K. Lalit Narayan, K. Mallikarjuna Rao, M.M.M. Sarcar, -Computer Aided Design and Manufacturing^{II}, Prentice Hall of India, 2008.
- 2. P. Radhakrishnan, S. Subramaniam and V. raju, -CAD/CAM/CIMI, New Age IPublications, 2009.

References

- 1. Groover, M.P Automation, Production Systems and Computer Integrated Manufacturing ||, Prentice Hall, 2007.
- 2. Mikell P. Groover and Emory W. Zimmers Jr, -Computer-Aided Design and Manufacturing^{II}, Pearson Education, 2003.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

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3 1 - 3

17AME48 REFRIGERATION AND AIRCONDITIONING (*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III)

Outcomes:

- After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
- 1. Describe the basic working of refrigeration and air conditioning systems.
- 2. Summarize the various equipment's of Refrigeration and air conditioning systems.
- 3. Judge appropriate eco-friendly refrigeration and air conditioning methods for domestic and industrial applications.
- 4. Analyze the performance of R& AC systems with the usage of advanced technologies on industrial growth.
- 5. Design R&AC system with available resources as cost effective.

UNIT-I

Introduction: Necessity and applications – Unit of refrigeration, different refrigeration methods, Air refrigeration cycles-Reversed Carnot and Bell Coleman cycle-Evaluation of COP.

Vapor Compression refrigeration System: Principle of Working, Evaluation of COP at different air conditions before and after the compression, effect of undercooling, actual Vapor Compression refrigeration System, applications, solving of typical numerical problems.

UNIT- II

Vapor absorption and steam jet refrigeration systems-Principle of Working, T-S & P-H diagrams, applications & Limitations. **Refrigerants:** Desirable properties – classification of refrigerants used – nomenclature – secondary refrigerants – lubricants – Ozone Depletion – Global Warming – newer refrigerants.

Refrigeration Equipment: Compressors, Condensers, Evaporators & Expansion Devices – Principle of working, applications.

UNIT – III

Introduction to Air- Conditioning: Psychometric terms, Psychometric Chart, Psychometric Processes. Comfort Conditions: Requirement of human comfort and concept of Effective Temperature – Comfort Chart, Comfort air conditioning.

Air-Conditioning Equipment and Applications: Humidifiers, Dehumidifiers, Air filters, fans and blowers, grills and registers, ducts–supply ducts–outlets–return outlets.

UNIT – IV

Air Conditioning Systems: Summer A/C, Winter A/C, Year round A/C, Central A/C & Unitary A/C systems-Principle of working, Energy efficiency ratio, Concepts of RSHF, GSHF- Typical numerical problems.

Estimation of Cooling Load: Components of a cooling Load, Heat gain due to Ventilation, Infiltration, from the products, ducts, occupants-Typical numerical problems.

UNIT V

Cryogenics: Introduction, cascade refrigeration system, liquefaction of gases, linde system and claude system, liquefaction of hydrogen and helium, adiabatic demagnetization.

Non-conventional refrigeration systems-Thermoelectric, Vortex tube refrigeration systems-

Principle of working, applications, limitations.

Text Books:

- 1. S.C. Arora &Domkudwar, A Corse in Refrigeration and Air Conditioning, Dhanapat Rai Publications, New Delhi,2016.
- 2. A Text book of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning by R.S Kurmi, Revised Edition, S C Chand PUblications, 2006.

References:

- 3. C.P. Arora, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning, Third Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2017.
- 4. Manohar Prasad, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning, Second EDition, New Age Publishers, 2013.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C 3 1 - 3

17AME49 GAS DYNAMICS AND JET PROPULSION(*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1 Identify the differences between compressible and incompressible flows.

2 Solve problems in Rayleigh and Fanno flow.

3 Define rocket propulsion and use various propellants.

4 Explain rocket flow propagation in different zones.

5 Compare variable duct and uniform duct flow methods.

Unit I COMPRESSIBLE FLOW –FUNDAMENTALS

Energy and momentum equations for compressible fluid flows, various regions of flows, reference velocities, stagnation state, velocity of sound, critical states, Mach number, critical Mach number, types of waves, Mach cone, Mach angle, effect of Mach number on compressibility.

Unit II FLOW THROUGH VARIABLE AREA DUCTS

Isentropic flow through variable area ducts, T-s and h-s diagrams for nozzle and diffuser flows, area ratio as a function of Mach number, mass flow rate through nozzles and diffusers, effect of friction in flow through nozzles.

Unit III FLOW THROUGH CONSTANT AREA DUCTS

Flow in constant area duct s with friction (Fanno flow) -Fanno curves and Fanno flow equation, variation of flow properties, variation of Mach number with duct length.Flow in constant area ducts with heat transfer (Rayleigh flow), Rayleigh line and Rayleigh flow equation, variation of flow properties, maximum heat transfer.

Unit IV NORMAL AND OBLIQUE SHOCK

Governing equations, variation of flow parameters like static pressure, static temperature, density, stagnation pressure and entropy across the normal shock, Prandtl –Meyer equation, impossibility of shock in subsonic flows, flow in convergent and divergent nozzle with shock.

Flow with Oblique Shock –Fundamental relations, Prandtl"s equation, Variation of flow parameters

Unit V PROPULSION

Aircraft propulsion -types of jet engines -study of turbojet engine components -diffuser,

compressor, combustion chamber, turbine and exhaust systems, performance of turbo jet engines

-thrust, thrust power, propulsive and overall efficiencies, thrust augmentation in turbo jet engine, ram jet and pulse jet engines.

Rocket propulsion –rocket engines thrust equation –effective jet velocity specific impulse–rocket engine performance, solid and liquid propellants.

(Use of approved gas tables is permitted in the End semester examination)

Text Books:

- 1. Yahya. S.M., Fundamental of compressible flow with Aircraft and Rocket propulsonl, New Age International (p) Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Patrich.H. Oosthvizen, William E.Carscallen, -Compressible fluid flowl, McGraw-Hill, 1997.3. Cohen.H., Rogers R.E.C and Sravanamutoo, -Gas turbine theoryl, Addison Wesley Ltd., 1987.

References:

1.Ganesan. V., -Gas Turbines^{II}, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1999

2.Rathakrishnan. E., -Gas Dynamicsl, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2001.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C 3 1 - 3

17AME50 ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING (PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - III) (Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Interpret various additive manufacturing processes.
- 2. Apply reverse engineering in manufacturing technology.
- 3. Use principles of Liquid Based and Solid Based Additive Manufacturing Systems.
- 4. Comprehend the principle of Powder Based Additive Manufacturing Systems.
- 5. Apply the additive manufacturing technology in various Engineering and Bio-medical field.

Unit I

Introduction:

Overview-history-need classification-additive manufacturing technology in product development-materials for additive manufacturing technology-tooling-applications

Unit II

CAD and Reverse Engineering:

Basic concept-digitisation techniques-model reconstruction-data processing for additive manufacturing technology: CAD model preparation-part orientation and support generation-model slicing-tool path generation-software's for additive manufacturing technology: MIMICS, MAGICS.

Unit III

Liquid Based and Solid Based Additive Manufacturing Systems:

Classifications-liquid based system-stereo lithography operators (SLA)-principle, process, advantages and applications-solid based systems-fused deposition modelling-principle, process, advantages and applications, laminated object manufacturing.

Unit IV

Powder Based Additive Manufacturing Systems:

Selective laser sintering-principles, process, advantages and applications, 3 dimensional printingprinciples, process, advantages and applications, laser engineered net shaping (LENS), electron beam melting.

Unit V

Medical and Bio-additive Manufacturing:

Customised implants and prosthesis: design and production. Bio-additive manufacturing-

computer aided tissue engineering (CATE).

Text books:

- 1. Chua C.K, Leong K.F., and Lim C.S., —Rapid prototyping: Principles and applications^{||}, Third Edition, World Scientific Publishers, 2010.
- 2. Gebhardt A., -Rapid prototyping||, Hanser Gardener Publications, 2003.

References:

1. Gibson, Ian, **Rosen**, David, **Stucker**, Brent, Additive Manufacturing Technologies, Springer-Verlag New York publishers, ISBN 978-1-4939-2112-6, 2015.

2.Elanchezhian C. Sunder Selvin and Vijay Ramnath. Design of Jigs, Fixtures and Press Tools, ESWAR PRESS (2007), ISBN-10: 8178740591.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C 3 1 - 3

17AME51 MODERN MANUFACTURING METHODS (*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Select the appropriate MMM to deal with the complex product profiles judiciously.
- 2. Choose the MMM that leads to adequate quality of jobs and in relation to the MRR.
- 3. Select nano fabrication techniques for various engineering applications.
- 4. Adopt RP process to fabricate the objects economically.
- 5. Plan to combine MMM in order to multiply the benefits offered by individual processes.

UNIT I

Introduction, need and classification of the modern manufacturing methods, Abrasive jet machining, Water jet machining and abrasive water jet machine: Basic principles, equipments, process variables, mechanics of metal removal, MRR, application and limitations.

UNIT II

ELECTRO-CHEMICAL PROCESSES: Fundamentals of electro chemical machining, electrochemical grinding, electro chemical honing and deburring process, metal removal rate in ECM, Tools, Surface finish and accuracy economic aspects of ECM – Simple problems for estimation of metal removal rate.

CHEMICAL MACHINING: Fundamentals of chemical machining- Principle- maskants – etchants- advantages and applications.

UNIT III

THERMAL METAL REMOVAL PROCESSES: General Principle and applications of Electric Discharge Machining, Electric Discharge Grinding and electric discharge wire cutting processes – Power circuits for EDM, Mechanics of metal removal in EDM, Process parameters,

selection of tool electrode and dielectric fluids, methods surface finish and machining accuracy, characteristics of spark eroded surface and machine tool selection. Wire EDM, principle, applications.

UNIT IV

ELECTRON BEAM MACHINING: Generation and control of electron beam for machining,

theory of electron beam machining, comparison of thermal and non-thermal processes.

LASER BEAM MACHINING: General Principle and application of laser beam machining – thermal features, cutting speed and accuracy of cut.

PLASMA MACHINING: Principle, metal removal mechanism, process parameters, accuracy and surface finish, applications.

UNIT V

NANOFABRICATION TECHNOLOGIES: Nano Technology products, Carbon Nanostructures, Size Matters, Scanning Probe Microscopes, Nanofabrication-Top Down processing approaches, Bottom -up processing approaches - Production of Carbon Nanotubes, Nanofabrication by Scanning Probe Techniques.

RAPID PROTOTYPING: Introduction to Rapid prototyping, Major RP technologies – Photo Masking, Stereo lithography, Selective Laser Sintering, Laminated Object Manufacturing, Fused Deposition Modeling, applications, Limitations.

Text Books:

1. V.K. Jain, Advanced machining processes, Mumbai, 9th Edition, Allied publishers Pvt. Limited, 2003.

2. M.P. Groover, Fundamentals of Modern manufacturing, 4th Edition, John Wiley & sons Ltd, 2010.

References:

- 1. P.C. Pandey & H.S. Shah, Modern Machining Process, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 2. Kalpakjain, Manufacturing Technology, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, Pearson Publishers, 2012.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

IV B.Tech – I Semester

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3 1 - 3

17AME52 POWER PLANT ENGINEERING (*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Classify various power plants like steam, Gas turbine, hydro-electric andnuclear based on requirement.
- 2. Illustrate and develop with system approach to solve industry problems and socialobligations
- 3. Select the best solution with application of advanced technology and to promote systemintegration and synergy for organization development with cost effectiveness.
- 4. Identify resources available to install a power plant in a location with environmental concern to attain long term goals.

5. Develop a team to promote Research and higher learning to serve mankind.

UNIT – I.

INTRODUCTION TO THE SOURCES OF ENERGY– Sources of Energy and Development of Power in India

ECONOMICS OF POWER GENERATION: Introduction-Terms and Definitions-connected

load, demand, maximum demand, demand factor, load factor, diversity factor, utilization factor,

Plant capacity factor, Plant use factor, Load curve-its significance, and load duration curve,

Problems on load curves, Location of power plant, Cost analysis-capital cost, operational costs,

Factors affecting economics of generation and distribution of power, Tariff for electrical energy.

UNIT II

STEAM POWER PLANT: Introduction, Classification of steam power plants, Layout of a Modern Steam Power Plant, Selection of site for steam power station - Fuel handling-introduction, lay out of fuel handling equipment, out-plant handling of coal, coal storage at plant site, in-plant handling of coal, and Ash handling systems.

COMBUSTION PROCESS: Coal- Classification of coal- Properties of coal –Coal Burning methods, Stoker Firing-classification, overfeed stokers-travelling grate stokers, spreader stokers, Underfeed stokers- retort stokers, Pulverized fuel firing, pulverized fuel handling systems, Fluidized bed combustion, Cyclone furnace-design and construction, Dust collectors, Cooling ponds and cooling towers.

UNIT – III

INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE PLANT: Diesel Power Plant: Introduction – IC Engines, types, construction– Plant layout with auxiliaries – Different systems of diesel power plant, Fuel injection system-types

GAS TURBINE PLANT: Introduction – Classification - Construction – Layout with auxiliaries

- Principles of working of closed and open cycle gas turbines. Advantages and disadvantages, Combined Cycle Power Plants.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

HYDROLOGY: Introduction, Hydrological cycle, Rainfall and its measurement – runoff and its measurement – Hydrographs – Classification of dams and spill ways.

HYDRO ELECTRIC POWER PLANTS: Introduction, Site selection, Classification – Typical layouts – plant operation, Pumped storage plants, General arrangement of storage type hydro-electric power plant and its operation.

UNIT-V

NUCLEAR POWER: Nuclear fuels –Release of energy by Nuclear reaction, Types of Nuclear reactions, Initiation of nuclear reactions, Nuclear fission, Fertile materials and breeding.

NUCLEAR REACTORS: Introduction –Components of nuclear reactor, Types of Reactors-Pressurized water reactor, Boiling water reactor, Sodium-Graphite reactor, Fast Breeder Reactor, Homogeneous Reactor, Gas cooled Reactor, Selection of materials for reactor components, Shielding

Text Books:

1. R.K. Rajput, A Text Book of Power Plant Engineering, Fifth Edition, Laxmi Publication, 2013.

2. Arora & S. Domkundwar, A Course in Power Plant Engineering, Revised Edition, Dhanpat Rai & Co, 2014.

References:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

1. P.C. Sharma, Power Plant Engineering, Revised Edition, S.K. Kataria Publishers, 2013.

2. P.K. Nag, Power Plant Engineering, Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill,2002.

IV B.Tech – I Semester

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3 1 - 3

17AME53 GEOMETRIC MODELING (*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Effectively choose primitives to suit the end product design.
- 2. Identify limitations of designs in case of new products.
- 3. Use latest tools and investigations to develop effective and modern animations.
- 4. Choose appropriate representation of the objects for better communication.
- 5. Compare and contrast the available algorithms and their sustainability.

UNIT-I

Introduction, Application area of Computer graphics, overview of graphic system, video- display devices, raster- scan systems, random scan systems, graphics monitors and work stations and input devices.

Output primitives: Points and lines, line drawing algorithms, mid-point circle algorithm, Filled area primitives: scan-line polygon fill algorithm, boundary-fill and flood –fill algorithm.

UNIT- II

2-D geometrical transformations: Translation, scaling, rotation, reflection and shear transformation matrix representations and homogeneous co-ordinates, composite transformations, transformations between coordinates.

2-D viewing: The viewing pipeline, viewing coordinate reference frame, window to view –portco-ordinate transformations, viewing function, Cohen-Sutherland and Cyrus –beck line clipping algorithms, Sutherland-Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm.

UNIT-III

3-D object representation: Polygon surfaces, quadric surfaces, spline representation, Hermite curve, Bezier curve and B- spline curve, Bezier and B- spline surfaces, Basic illumination models, shading algorithms.

3-D geometric transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, reflection and shear transformation and composite transformations.

UNIT- IV

Visible surface detection methods: Classification, back-face detection, depth- buffer, scan- line, depth sorting.

Computer animation: Design of animation sequence, general computer animation functions,

raster animation. Computer animation language, key frame system, motion specification.

UNIT- V

Solid modelling concepts: Wire frames, Boundary representation, half space modeling, spatial cell, cell decomposition, classification problem.

Text Books:

- 1. Donald Hearn & M. Pauline Baker, Computer Graphics C version, Second Edition, Pearson / Printice Hall International Publishers, 2008.
- 2. David F Rogers, Mathematical Elements for computer graphics, Second Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1990.

References:

- 1. M.C. Trivedi, Computer Graphics and Automation, Second Edition, Pearson Education, Jaico Publishers, 2000.
- Zhigand xiang & Roy Plastock, Computer Graphics, 2nd Edition, Schaum's outlines, Tata McGraw Hill, 1986.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

3 1 - 3

17AME54 NANOTECHNOLOGY

(*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV)

(Common to ME, AT)

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate basic knowledge in mathematics, science and engineering.
- 2. Explain essential concepts used in nanotechnology, syntheses and fabrication.
- 3. Demonstrate development of modern nanotechnology.
- 4. Discuss applications of nanotechnology in major scientific fields.
- 5. Identify the challenges posed by nanotechnology to environment.

UNIT - I

INTRODUCTION TO NANOTECHNOLOGY: Importance of nano scale, Nanostructure types, electronic, magnetic, optical Properties of Nano materials, top-down and bottom- up approach to nanostructures.

QUANTUM MECHANICAL PHENOMENON IN NANOSTRUCTURES: Quantum

confinement of electrons in semiconductor Nano structures, one dimensional confinement (Quantum wires), two dimensional confinements (Quantum Wells), three dimensional confinements (Quantum dots).

UNIT - II

CARBON NANO STRUCTURES: Carbon nano tubes (CNTs), Fullerenes, C60, C80 and C240 Nanostructures, Properties (mechanical, optical and electrical) and applications.

UNIT - III

FABRICATION OF NANO MATERIALS: Physical Methods: Inert gas condensation, Arc discharge, RF plasma, Plasma arc technique, Ion sputtering, Laser ablation, Laser pyrolysis, Molecular beam epitaxy, Chemical vapour deposition method.

NANO SCALE CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES: Scanning probe techniques (AFM, STM, SEM, TEM), XRD
UNIT - IV

NANO DEVICES AND NANO MEDICINE: Lab on chip for bio-analysis, Core/shell Nano particles in drug delivery systems (site specific and targeted drug delivery), cancer treatment, and bone tissue treatment.

UNIT - V

NANO AND MOLECULAR ELECTRONICS: Resonant-Tunneling structures, single electron tunneling, Single Electron transistors, coulomb blockade, giant magneto resistance, tunneling magneto resistance.

NANOLITHOGRAPHY AND NANO MANIPULATION: E-beam lithography and SEM based nanolithography and nano manipulation, Ion beam lithography, oxidation and metallization, Mask and its application, Deep UV lithography, X-ray based lithography.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Charles. P. Poole (2010), Introduction to nanotechnology, Reprint Edition, Springer, Germany.

2. Bharat Bhusan (2010), Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology, 3 rd edition, Springer, Germany.

REFERENCES BOOKS:

1. Phani kumar (2012), Principles of nanotechnology, 3rd edition, Scitech publications, India.

2. Challa S, S. Kumar (2007), Nanofabrication towards biomedical application: Techniques, tools, Application and Impact, 1 st edition, Wiley, VCH USA.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C 3 1 - 3

17AME55 COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS

(*PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - IV)

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Derive the basic governing equations applied for fluid flow problems.
- 2. Apply the differential equations to fluid flow problems.
- 3. Explain the concept of discretization.
- 4. Solve simple algorithms for incompressible fluid flow.
- 5. Apply the different applications of fluid flow problems.

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION: Computational Fluid Dynamics as a Research and Design Tool, Applications of Computational Fluid Dynamics Governing Equations of Fluid Dynamics: Introduction, Control Volume, Substantial Derivative, Divergence of Velocity, Continuity Equation, Momentum Equation and Energy Equation

UNIT – II

MATHEMATICAL BEHAVIOR OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS: Introduction, Classification of Quasi-Linear Partial Differential Equations, Eigen Value Method, Hyperbolic Equations, Parabolic Equations, Elliptic Equations

UNIT – III

BASICS ASPECTS OF DISCRETIZATION: Introduction, Introduction of Finite Differences, Difference Equations, Explicit and Implicit Approaches, Errors and Stability Analysis, Grid Generation Incompressible Fluid Flow: Introduction, Implicit Crank-Nicholson Technique, Pressure Correction Method, SIMPLE and SIMPLER algorithms, Computation of Boundary Layer Flow.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

HEAT TRANSFER: Finite Difference Applications in Heat conduction and Convention – Heat conduction, steady heat conduction, in a rectangular geometry, transient heat conduction, Finite difference application in convective heat transfer

UNIT- V

TURBULENCE MODELS: Algebraic Models – One equation model, $K - \varepsilon$ Models, Standard and High and Low Reynolds number models, Prediction of fluid flow and heat transfer using standard.

Text Books:

- 1. John D. Anderson, Computational Fluid Dynamics Basics with Applications, Second Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1995.
- 2. Suhas V. Patankar, Numerical Heat Transfer and Fluid Flow, Second Series, Butter worth Publishers, 1980

References:

- 1. Frank Chorlton, Text Book of Fluid Dynamics, CBS Publishers, 2005.
- 2. T.K. Sengupta, Fundamentals of Computational Fluid Dynamics, University Press, 2012.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

3 - - 3

17ACE63 DISASTER MANAGEMENT

(**OPEN ELECTIVE - II)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the features of disasters, disaster preparedness and mitigation measures
- 2. Identify role of IT, remote sensing, GIS and GPS in risk reduction
- 3. Interpret disaster management acts and guidelines along with role of various stack-holders during disasters
- 4. Relate various plans and guidelines of Govt. of India to engineering practice
- 5. Develop Medical and Psycho-Social Response to Disasters

UNIT-I: Understanding Disasters

Understanding the Concepts and definitions of Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Risk, Capacity – Disaster and Development, and disaster management.

UNIT-II: Types, Trends, Causes, Consequences and Control of Disasters

Geological Disasters (earthquakes, landslides, tsunami, mining); Hydro-Meteorological Disasters (floods, cyclones, lightning, thunder-storms, hail storms, avalanches, droughts, cold and heat waves); Biological Disasters (epidemics, pest attacks, forest fire); Technological Disasters (chemical, industrial, radiological, nuclear) and Manmade Disasters (building collapse, rural and urban fire, road and rail accidents, nuclear, radiological, chemicals and biological disasters).

UNIT-III: Disaster Management Cycle and Framework

Disaster Management Cycle – Paradigm Shift in Disaster Management Pre-Disaster – Risk Assessment and Analysis, Risk Mapping, zonation and Microzonation, Prevention and Mitigation of Disasters, Early Warning System; Preparedness, Capacity Development; Awareness During Disaster – Evacuation – Disaster Communication – Search and Rescue – Emergency Operation Centre – Incident Command System – Relief and Rehabilitation – Postdisaster – Damage and Needs Assessment, Restoration of Critical Infrastructure – Early

Recovery – Reconstruction and Redevelopment; IDNDR, Yokohama Strategy, Hyogo Framework of Action.

UNIT-IV: Disaster Management in India

Disaster Profile of India – Mega Disasters of India and Lessons Learnt Disaster Management Act 2005 – Institutional and Financial Mechanism National Policy on Disaster Management, National Guidelines and Plans on Disaster Management; Role of Government (local, state and national), Non-Government and Inter-Governmental Agencies.

UNIT-V: Applications of Science and Technology for Disaster Management

Geo-informatics in Disaster Management (RS, GIS, GPS and RS), Disaster Communication System (Early Warning and Its Dissemination), Land Use Planning and Development Regulations, Disaster Safe Designs and Constructions, Structural and Non Structural Mitigation of Disasters, S&T Institutions for Disaster Management in India.

Text Books:

- 1. Disaster Management Act 2005, Published by Govt. of India, Universal Law Publishing Co.Pvt.Ltd.
- 2.Encyclopedia of disaster management, Vol I, II and IIIL Disaster management policy and administration, S L Goyal, Deep & Deep, New Delhi, 2006.
- 3. Management of Natural Disasters in developing countries, H.N. Srivastava & G.D. Gupta, Daya Publishers, Delhi, 2006.

Reference Books:

1. Publications of National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) on Various Templates and Guidelines for

Disaster Management.

- 2. National Disaster Management Policy, 2009, GoI.
- 3. Satapathy S. Psychosocial care in Disaster management, A training of trainers manual (ToT), NIDM publication, 2009.
- 4. Taori, K, Disaster Management through Panchayati Raj, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2005.
- 5. Roy, P.S. Space Technology for Disaster management: A Remote Sensing & GIS Perspective, Indian Institute of Remote Sensing (NRSA) Dehradun, 2000.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C

3 - - 3

17AAT26 SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

(**OPEN ELECTIVE - II)

Outcomes

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply concepts of SCM, with inventory management, application of IT tools, logistic management, and emerging trends.
- 2. Apply SCM tools to identify solutions to industry.
- 3. Identify the optimum solutions with system approach to both industry and service sector.
- 4. Judge the advanced software tools for decision making with available sources for cost reduction and profit maximization with society concern.
- 5. Develop a team and play a key role in decision making with interpretation skills for all round development of organization.

UNIT - I

Introduction to SCM

Supply Chain - Definition, Objectives; Global optimization, Importance of Supply Chain Decisions, Decision Phases in a Supply Chain and Importance of supply chain. SCM and objectives of SCM; Competitive and Supply Chain Strategies; Achieving Strategic fit, Obstacles to achieve strategic fit. Supply Chan Drivers - Inventory, Information, Transportation

and Facilities

UNIT - II

Inventory Management in SCM

Economic lot size model, Effect of demand uncertainty, Risk pooling, centralized and decentralized system, Managing inventory in the supply chain, Distribution Channel Management, Distribution Resource Planning

UNIT - III

Value of information

Bullwhip effect, Information and supply chain technology, Supply chain integration- push, Pull and push-pull system, Demand driven strategies, Role of Information Technology in SCM - Impact of internet on SCM, DSS for SCM - Goals, Standardization and Infrastructure.

UNIT - IV

Designing And Planning Transportation Networks

The role of transportation in a Supply chain, Modes of transportation and their performance characteristics, Transportation infrastructure and policies, Design options for a transportation network, Trade-offs in transportation design, tailored transportation,

UNIT - V

International & Contemporary issues in SCM

Demand and Supply planning, Mass customization, Global issues and Outsourcing problems,

aligning the Supply Chain with Business Strategy - SCOR Model, Third party logistics; Retailer-

Supplier Partnership, Distributors integration, Supply Chain Management Metrics, Emerging

trends in SCM

Text Books:

- 1. Sunil Chopra & Peter Meindl, Supply Chain Management strategy, Planning & Operation, 4th Edition, Pearson Education Asia.
- 2. Janat Shah, Supply Chain Management, Pearson, 1st edition 2009.

Reference Books:

- 1. Thomas E Vollman and Clay Whybark D, Manufacturing Planning and Control for SupplyChain Management, Tata McGraw Hill, Fifth Edition, New Delhi, 2005
- 2. Simchi Levi Davi, Kaminsky Philip and Simchi-Levi Edith, Designing and Managing the Supply Chain, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 3rd edition 2007.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	P08	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C 3 - - 3

17AEC58 MECHATRONICS (**OPEN ELECTIVE - II)

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the concept and usage of multi engineering systems.
- 2. Use various sensors, actuators, microprocessors and feedback devices

3. Distinguish the traditional actuators, feedback and control systems with the modern technologies.

4.Design a mechatronic system for real time applications.

UNIT-I

Mechatronics Systems – Elements & levels of mechatronics system, Mechatronics design process, system, measurement systems, control systems, advantages and disadvantages of mechatronics systems. Sensors and transducers, types, displacement, position, proximity, velocity, motion, force, acceleration, torque, fluid pressure, liquid flow, liquid level, temperature and light sensors

UNIT-II

Signal Conditioning- signal conditioning, operational amplifiers, protection, filtering.

Digital Electronics And Systems- Digital logic control, micro processors and micro controllers, programming, process controllers, programmable logic controllers-structure, I/O processing, PLCs versus computers, application of PLCs for control.

UNIT-III

Hydraulic And Pneumatic Actuating Systems – Fluid systems, Hydraulic systems, and pneumatic systems, components, control valves, electro- pneumatic, hydro-pneumatic, electro-hydraulic servo systems. Mechanical actuating systems and electrical actuating systems – basic principles and elements.

UNIT-IV

System And Interfacing And Data Acquisition – Data Acquisition Systems, Analog to Digital and Digital to Analog conversions, Digital Signal Processing – data flow in DSPs, block diagrams, typical layouts, Interfacing motor drives.

UNIT -V

Mechatronic System Design - Design process-stages of design process – Traditional and Mechatronics design concepts – Case studies of Mechatronics systems – Pick and place Robot – Engine Management system – Automatic car park barrier.

Text Books:

- 1. W. Bolton, Mechatronics Electronics Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Pearson Education Press, 3rd Edition, 2005.
- 2. Nadovich.C, -Synthetic Instruments Concepts and Applications I. Elsevier, 2005

References :

- 1. Richard C.Dorf and Robert H.Bishop, Modern Control Systems, 12th Edition, Pearson, 2014.
- 2. Benjamin C.Kuo and FaridGolnaraghi, Automatic Control System, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2016.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
C01	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C 3 - - 3

17ACS57 INTRODUCTION TO IOT (**OPEN ELECTIVE - II) (Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the vision of IoT from the global context.
- 2. Determine the market perspective of IoT
- 3. Use of devices, gateways and data management in IoT
- 4. Design the state of Architecture for IoT

UNIT-I

INTRODUCTION AND CONCEPTS: Introduction to Internet of Things - Physical Design of IoT- Logical Design of IoT – IoT Enabling Technologies – IoT levels & Deployment Templates.
Domain Specific IoTs: Introduction – Home Automation – Cities - Environment – Energy – Retail- Logistics – Agriculture - Industry- Health & Lifestyle.

UNIT-II

IOT AND M2M: Introduction – M2M- Difference between IoT and M2M- SDN and NFV for IoT- IoT System management with NETCONF-YANG - Need for IoT Systems Management – Simple network Management protocol(SNMP) – Network operator requirements, NETCONF-YANG- IOT systems management with NETCONF-YANG – NETOPEER.

UNIT-III

DEVELOPING INTERNET OF THINGS: IoT Platforms Design Metholodogy -Introduction, IoT Design Metholodogy- Case Study on IoT System for Weather Monitoring – Motivation for Using Python –Iot Systems-logical Design

UNIT-IV

Python-installing Python, Python Data Types &Data Structures, Control flow, functions-Modules-Packages-File Handling-Data/Time Operations-Classes-Python Packages of Interest for IoT.

UNIT-V

IOT PHYSICAL SERVERS & CLOUD OFFERINGS: Introduction to Cloud Storage Models & Communication APIs-WAMP-AutoBahn for IoT- Xively Cloud for IoT- Python Web Application Framework-Django-Designing a RESTful Web API-Amazon Web services for IoT-SkyNet IoT Messaging Platform.

Text books

1. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay MadisettilInternet of Thingsl, A HANDS-ON- APPROACH, Universities Press.

Reference books:

1. Adrian Mcewen, Hakin Cassimally," Designing The Internet of Things", EILEY Publications, 2015

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

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3 - 3

17ACS55 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (**OPEN ELECTIVE - II)

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

1. Explain basic concepts of AI and Intelligent Agents.

2. Evaluate Searching techniques for problem solving in AI.

3. Apply First-order Logic and chaining techniques for problem solving.

4. Apply knowledge representation techniques for problem solving.

5. Use supervised, Unsupervised learning and Neural Networks for solving problems in AI.

Unit – I

Introduction: What Is AI, the Foundations of Artificial Intelligence, The History of Artificial Intelligence, The State of the Art

Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environments, Good Behavior: The Concept of Rationality, The Nature of Environments, And The Structure of Agents

Unit – II

Solving Problems by Searching: Problem-Solving Agents, Uninformed Search Strategies, Informed (Heuristic) Search Strategies, Heuristic Functions

Beyond Classical Search: Local Search Algorithms and Optimization Problems, Searching with Nondeterministic Actions and Partial Observations, Online Search Agents and Unknown Environments **Constraint Satisfaction Problems:** Definition, Constraint Propagation, Backtracking Search, Local Search, The Structure of Problems

Unit – III

Logical Agents: Knowledge-Based Agents, Propositional Logic, Propositional Theorem Proving, Effective Propositional Model Checking, Agents Based on Propositional Logic

First-Order Logic: Syntax and Semantics, Knowledge Engineering in FOL, Inference in FirstOrder Logic, Unification and Lifting, Forward Chaining, Backward Chaining, Resolution

Unit – IV

Planning: Definition, Algorithms, Planning Graphs, Hierarchical Planning, Multiagent Planning **Knowledge Representation:** Ontological Engineering, Categories and Objects, Events,

MentalEvents and Mental Objects, Reasoning Systems for Categories, Reasoning with Default Information, The Internet Shopping World

Unit – V

Learning from Examples: Forms of Learning, Supervised Learning, Learning Decision Trees, Evaluating and Choosing the Best Hypothesis, The Theory of Learning, Regression and Classification with Linear Models, Artificial NeuralNetworks.

Expert Systems Architectures: Rule Based System Architecture, Non Production System Architecture, Knowledge System Building Tools.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, 3rd edition, Pearson, Russel S, Norvig P, Education, 2010.
- 2. Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, Dan W. Patterson ,PHI, New Delhi, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Artificial Intelligence, 3rd edition, Rich E, Knight K, Nair S B, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009.
- 2.Artificial Intelligence: Structures and Strategies for Complex problem solving, 6th edition, Luger George F, Pearson Education, 2009
- 3. Minds and Computers An Introduction to the Philosophy of Artificial Intelligence, Carter M, Edinburgh University Press, 2007.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C - - 3 1.5

17AME59 HEAT TRANSFER LAB

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Distinguish between basic modes of heat transfer, steady and unsteady state heat transfer, forced and free convection, phase change processes, types of heat exchangers, and basic laws of radiation.
- 2. Infer expressions for heat transfer systems and illustrate the application of heat transfer systems for real life problems.
- 3.Solve industry problems with advanced technologies in the domain of thermal systems with optimal resources for minimum total cost and environment friendly.
- 4. Judge the best solution for heat transfer system involving attainment of long-term goals withsystem integration and synergy.
- 5. Develop a team for decision making in thermal systems with managerial skills and knowledge tofulfill social obligations and customer satisfaction.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Study of Two Phase flow.
- 2. Thermal conductivity of insulating powder material through Concentric Sphere Apparatus.
- 3. Thermal conductivity of insulating material through lagged pipe apparatus
- 4. Overall heat transfer co-efficient through Composite Slab Apparatus
- 5. Thermal Conductivity of metal (conductor).
- 6. Heat transfer in pin-fin.
- 7. Experiment on Transient Heat Conduction.
- 8. Heat transfer coefficient in forced convection.
- 9. Heat transfer coefficient in natural convection.
- 10. Experiment on Parallel and counter flow heat exchanger.
- 11. Heat transfer in drop and film wise condensation.
- 12. Experiment on Critical Heat flux apparatus.
- 13. Study of heat pipe and its demonstration.

- 14. Experiment on Stefan Boltzmann Apparatus.
- 15. Emissivity of a gray body through Emissivity apparatus.

NOTE:

- 1. Heat transfer data books are permitted in the examination.
- 2. Minimum of 12 Experiments need to be performed.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C - - 3 1.5

17AME60 CAE/CIM LAB

(Common to ME & AT)

Outcomes:

- After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
- 1. Apply the concepts of FEM to solve complex of industrial problems.
- 2. Design the different types of geometry models as a team to take up projects.
- 3. Combine the Structural, Thermal & Fluid flow Analysis problems to promote the higher learning and research.

4. Apply the concepts in NC technology for milling and turning operations to solve complex industrial problems. Use CAE and CAM advanced software to serve mankind.

5. Construct the simple robotic components to promote research.

List of Experiments

Analysis:

1. Structural Analysis of beam and bar using in ANSYS Workbench using 3D Method.

- 2. Structural Analysis of truss using in ANSYS Workbench using 3D Method.
- 3. Thermal Analysis using ANSYS Workbench in ANSYS Workbench Using 3D Method.
- 4. Fluid Flow Analysis using ANSYS CFD

CIM

To generate CNC manual programming for Turning operations-

- 5. Facing cycle, Step Turning cycle, Taper turning cycle
- 6. Threading cycle, Drilling cycle
- 7. Grooving cycle, Linear & circular interpolation

To generate CNC manual programming for Vertical milling operations -

- 8. Engraving of letters
- 9. Mirroring
- 10. Rotation

To operate the pick and place robot using program

- 11. Single Pick and Place
- 12. Cyclic Pick and Place

NOTE: Minimum of 10 Exercises need to be performed.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3
CO5	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	3

IV B.Tech – I Semester

L T P C - - 2 1

17AME61 MINI PROJECT

Course Outcomes:

- 1. After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:
- 2. Discover potential research areas in the field of Mechanical Engineering.
- 3. Compare and contrast the several existing solutions for the problems identified.
- 4. Formulate and propose a plan for creating a solution for the research plan identified.
- 5. Develop modified/new system as a team and interpret/analyse the results.
- 6. Report and present the findings of the work performed.

	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

IV B. Tech – II Sem

L T P C 3 1 0 3

17AME56

OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES

(*Professional Elective - V)

(COMMON TO ME, CE & EEE)

Outcomes:

After completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Summarize various LPP,TPP, AP, sequencing, replacement, game theory, project management, queuing models of operations Research.
- 2. Illustrate the application of OT models to identify solutions to industry.
- 3. Identify the optimum solutions with system approach to both industry and service sector.
- 4. Judge the advanced software tools for decision making with available sources for cost reduction and profit maximization with society concern.

UNIT I

Development – definition – characteristics and phases – types of Operations Research models – applications – limitations.

Linear Programming and its Applications: Linear Programming Problem – Graphical solution of LP Problems. Simplex method – artificial variables techniques - Two phase method,- Big M method.

UNIT II

Transportation: Introduction – Methods of basic feasible solution, Optimality test, Degeneracy in transportation problem, unbalanced transportation Problem, --

Assignment problem – Introduction – un-balanced model -- optimal solution – Hungarian method, - un-balanced assignment problems- travelling salesman problem.

UNIT III

Theory of Games: Introduction – mini, max (max, mini) – criterion and optimal strategy-- to solve the rectangular two person zero sum games, solution of rectangular games in terms of mixed strategies, solution of 2x2 games without saddle point, solution of a two person zero sum 2Xn game, Graphical method for 2Xn and nX2 games.

Replacement: Introduction – replacement of items that deteriorate with time – when money value is not counted and counted – replacement of items that fail completely, group replacement.

UNIT IV

Waiting lines: Introduction, single channel, Poisson arrival, exponential service time with finite population and infinite population –

Simulation Definition – types of simulation models – phases of simulation – application of simulation – inventory and queuing problems – merits and demerits -- simulation languages.

UNIT V

Project Management by PERT/CPM: Introduction, simple network techniques, construction rules of drawing, Fulkerson's rules, **Critical path method (CPM)-** floats, critical path, project duration,

PERT: Introduction, different Time estimates, expected time, variance, expected project duration and probability of completion.

Text Books

Taha, Introduction to Operations Research, New Delhi, 8thEdition, Printice Hall International Publisher, 2006.
 A.M. Natarajan, P. Blalsubramani & A Tamilarasi, Operations Research, New Delhi. 1st Edition, Pearson Publishers, 2005.

Reference Books

- 1. Hiller & Liberman, Introduction to Operations Research, Noida RC, 8th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill publication, 2009.
- 2. R. Panneerselvam, Operations Research, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall International Publisher, 2006.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – II Semester

17AME63 WELDING TECHNOLOGY

(*Professional Elective - V)

L T P C

3 1 - 3

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Select gas and arc welding processes
- 2. Apply resistance welding.
- 3. Select suitable solid state welding processes
- 4. Design weld joints

UNIT I : GAS AND ARC WELDING PROCESSES

Fundamental Principles – Air Acetylene Welding, Oxyacetylene Welding, Carbon Arc Welding, Shielded Metal Arc Welding, Submerged Arc Welding, TIG & MIG Welding, Plasma Arc Welding And Electroslag Welding Processes – Advantages, Limitations And Applications.

UNIT II : RESISTANCE WELDING PROCESSES

Spot Welding, Seam Welding, Projection Welding, Resistance Butt Welding, Flash Butt Welding, Percussion Welding And High Frequency Resistance Welding Processes – Advantages, Limitations And Applications.

UNIT III : SOLID STATE WELDING PROCESSES

Cold Welding, Diffusion Bonding, Explosive Welding, Ultrasonic Welding, Friction Welding, Forge Welding, Roll Welding And Hot Pressure Welding Processes – Advantages, Limitations And Applications.

UNIT IV : OTHER WELDING PROCESSES

Thermit Welding, Atomic Hydrogen Welding, Electron Beam Welding, Laser Beam Welding, Friction Stir Welding, Under Water Welding, Welding Automation In Aerospace, Nuclear And Surface Transport Vehicles.

UNIT V : DESIGN OF WELD JOINTS, WELDABILITY AND TESTING OF WELDMENTS

Various Weld Joint Designs – Weldability Of Aluminium, Copper, And Stainless Steels. Destructive And Non Destructive Testing Of Weldments. TOTAL : 45 HOURS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Parmer R.S., -Welding Engineering And Technology ||, 1st Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2008.

2.Richard L.Little, Welding and welding Technology, Mc Graw Hill.Education (India) Pvt Ltd-2001

REFERENCES:

1. Schwartz M.M. —Metals Joining Manuall. Mc Graw Hill Books, 1979.

2. Tylecote R.F. – The Solid Phase Welding Of Metals^{II}. Edward Arnold Publishers Ltd. London, 1968.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – II Semester

17AME66 DESIGN OF JIG, FIXTURES AND PRESS TOOLS

(*Professional Elective - V)

(Common to ME, AT)

L T P C 3 1 - 3

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Design jigs, fixtures and press tools.
- 2. Develop required views of the final design
- 3. Define press working terminologies and elements of cutting dies
- 4. Design bending and drawing dies
- 5. Apply different forming techniques

UNIT I : LOCATING AND CLAMPING PRINCIPLES:

Objectives Of Tool Design- Function And Advantages Of Jigs And Fixtures – Basic Elements – Principles Of Location – Locating Methods And Devices – Redundant Location – Principles Of Clamping – Mechanical Actuation – Pneumatic And Hydraulic Actuation Standard Parts – Drill Bushes And Jig Buttons – Tolerances And Materials Used.

UNIT II : JIGS AND FIXTURES

Design And Development Of Jigs And Fixtures For Given Component- Types Of Jigs – Post, Turnover, Channel, Latch, Box, Pot, Angular Post Jigs – Indexing Jigs – General Principles Of Milling, Lathe, Boring, Broaching And Grinding Fixtures – Assembly, Inspection And Welding Fixtures – Modular Fixturing Systems- Quick Change Fixtures.

UNIT III : PRESS WORKING TERMINOLOGIES AND ELEMENTS OF CUTTING DIES

Press Working Terminologies – Operations – Types Of Presses – Press Accessories – Computation Of Press Capacity – Strip Layout – Material Utilization – Shearing Action – Clearances – Press Work Materials – Center Of Pressure- Design Of Various Elements Of Dies – Die Block – Punch Holder, Die Set, Guide Plates – Stops – Strippers – Pilots – Selection Of Standard Parts – Design And Preparation Of Four Standard Views Of Simple Blanking, Piercing, Compound And Progressive Dies.

UNIT IV : BENDING AND DRAWING DIES

Difference Between Bending And Drawing – Blank Development For Above Operations – Types Of Bending Dies – Press Capacity – Spring Back – Knockouts – Direct And Indirect – Pressure Pads – Ejectors – Variables Affecting Metal Flow In Drawing Operations – Draw Die Inserts – Draw Beads- Ironing – Design And Development Of Bending, Forming, Drawing, Reverse Redrawing And Combination Dies – Blank Development For Axisymmetric, Rectangular And Elliptic Parts – Single And Double Action Dies.

UNIT V : OTHER FORMING TECHNIQUES

Bulging, Swaging, Embossing, Coining, Curling, Hole Flanging, Shaving And Sizing, Assembly, Fine Blanking Dies – Recent Trends In Tool Design- Computer Aids For Sheet Metal Forming Analysis – Basic Introduction – Tooling For Numerically Controlled Machines- Setup Reduction For Work Holding – Single Minute Exchange Of Dies – Poka Yoke.

Note: (Use Of P S G Design Data Book Is Permitted In The University Examination)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Joshi, P.H. –Jigs And Fixtures^{II}, Second Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co., Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.

2. Joshi P.H - Press Tools - Design And Construction I, Wheels Publishing, 1996

REFERENCES:

1. Venkataraman. K., -Design Of Jigs Fixtures & Press Tools^{II}, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.

2. Donaldson, Lecain And Goold -Tool Design^{II}, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2000.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – II Semester

17AME67 FOUNDRY TECHNOLOGY

(*Professional Elective - V)

(Common to ME, AT)

L T P C 3 1 - 3

Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain variables and complexity involved in producing a casting.
- 2. Select type of furnace required for any specific casting problem and design thepattern requirement.
- 3. Select the type of sand, for molds and cores as well as the moldingprocess.
- 4. Explain special molding processes and when their use is warranted.

UNIT-1

Introduction: Introduction to casting process and the steps involved; Components produced by casting process, Comparison of metal casting with metal joining, Advantages and limitations of casting process: Overview of the industry Solidification of metals: Introduction, freezing of pure metals; Nucleation and Growth, shrinkage, solidification of alloys; dendritic growth and segregation; shrinkage in alloys; Alloys freezing in two stages; solidification process in eutectic and non-eutectic alloys.

UNIT-2

Foundry Furnaces: Types of foundry furnaces – crucible, pot reverberatory and furnace; Cupola; Electric arc furnace. Induction furnace. Patterns and pattern making: Definition, functions; Materials used for patterns, pattern allowances and their significance; Classification of patterns; BIS colour coding of patterns, Core boxes. .

UNIT-3

Sand molding: Types and requirements of base sand; Binders and additives used – types and properties; Molding tools and equipment – hand molding tools, molding machines – Jolt type, squeeze type, Jolt and Squeeze type and Sand slinger; Cores – types, core prints, core venting and baking, core shifting and chaplets, method of making cores, binders used, core sand molding; Gating systems – principles and types of gates and risers, gating ratios and chills, riser location and design in actual casting; Molding processes – bench molding, floor molding, pit molding, stack molding, green sand molding, dry sand molding, loam molding, machine molding

UNIT-4

Special Molding Processes: Study of important molding processes, No bake molds, Flask less molds, Sweep mold, CO2 mold, Shell mold, Investment mold. Metal Molds: Gravity die casting, Pressure die casting, Centrifugal casting, Squeeze casting, Slush casting, Thixo-casting, Continuous casting.Non-metal molding, Plaster and Ceramic molding; Expandable pattern mold casting. Finishing processes: Fettling and cleaning of castings; removal of gates and risers, grinding. Non-Ferrous Foundry practice: Casting of Al-Si and Al-Mg alloys, Cu-base casting alloys.

UNIT

Foundry Practices of Cast Irons, Steels, Inspection and Testing of Castings: Foundry practice for cast irons – gray iron, white cast iron; Ductile iron, malleable iron, SG iron, Steel castings – steel melting in the foundry; Metallurgy of cast steel; Casting design considerations; Inspection and testing of castings: Defects in castings – types, causes and remedies; Inspection and non-destructive testing of castings. Modernization and mechanization of foundry; Material handling; Pollution control in foundry; Application of computers in casting process; Software available for casting process simulation.

TEXT BOOKS:

1.R.A.Flinn, -Fundamentals of Metal casting||, Addison Wesley, 1963.

2.R.W. Heine, C.R.Loper & P.C. Rosenthal, -Principles of Metal casting^{II}, Tata McGraw Hill, 2001.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1.R.A. Lindberg, -Processes and Materials for Manufacturing||, 4th Ed, Pearson Education, 2006.

2.P.N.Rao, -Manufacturing Technology: Foundry, forming and welding||, 3rd Ed., Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

5

IV B.Tech – II Semester

17AME68 MAINTENANCE ENGINEERING

(Common To ME & AT) (*Professional Elective - V)

L T P C 3 1 - 3

Outcomes

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply principles and practices of maintenance planning
- 2. Explain basics of maintenance policies preventive maintenance
- 3. Select on-load testing and offload testing
- 4. Choose appropriate repair methods for basic machine elements
- 5. Apply the knowledge in repair methods for material handling equipment

UNIT I

PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES OF MAINTENANCE PLANNING

Basic Principles of maintenance planning – Objectives and principles of planned maintenance activity – Importance and benefits of sound Maintenance systems – Reliability and machine availability – MTBF, MTTR and MWT – Factors of availability – Maintenance organization – Maintenance economics.

UNIT II

MAINTENANCE POLICIES – PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Maintenance categories – Comparative merits of each category – Preventive maintenance, maintenance schedules, repair cycle - Principles and methods of lubrication – TPM.

UNIT III

CONDITION MONITORING

Condition Monitoring – Cost comparison with and without CM – On-load testing and offload testing – Methods and instruments for CM – Temperature sensitive tapes – Pistol thermometers – wear-debris analysis

UNIT IV

REPAIR METHODS FOR BASIC MACHINE ELEMENTS

Repair methods for beds, slide ways, spindles, gears, lead screws and bearings – Failure analysis – Failures and their development – Logical fault location methods – Sequential fault location.

UNIT V

REPAIR METHODS FOR MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIPMENT

Repair methods for Material handling equipment - Equipment records –Job order systems -Use of computers in maintenance.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gupta A. K., Reliability, Maintenance and Safety Engineering, University Science Press, New Delhi, 2009.

- 2. Rao S. S., Reliability-Based Design, McGraw-Hill, Inc, New York, 1992.
- 3. Srivastava S. K., Maintenance Engineering and Management, S. Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1998.
- 4. Venkataraman, Maintenance Engineering and Management, Prentic-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.

Reference Books:

- 1. Davies, Handbook of Condition Monitoring, Chapman & Hall, 1996.
- 2. Garg M. R., Industrial Maintenance, S. Chand & Co., 1986.
- 3. Higgins L. R., Maintenance Engineering Hand book, McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 1988.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – II Semester

17AME69 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY AND PATENT RIGHTS

(*Professional Elective - VI)

(Common to ME, AT)

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	-	3

OUTCOME:

Manage Intellectual Property portfolio to enhance the value of the firm.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION

Introduction to IPRs, Basic concepts and need for Intellectual Property – Patents, Copyrights, Geographical Indications, IPR in India and Abroad – Genesis and Development – the way from WTO to WIPO –TRIPS, Nature of Intellectual Property, Industrial Property, technological Research, Inventions and Innovations – Important examples of IPR.

UNIT II REGISTRATION OF IPRs

Meaning and practical aspects of registration of Copy Rights, Trademarks, Patents, Geographical Indications, Trade Secrets and Industrial Design registration in India and Abroad

UNIT III AGREEMENTS AND LEGISLATIONS

International Treaties and Conventions on IPRs, TRIPS Agreement, PCT Agreement, Patent Act of India, Patent Amendment Act, Design Act, Trademark Act, Geographical Indication Act.

UNIT IV DIGITAL PRODUCTS AND LAW

Digital Innovations and Developments as Knowledge Assets – IP Laws, Cyber Law and Digital Content Protection – Unfair Competition – Meaning and Relationship between Unfair Competition and IP Laws – Case Studies.

UNIT V ENFORCEMENT OF IPRs

Infringement of IPRs, Enforcement Measures, Emerging issues - Case Studies.

TEXT BOOKS:

1.V. Scople Vinod, Managing Intellectual Property, Prentice Hall of India pvt Ltd, 20122.S. V. Satakar, —Intellectual Property Rights and Copy Rights, Ess Ess Publications, New Delhi, 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. Deborah E. Bouchoux, —Intellectual Property: The Law of Trademarks, Copyrights, Patents and Trade Secrets, Cengage Learning, Third Edition, 2012.

2. Prabuddha Ganguli,Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy, McGraw Hill Education, 2011.

IV B.Tech – II Semester

17AME70 UNCONVENTIONAL MACHINING PROCESS

(*Professional Elective - VI)

(Common to ME, AT)



Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate different unconventional machining processes and know the influence of difference process parameters on the performance and their applications.
- 2. Apply mechanical machining operations
- 3. Apply electrical machining operations
- 4. Apply chemical machining operations and its process parameters for industrial needs
- 5. Apply thermal machining operations to machine the various work pieces

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Unconventional machining Process - Need - classification - Brief overview .

UNIT II MECHANICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES

Abrasive Jet Machining – Water Jet Machining – Abrasive Water Jet Machining - Ultrasonic Machining.(AJM, WJM, AWJM and USM). Working Principles – equipment used – Process parameters – MRR- Applications.

UNIT III ELECTRICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES

Electric Discharge Machining (EDM)- working Principle-equipments-Process Parameters-Surface Finish and MRR- electrode / Tool – Power and control Circuits-Tool Wear – Dielectric – Flushing – Wire cut EDM – Applications.

UNIT IV CHEMICAL AND ELECTRO-CHEMICAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES

Chemical machining and Electro-Chemical machining (CHM and ECM)-Etchants – Maskant - techniques of applying maskants - Process Parameters – Surface finish and MRR-Applications. Principles of ECM- equipments-Surface Roughness and MRR Electrical circuit-Process Parameters- ECG and ECH - Applications.

UNIT V THERMAL ENERGY BASED PROCESSES

Laser Beam machining and drilling (LBM), plasma Arc machining (PAM) and Electron Beam Machining (EBM). Principles – Equipment –Types - Beam control techniques – Applications.

Text Books:

- 3. V.K. Jain, Advanced machining processes, Mumbai, 9th Edition, Allied publishers Pvt. Limited, 2003.
- 4. M.P. Groover, Fundamentals of Modern manufacturing, 4th Edition, John Wiley & sons Ltd, 2010.

References:

- 3. P.C. Pandey & H.S. Shah, Modern Machining Process, New Delhi, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 4. Kalpakjain, Manufacturing Technology, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, Pearson Publishers, 2012

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2
CO5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2

IV B.Tech – II Semester

17AME71 ENERGY MANAGEMENT

(*Professional Elective - VI)

(Common to ME, AT)



Outcomes :

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain concepts of Economic Analysis and Financial Management Objectives.
- 2. Select the best solution for problem solving in technical design, financing, contracting, implementation and performance monitoring.
- 3. Solve industry problems with monitoring and targeting, data and information analysis.
- 4. Judge the solutions to sustain customer in formulation of Energy Policy

UNIT I

Economic Analysis and Financial Management Objectives, Investment needs, appraisal and criteria, sources of funds. Anatomy of investment – Initial investment, Return on Investment, Economic life, Basic income equations. Tax considerations: Depreciation, types and methods of depreciation, Income tax Considerations. Financial analysis: Simple pay back period, Return on investment (ROI), Net Present value (NPV), Internal Rate of Return (IRR), and Annualized cost, Time value of money, Cash flows, Discounting, Inflation Risk and sensitivity analysis, financing options. Pros and cons of the common methods of analysis.

UNIT II

Project Management Definition and scope of project, technical design, financing, contracting, implementation and performance monitoring. Implementation plan for top management, Planning budget, Procurement procedures, construction, Measurements and verification

UNIT III

Energy Monitoring, Targeting Review and Evaluation Definition – Monitoring and targeting, elements of monitoring and targeting, data and information analysis, techniques energy consumption, production, cumulative sum of difference (CUSUM), Review and evaluation.

UNIT IV

Energy Policy Need for Energy Policy for Industries, Formulation of Policy by any industrial Unit, Implementation in Industries, National & State level Policies.

UNIT V

Energy Management –Case Studies Study of 4 to 6 cases of Successful Energy Management in Industries.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Energy Management: W.R.Murphy, G.Mckay (Butterworths).
- 2. Energy Management Principles: C.B.Smith (Pergamon Press).

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Efficient Use of Energy: I.G.C.Dryden (Butterworth Scientific)
- 2. Energy Economics A.V.Desai (Wieley Eastern)

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO2	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3
CO4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3

IV B.Tech – II Semester

17AME72 TRIBOLOGY

(*Professional Elective - VI)

(Common to ME, AT)

L T P C 3 1 - 3

.Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Design Friction, Wear And Lubrication
- 2. Identify Different Types Of Sliding & Rolling Friction, Wear And Related Theories
- 3. Distinguish Among The Different Lubricant Regime.
- 4. Select Materials For Bearing.

UNIT I : SURFACES AND FRICTION

Topography Of Engineering Surfaces- Contact Between Surfaces – Sources of Sliding Friction– Adhesion-Ploughing- Energy Dissipation Mechanisms Friction Characteristics of Metals – Friction of Non Metals. Friction of Lamellar Solids – Friction of Ceramic Materials And Polymers – Rolling Friction – Source of Rolling Friction – Stick Slip Motion – Measurement of Friction.

UNIT II : WEAR

Types Of Wear – Simple Theory Of Sliding Wear Mechanism Of Sliding Wear Of Metals – Abrasive Wear – Materials For Adhesive And Abrasive Wear Situations – Corrosive Wear – Surface Fatigue Wear Situations – Brittle Fracture – Wear – Wear Of Ceramics And Polymers – Wear Measurements.

UNIT III : LUBRICANTS AND LUBRICATION TYPES

Types And Properties Of Lubricants – Testing Methods – Hydrodynamic Lubrication – Elasto - Hydrodynamic Lubrication- Boundary Lubrication – Solid Lubrication- Hydrostatic Lubrication.

UNIT IV : FILM LUBRICATION THEORY

Fluid Film In Simple Shear – Viscous Flow Between Very Close Parallel Plates – Shear Stress Variation Reynolds Equation For Film Lubrication – High Speed Unloaded Journal Bearings – Loaded Journal Bearings – Reaction Torque On The Bearings – Virtual Co-Efficient Of Friction – The Sommer Field Diagram.

UNIT V : SURFACE ENGINEERING AND MATERIALS FOR BEARINGS

Surface Modifications – Transformation Hardening, Surface Fusion – Thermo Chemical Processes – Surface Coatings – Plating And Anodizing – Fusion Processes – Vapour Phase Processes – Materials For Rolling Element Bearings – Materials For Fluid Film Bearings – Materials For Marginally Lubricated And Dry Bearings.

TEXT BOOK:

1.A. Harnoy. -Bearing Design In Machinery -Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 2003.

REFERENCES:

M. M. Khonsari & E. R. Booser, -Applied Tribologyl, John Willey & Sons, New York, 2001.
 E. P. Bowden And Tabor.D., -Friction And Lubrication -, Heinemann Educational Books Ltd., 1974.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
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CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS)

IV B.Tech – II Semester

17AME73 ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT

(*Professional Elective - VI)

L	Т	Р	С
3	1	-	3

Outcomes:

Develop SkillsNeeded To Run A Business Successfully.

UNIT I : ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Entrepreneur – Types Of Entrepreneurs – Difference Between Entrepreneur And Intrapreneur Entrepreneurship In Economic Growth, Factors Affecting Entrepreneurial Growth.

UNIT II: MOTIVATION

Major Motives Influencing An Entrepreneur – Achievement Motivation Training, Self Rating, Business Games, Thematic Apperception Test – Stress Management, Entrepreneurship Development Programs – Need, Objectives.

UNIT III : BUSINESS

Small Enterprises – Definition, Classification – Characteristics, Ownership Structures – Project Formulation – Steps Involved In Setting Up A Business – Identifying, Selecting A Good Business Opportunity, Market Survey And Research, Techno Economic Feasibility Assessment – Preparation Of Preliminary Project Reports – Project Appraisal – Sources Of Information – Classification Of Needs And Agencies.

UNIT IV : FINANCING AND ACCOUNTING

Need – Sources Of Finance, Term Loans, Capital Structure, Financial Institution, Management Of Working Capital, Costing, Break Even Analysis, Taxation – Income Tax, Excise Duty – Sales Tax.

UNIT V: SUPPORT TO ENTREPRENEURS

Sickness In Small Business – Concept, Magnitude, Causes And Consequences, Corrective Measures – Business Incubators – Government Policy For Small Scale Enterprises – Growth Strategies In Small Industry – Expansion, Diversification, Joint Venture, Merger And Sub Contracting.

TEXTBOOKS :

1. Khanka. S.S., -Entrepreneurial Development S.Chand & Co. Ltd., Ram Nagar, New Delhi, 2013.

2. Donald F Kuratko, — Entreprenuership – Theory, Process And Practicel, 9th Edition, Cengage Learning 2014.

REFERENCES:

1. Hisrich R D, Peters M P, -Entrepreneurship 8th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2013.

2. Mathew J Manimala, -Enterprenuership Theory At Cross Roads: Paradigms And Praxis 2nd Edition Dream Tech, 2005.

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS)

IV B.Tech – II Semester

LTP C

- - - 2

17AME74 COMPREHENSIVE VIVA- VOCE

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Describe the basic concepts of manufacturing, design, thermal, and industrial engineering.
- 2. Select appropriate methods to solve the industrial problems.
- 3. Analyse and solve the real-world problem.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	3	3	3
CO 3	3	3	3	3					3	3		3	3	3

SRI VENKATESWARA COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS)

IV B.Tech – II Semester

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17AME75 PROJECT WORK

Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Discover potential research areas in the field of Mechanical Engineering.
- 2. Compare and contrast the several existing solutions for the problems identified.
- 3. Formulate and propose a plan for creating a solution for the research plan identified.
- 4. Conduct the experiments or design the parts or develop new system/material as a team and interpret/analyse the results.
- 5. Report and present the findings of the work performed.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	3	3	3
CO2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	3	3	3
CO3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
CO5	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3